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<p>(54) Title: HLA-BINDING PEPTIDES AND THEIR USES</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>The present invention provides the means and methods for selecting immunogenic peptides and the immunogenic peptide compositions capable of specifically binding glycoproteins encoded by HLA allele and inducing T cell activation in T cells restricted by the allele. The peptides are useful to elicit an immune response against a desired antigen.</p>		

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## HLA BINDING PEPTIDES AND THEIR USES

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to compositions and methods for preventing, treating or diagnosing a number of pathological states such as viral diseases and cancers. In particular, it provides novel peptides capable of binding selected major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules and inducing an immune response.

MHC molecules are classified as either Class I or Class II molecules. Class II MHC molecules are expressed primarily on cells involved in initiating and sustaining immune responses, such as T lymphocytes, B lymphocytes, macrophages, etc. Class II MHC molecules are recognized by helper T lymphocytes and induce proliferation of helper T lymphocytes and amplification of the immune response to the particular immunogenic peptide that is displayed. Class I MHC molecules are expressed on almost all nucleated cells and are recognized by cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs), which then destroy the antigen-bearing cells. CTLs are particularly important in tumor rejection and in fighting viral infections.

The CTL recognizes the antigen in the form of a peptide fragment bound to the MHC class I molecules rather than the intact foreign antigen itself. The antigen must normally be endogenously synthesized by the cell, and a portion of the protein antigen is degraded into small peptide fragments in the cytoplasm. Some of these small peptides translocate into a pre-Golgi compartment and interact with class I heavy chains to facilitate proper folding and association with the subunit  $\beta 2$  microglobulin. The peptide-MHC class I complex is then routed to the cell surface for expression and potential recognition by specific CTLs.

Investigations of the crystal structure of the human MHC class I molecule, HLA-A2.1, indicate that a peptide binding groove is created by the folding of the  $\alpha 1$  and  $\alpha 2$  domains of the class I heavy chain (Bjorkman et al., *Nature* 329:506 (1987)). In these investigations, however, the identity of peptides bound to the groove was not determined.

Buus et al., *Science* 242:1065 (1988) first described a method for acid elution of bound peptides from MHC. Subsequently, Rammensee and his coworkers (Falk

et al., Nature 351:290 (1991) have developed an approach to characterize naturally processed peptides bound to class I molecules. Other investigators have successfully achieved direct amino acid sequencing of the more abundant peptides in various HPLC fractions by conventional automated sequencing of peptides eluted from class I molecules of the B type (Jardetzky, et al., Nature 353:326 (1991) and of the A2.1 type by mass spectrometry (Hunt, et al., Science 225:1261 (1992). A review of the characterization of naturally processed peptides in MHC Class I has been presented by Rötzschke and Falk (Rötzschke and Falk, Immunol. Today 12:447 (1991).

Sette et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:3296 (1989) showed that MHC allele specific motifs could be used to predict MHC binding capacity. Schaeffer et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:4649 (1989) showed that MHC binding was related to immunogenicity. Several authors (De Bruijn et al., Eur. J. Immunol., 21:2963-2970 (1991); Pamer et al., 991 Nature 353:852-955 (1991)) have provided preliminary evidence that class I binding motifs can be applied to the identification of potential immunogenic peptides in animal models. Class I motifs specific for a number of human alleles of a given class I isotype have yet to be described. It is desirable that the combined frequencies of these different alleles should be high enough to cover a large fraction or perhaps the majority of the human outbred population.

Despite the developments in the art, the prior art has yet to provide a useful human peptide-based vaccine or therapeutic agent based on this work. The present invention provides these and other advantages.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides compositions comprising immunogenic peptides having binding motifs for HLA molecules. The immunogenic peptides, which bind to the appropriate MHC allele, comprise conserved residues at certain positions which allow the peptides to bind desired HLA molecules.

Epitopes on a number of immunogenic target proteins can be identified using the peptides of the invention. Examples of suitable antigens include prostate cancer specific antigen (PSA), hepatitis B core and surface antigens (HBVc, HBVs) hepatitis C antigens, Epstein-Barr virus antigens, human immunodeficiency type-1 virus (HIV1), Kaposi's sarcoma herpes virus (KSHV), human papilloma virus (HPV) antigens, Lassa

virus, mycobacterium tuberculosis (MT), p53, CEA, trypanosome surface antigen (TSA) and Her2/neu. The peptides are thus useful in pharmaceutical compositions for both therapeutic and diagnostic applications.

In particular, the invention provides compositions comprising an immunogenic peptide having an HLA binding motif, which immunogenic peptide is a peptide shown in Tables 3-14. Also provided are peptides comprising a conservative substitution of a residue in a peptide shown in Table 3-14. The immunogenic peptide of the invention can be further linked to a second oligopeptide. In some embodiments, the second oligopeptide is a peptide that induces a helper T response.

The invention further provides nucleic acid molecules encoding immunogenic peptides as shown in Tables 3-14, or peptides comprising a conservative substitution of a residue of a peptide shown in Table 3-14. The nucleic acid may further comprise a sequence encoding a second immunogenic peptide or peptide that induces a helper T response.

The peptides provided here can be used to induce a cytotoxic T cell response either *in vivo* or *in vitro*. The methods comprise contacting a cytotoxic T cell with a peptide of the invention.

#### Definitions

The term "peptide" is used interchangeably with "oligopeptide" in the present specification to designate a series of residues, typically L-amino acids, connected one to the other typically by peptide bonds between the alpha-amino and carbonyl groups of adjacent amino acids. The oligopeptides of the invention are less than about 15 residues in length and usually consist of between about 8 and about 11 residues, preferably 9 or 10 residues.

An "immunogenic peptide" is a peptide which comprises an allele-specific motif such that the peptide will bind an MHC molecule and induce a CTL response. Immunogenic peptides of the invention are capable of binding to an appropriate HLA molecule and inducing a cytotoxic T cell response against the antigen from which the immunogenic peptide is derived.

Immunogenic peptides are conveniently identified using the algorithms of the invention. The algorithms are mathematical procedures that produce a score which

enables the selection of immunogenic peptides. Typically one uses the algorithmic score with a "binding threshold" to enable selection of peptides that have a high probability of binding at a certain affinity and will in turn be immunogenic. The algorithm is based upon either the effects on MHC binding of a particular amino acid at a particular position of a peptide or the effects on binding of a particular substitution in a motif containing peptide.

A "conserved residue" is an amino acid which occurs in a significantly higher frequency than would be expected by random distribution at a particular position in a peptide. Typically a conserved residue is one where the MHC structure may provide a contact point with the immunogenic peptide. At least one to three or more, preferably two, conserved residues within a peptide of defined length defines a motif for an immunogenic peptide. These residues are typically in close contact with the peptide binding groove, with their side chains buried in specific pockets of the groove itself. Typically, an immunogenic peptide will comprise up to three conserved residues, more usually two conserved residues.

As used herein, "negative binding residues" are amino acids which if present at certain positions will result in a peptide being a nonbinder or poor binder and in turn fail to be immunogenic i.e. induce a CTL response.

The term "motif" refers to the pattern of residues in a peptide of defined length, usually about 8 to about 11 amino acids, which is recognized by a particular MHC allele. The peptide motifs are typically different for each human MHC allele and differ in the pattern of the highly conserved residues and negative residues.

The binding motif for an allele can be defined with increasing degrees of precision. In one case, all of the conserved residues are present in the correct positions in a peptide and there are no negative residues in positions 1,3 and/or 7.

The phrases "isolated" or "biologically pure" refer to material which is substantially or essentially free from components which normally accompany it as found in its native state. Thus, the peptides of this invention do not contain materials normally associated with their *in situ* environment, e.g., MHC I molecules on antigen presenting cells. Even where a protein has been isolated to a homogenous or dominant band, there are trace contaminants in the range of 5-10% of native protein which co-purify with the desired protein. Isolated peptides of this invention do not contain such endogenous co-purified protein.

The term "residue" refers to an amino acid or amino acid mimetic incorporated in an oligopeptide by an amide bond or amide bond mimetic.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

5 The present invention relates to the determination of allele-specific peptide motifs for human Class I MHC (sometimes referred to as HLA) allele subtypes, in particular, peptide motifs recognized by HLA alleles.

For HLA-A2.1 alleles a peptide of 9 amino acids preferably has the following motif: a first conserved residue at the second position from the N-terminus selected from the group consisting of I, V, A and T and a second conserved residue at the C-terminal position selected from the group consisting of V, L, I, A and M. An alternate motif is one in which the first conserved residue at the second position from the N-terminus selected is from the group consisting of L, M, I, V, A and T and the second conserved residue at the C-terminal position selected from the group consisting of A and M. The amino acid at position 1 is preferably not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of D, and P. The amino acid at position 3 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of D, E, R, K and H. The amino acid at position 6 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K and H. The amino acid at position 7 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K, H, D and E.

20 The HLA-A2.1 binding motif for peptide of 10 residues is as follows: a first conserved residue at the second position from the N-terminus selected from the group consisting of L, M, I, V, A, and T, and a second conserved residue at the C-terminal position selected from the group consisting of V, I, L, A and M. The first and second conserved residues are separated by 7 residues. Preferably, the amino acid at position 1 is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of D, E and P. The N-terminal residue is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of D and E. The residue at position 4 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of A, K, R and H. The amino acid at position 5 from the N-terminus is not P. The amino acid at position 7 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K and H. The amino acid at position 8 from the N-terminus is not amino acid selected from the group consisting of D, E, R, K and H. The amino acid at position

9 from the N-terminus is not an amino acid selected from the group consisting of R, K and H.

5       The motif for HLA-A3.2 comprises from the N-terminus to C-terminus a first conserved residue of L, M, I, V, S, A, T and F at position 2 and a second conserved residue of K, R or Y at the C-terminal end. Other first conserved residues are C, G or D and alternatively E. Other second conserved residues are H or F. The first and second conserved residues are preferably separated by 6 to 7 residues.

10       The motif for HLA-A1 comprises from the N-terminus to the C-terminus a first conserved residue of T, S or M, a second conserved residue of D or E, and a third conserved residue of Y. Other second conserved residues are A, S or T. The first and second conserved residues are adjacent and are preferably separated from the third conserved residue by 6 to 7 residues. A second motif consists of a first conserved residue of E or D and a second conserved residue of Y where the first and second conserved residues are separated by 5 to 6 residues.

15       The motif for HLA-A11 comprises from the N-terminus to the C-terminus a first conserved residue of T, V, M, L, I, S, A, G, N, C D, or F at position 2 and a C-terminal conserved residue of K, R, Y or H. The first and second conserved residues are preferably separated by 6 or 7 residues.

20       The motif for HLA-A24.1 comprises from the N-terminus to the C-terminus a first conserved residue of Y, F or W at position 2 and a C terminal conserved residue of F, I, W, M or L. The first and second conserved residues are preferably separated by 6 to 7 residues.

25       These motifs are then used to define T cell epitopes from any desired antigen, particularly those associated with human viral diseases, cancers or autoimmune diseases, for which the amino acid sequence of the potential antigen or autoantigen targets is known.

30       Epitopes on a number of potential target proteins can be identified in this manner. Examples of suitable antigens include prostate specific antigen (PSA), hepatitis B core and surface antigens (HBVc, HBVs) hepatitis C antigens, Epstein-Barr virus antigens, melanoma antigens (e.g., MAGE-1), human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigens, human papilloma virus (HPV) antigens, Lassa virus, mycobacterium tuberculosis (MT), p53, CEA, trypanosome surface antigen (TSA) and Her2/neu.



Peptides comprising the epitopes from these antigens are synthesized and then tested for their ability to bind to the appropriate MHC molecules in assays using, for example, purified class I molecules and radioiodinated peptides and/or cells expressing empty class I molecules by, for instance, immunofluorescent staining and flow microfluorometry, peptide-dependent class I assembly assays, and inhibition of CTL recognition by peptide competition. Those peptides that bind to the class I molecule are further evaluated for their ability to serve as targets for CTLs derived from infected or immunized individuals, as well as for their capacity to induce primary in vitro or in vivo CTL responses that can give rise to CTL populations capable of reacting with virally infected target cells or tumor cells as potential therapeutic agents.

The MHC class I antigens are encoded by the HLA-A, B, and C loci. HLA-A and B antigens are expressed at the cell surface at approximately equal densities, whereas the expression of HLA-C is significantly lower (perhaps as much as 10-fold lower). Each of these loci have a number of alleles. The peptide binding motifs of the invention are relatively specific for each allelic subtype.

For peptide-based vaccines, the peptides of the present invention preferably comprise a motif recognized by an MHC I molecule having a wide distribution in the human population. Since the MHC alleles occur at different frequencies within different ethnic groups and races, the choice of target MHC allele may depend upon the target population. Table 1 shows the frequency of various alleles at the HLA-A locus products among different races. For instance, the majority of the Caucasoid population can be covered by peptides which bind to four HLA-A allele subtypes, specifically HLA-A2.1, A1, A3.2, and A24.1. Similarly, the majority of the Asian population is encompassed with the addition of peptides binding to a fifth allele HLA-A11.2.

TABLE 1

	<u>A Allele/Subtype</u>	<u>N(69)*</u>	<u>A(54)</u>	<u>C(502)</u>
5	A1	10.1(7)	1.8(1)	27.4(138)
	A2.1	11.5(8)	37.0(20)	39.8(199)
	A2.2	10.1(7)	0	3.3(17)
	A2.3	1.4(1)	5.5(3)	0.8(4)
	A2.4	-	-	-
10	A2.5	-	-	-
	A3.1	1.4(1)	0	0.2(0)
	A3.2	5.7(4)	5.5(3)	21.5(108)
	A11.1	0	5.5(3)	0
	A11.2	5.7(4)	31.4(17)	8.7(44)
15	A11.3	0	3.7(2)	0
	A23	4.3(3)	-	3.9(20)
	A24	2.9(2)	27.7(15)	15.3(77)
	A24.2	-	-	-
	A24.3	-	-	-
20	A25	1.4(1)	-	6.9(35)
	A26.1	4.3(3)	9.2(5)	5.9(30)
	A26.2	7.2(5)	-	1.0(5)
	A26V	-	3.7(2)	-
	A28.1	10.1(7)	-	1.6(8)
25	A28.2	1.4(1)	-	7.5(38)
	A29.1	1.4(1)	-	1.4(7)
	A29.2	10.1(7)	1.8(1)	5.3(27)
	A30.1	8.6(6)	-	4.9(25)
	A30.2	1.4(1)	-	0.2(1)
30	A30.3	7.2(5)	-	3.9(20)
	A31	4.3(3)	7.4(4)	6.9(35)
	A32	2.8(2)	-	7.1(36)
	Aw33.1	8.6(6)	-	2.5(13)
	Aw33.2	2.8(2)	16.6(9)	1.2(6)
35	Aw34.1	1.4(1)	-	-
	Aw34.2	14.5(10)	-	0.8(4)
	Aw36	5.9(4)	-	-

Table compiled from B. DuPont, Immunobiology of HLA, Vol. I, Histocompatibility Testing 1987, Springer-Verlag, New York 1989.

\* N - negroid; A = Asian; C = caucasoid. Numbers in parenthesis represent the number of individuals included in the analysis.

The nomenclature used to describe peptide compounds follows the conventional practice wherein the amino group is presented to the left (the N-terminus)

and the carboxyl group to the right (the C-terminus) of each amino acid residue. In the formulae representing selected specific embodiments of the present invention, the amino- and carboxyl-terminal groups, although not specifically shown, are in the form they would assume at physiologic pH values, unless otherwise specified. In the amino acid structure  
5 formulae, each residue is generally represented by standard three letter or single letter designations. The L-form of an amino acid residue is represented by a capital single letter or a capital first letter of a three-letter symbol, and the D-form for those amino acids having D-forms is represented by a lower case single letter or a lower case three letter symbol. Glycine has no asymmetric carbon atom and is simply referred to as "Gly" or G.

10 The procedures used to identify peptides of the present invention generally follow the methods disclosed in Falk et al., Nature 351:290 (1991), which is incorporated herein by reference. Briefly, the methods involve large-scale isolation of MHC class I molecules, typically by immunoprecipitation or affinity chromatography, from the appropriate cell or cell line. Examples of other methods for isolation of the desired MHC  
15 molecule equally well known to the artisan include ion exchange chromatography, lectin chromatography, size exclusion, high performance ligand chromatography, and a combination of all of the above techniques.

In the typical case, immunoprecipitation is used to isolate the desired allele. A number of protocols can be used, depending upon the specificity of the antibodies used.  
20 For example, allele-specific mAb reagents can be used for the affinity purification of the HLA-A, HLA-B<sub>1</sub>, and HLA-C molecules. Several mAb reagents for the isolation of HLA-A molecules are available. The monoclonal BB7.2 is suitable for isolating HLA-A2 molecules. Affinity columns prepared with these mAbs using standard techniques are successfully used to purify the respective HLA-A allele products.

25 In addition to allele-specific mAbs, broadly reactive anti-HLA-A, B, C mAbs, such as W6/32 and B9.12.1, and one anti-HLA-B, C mAb, B1.23.2, could be used in alternative affinity purification protocols as described in previous applications.

The peptides bound to the peptide binding groove of the isolated MHC molecules are eluted typically using acid treatment. Peptides can also be dissociated from  
30 class I molecules by a variety of standard denaturing means, such as heat, pH, detergents, salts, chaotropic agents, or a combination thereof.

Peptide fractions are further separated from the MHC molecules by reversed-phase high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) and sequenced. Peptides can be separated by a variety of other standard means well known to the artisan, including filtration, ultrafiltration, electrophoresis, size chromatography, precipitation with specific antibodies, ion exchange chromatography, isoelectrofocusing, and the like.

Sequencing of the isolated peptides can be performed according to standard techniques such as Edman degradation (Hunkapiller, M.W., *et al.*, Methods Enzymol. 91, 399 [1983]). Other methods suitable for sequencing include mass spectrometry sequencing of individual peptides as previously described (Hunt, *et al.*, Science 225:1261 (1992), which is incorporated herein by reference). Amino acid sequencing of bulk heterogenous peptides (e.g., pooled HPLC fractions) from different class I molecules typically reveals a characteristic sequence motif for each class I allele.

Definition of motifs specific for different class I alleles allows the identification of potential peptide epitopes from an antigenic protein whose amino acid sequence is known. Typically, identification of potential peptide epitopes is initially carried out using a computer to scan the amino acid sequence of a desired antigen for the presence of motifs. The epitopic sequences are then synthesized. The capacity to bind MHC Class molecules is measured in a variety of different ways. One means is a Class I molecule binding assay as described in the related applications, noted above. Other alternatives described in the literature include inhibition of antigen presentation (Sette, *et al.*, J. Immunol. 141:3893 (1991), *in vitro* assembly assays (Townsend, *et al.*, Cell 62:285 (1990), and FACS based assays using mutated cells, such as RMA.S (Melief, *et al.*, Eur. J. Immunol. 21:2963 (1991)).

Next, peptides that test positive in the MHC class I binding assay are assayed for the ability of the peptides to induce specific CTL responses *in vitro*. For instance, Antigen-presenting cells that have been incubated with a peptide can be assayed for the ability to induce CTL responses in responder cell populations. Antigen-presenting cells can be normal cells such as peripheral blood mononuclear cells or dendritic cells (Inaba, *et al.*, J. Exp. Med. 166:182 (1987); Boog, Eur. J. Immunol. 18:219 [1988]).

Alternatively, mutant mammalian cell lines that are deficient in their ability to load class I molecules with internally processed peptides, such as the mouse cell lines RMA-S (Kärre, *et al.*, Nature, 319:675 (1986); Ljunggren, *et al.*, Eur. J. Immunol.

21:2963-2970 (1991)), and the human somatic T cell hybrid, T-2 (Cerundolo, et al., Nature 345:449-452 (1990)) and which have been transfected with the appropriate human class I genes are conveniently used, when peptide is added to them, to test for the capacity of the peptide to induce in vitro primary CTL responses. Other eukaryotic cell lines which could be used include various insect cell lines such as mosquito larvae (ATCC cell lines CCL 125, 126, 1660, 1591, 6585, 6586), silkworm (ATCC CRL 8851), armyworm (ATCC CRL 1711), moth (ATCC CCL 80) and *Drosophila* cell lines such as a Schneider cell line (see Schneider J. Embryol. Exp. Morphol. 27:353-365 [1927]).

Peripheral blood lymphocytes are conveniently isolated following simple venipuncture or leukapheresis of normal donors or patients and used as the responder cell sources of CTL precursors. In one embodiment, the appropriate antigen-presenting cells are incubated with 10-100  $\mu$ M of peptide in serum-free media for 4 hours under appropriate culture conditions. The peptide-loaded antigen-presenting cells are then incubated with the responder cell populations in vitro for 7 to 10 days under optimized culture conditions. Positive CTL activation can be determined by assaying the cultures for the presence of CTLs that kill radiolabeled target cells, both specific peptide-pulsed targets as well as target cells expressing endogenously processed form of the relevant virus or tumor antigen from which the peptide sequence was derived.

Specificity and MHC restriction of the CTL is determined by testing against different peptide target cells expressing appropriate or inappropriate human MHC class I. The peptides that test positive in the MHC binding assays and give rise to specific CTL responses are referred to herein as immunogenic peptides.

The immunogenic peptides can be prepared synthetically, or by recombinant DNA technology or from natural sources such as whole viruses or tumors. Although the peptide will preferably be substantially free of other naturally occurring host cell proteins and fragments thereof, in some embodiments the peptides can be synthetically conjugated to native fragments or particles.

The polypeptides or peptides can be a variety of lengths, either in their neutral (uncharged) forms or in forms which are salts, and either free of modifications such as glycosylation, side chain oxidation, or phosphorylation or containing these modifications, subject to the condition that the modification not destroy the biological activity of the polypeptides as herein described.

Desirably, the peptide will be as small as possible while still maintaining substantially all of the biological activity of the large peptide. When possible, it may be desirable to optimize peptides of the invention to a length of 9 or 10 amino acid residues, commensurate in size with endogenously processed viral peptides or tumor cell peptides that are bound to MHC class I molecules on the cell surface.

Peptides having the desired activity may be modified as necessary to provide certain desired attributes, e.g., improved pharmacological characteristics, while increasing or at least retaining substantially all of the biological activity of the unmodified peptide to bind the desired MHC molecule and activate the appropriate T cell. For instance, the peptides may be subject to various changes, such as substitutions, either conservative or non-conservative, where such changes might provide for certain advantages in their use, such as improved MHC binding. By conservative substitutions is meant replacing an amino acid residue with another which is biologically and/or chemically similar, e.g., one hydrophobic residue for another, or one polar residue for another. The substitutions include combinations such as Gly, Ala; Val, Ile, Leu, Met; Asp, Glu; Asn, Gln; Ser, Thr; Lys, Arg; and Phe, Tyr. The effect of single amino acid substitutions may also be probed using D-amino acids. Such modifications may be made using well known peptide synthesis procedures, as described in e.g., Merrifield, Science 232:341-347 (1986), Barany and Merrifield, The Peptides, Gross and Meienhofer, eds. (N.Y., Academic Press), pp. 1-284 (1979); and Stewart and Young, Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis, (Rockford, Ill., Pierce), 2d Ed. (1984), incorporated by reference herein.

The peptides can also be modified by extending or decreasing the compound's amino acid sequence, e.g., by the addition or deletion of amino acids. The peptides or analogs of the invention can also be modified by altering the order or composition of certain residues, it being readily appreciated that certain amino acid residues essential for biological activity, e.g., those at critical contact sites or conserved residues, may generally not be altered without an adverse effect on biological activity. The non-critical amino acids need not be limited to those naturally occurring in proteins, such as L- $\alpha$ -amino acids, or their D-isomers, but may include non-natural amino acids as well, such as  $\beta$ - $\gamma$ - $\delta$ -amino acids, as well as many derivatives of L- $\alpha$ -amino acids.

Typically, a series of peptides with single amino acid substitutions are employed to determine the effect of electrostatic charge, hydrophobicity, etc. on binding.

For instance, a series of positively charged (e.g., Lys or Arg) or negatively charged (e.g., Glu) amino acid substitutions are made along the length of the peptide revealing different patterns of sensitivity towards various MHC molecules and T cell receptors. In addition, multiple substitutions using small, relatively neutral moieties such as Ala, Gly, Pro, or similar residues may be employed. The substitutions may be homo-oligomers or hetero-oligomers. The number and types of residues which are substituted or added depend on the spacing necessary between essential contact points and certain functional attributes which are sought (e.g., hydrophobicity versus hydrophilicity). Increased binding affinity for an MHC molecule or T cell receptor may also be achieved by such substitutions, compared to the affinity of the parent peptide. In any event, such substitutions should employ amino acid residues or other molecular fragments chosen to avoid, for example, steric and charge interference which might disrupt binding.

Amino acid substitutions are typically of single residues. Substitutions, deletions, insertions or any combination thereof may be combined to arrive at a final peptide. Substitutional variants are those in which at least one residue of a peptide has been removed and a different residue inserted in its place. Such substitutions generally are made in accordance with the following Table 2 when it is desired to finely modulate the characteristics of the peptide.

TABLE 2

<u>Original Residue</u>	<u>Exemplary Substitution</u>
Ala	Ser
Arg	Lys, His
Asn	Gln
Asp	Glu
Cys	Ser
Gln	Asn
Glu	Asp
Gly	Pro
His	Lys, Arg
Ile	Leu, Val
Leu	Ile, Val
Lys	Arg, His
Met	Leu, Ile
Phe	Tyr, Trp
Ser	Thr
Thr	Ser
Trp	Tyr, Phe
Tyr	Trp, Phe
Val	Ile, Leu
Pro	Gly



Substantial changes in function (e.g., affinity for MHC molecules or T cell receptors) are made by selecting substitutions that are less conservative than those in Table 2, i.e., selecting residues that differ more significantly in their effect on maintaining (a) the structure of the peptide backbone in the area of the substitution, for example as a sheet or helical conformation, (b) the charge or hydrophobicity of the molecule at the target site or (c) the bulk of the side chain. The substitutions which in general are expected to produce the greatest changes in peptide properties will be those in which (a) hydrophilic residue, e.g. seryl, is substituted for (or by) a hydrophobic residue, e.g. leucyl, isoleucyl, phenylalanyl, valyl or alanyl; (b) a residue having an electropositive side chain, e.g., lysl, arginyl, or histidyl, is substituted for (or by) an electronegative residue, e.g. glutamyl or aspartyl; or (c) a residue having a bulky side chain, e.g. phenylalanine, is substituted for (or by) one not having a side chain, e.g., glycine.

The peptides may also comprise isosteres of two or more residues in the immunogenic peptide. An isostere as defined here is a sequence of two or more residues that can be substituted for a second sequence because the steric conformation of the first sequence fits a binding site specific for the second sequence. The term specifically includes peptide backbone modifications well known to those skilled in the art. Such modifications include modifications of the amide nitrogen, the  $\alpha$ -carbon, amide carbonyl, complete replacement of the amide bond, extensions, deletions or backbone crosslinks. See, generally, Spatola, Chemistry and Biochemistry of Amino Acids, peptides and Proteins, Vol. VII (Weinstein ed., 1983).

Modifications of peptides with various amino acid mimetics or unnatural amino acids are particularly useful in increasing the stability of the peptide *in vivo*. Stability can be assayed in a number of ways. For instance, peptidases and various biological media, such as human plasma and serum, have been used to test stability. See, e.g., Verhoef et al., Eur. J. Drug Metab. Pharmacokin. 11:291-302 (1986). Half life of the peptides of the present invention is conveniently determined using a 25% human serum (v/v) assay. The protocol is generally as follows. Pooled human serum (Type AB, non-heat inactivated) is delipidated by centrifugation before use. The serum is then diluted to 25% with RPMI tissue culture media and used to test peptide stability. At predetermined time intervals a small amount of reaction solution is removed and added to either 6% aqueous trichloroacetic acid or ethanol. The cloudy reaction sample is cooled

(4°C) for 15 minutes and then spun to pellet the precipitated serum proteins. The presence of the peptides is then determined by reversed-phase HPLC using stability-specific chromatography conditions.

- The peptides of the present invention or analogs thereof which have CTL stimulating activity may be modified to provide desired attributes other than improved serum half life. For instance, the ability of the peptides to induce CTL activity can be enhanced by linkage to a sequence which contains at least one epitope that is capable of inducing a T helper cell response. Particularly preferred immunogenic peptides/T helper conjugates are linked by a spacer molecule. The spacer is typically comprised of relatively small, neutral molecules, such as amino acids or amino acid mimetics, which are substantially uncharged under physiological conditions. The spacers are typically selected from, e.g., Ala, Gly, or other neutral spacers of nonpolar amino acids or neutral polar amino acids. It will be understood that the optionally present spacer need not be comprised of the same residues and thus may be a hetero- or homo-oligomer. When present, the spacer will usually be at least one or two residues, more usually three to six residues. Alternatively, the CTL peptide may be linked to the T helper peptide without a spacer.

- The immunogenic peptide may be linked to the T helper peptide either directly or via a spacer either at the amino or carboxy terminus of the CTL peptide. The amino terminus of either the immunogenic peptide or the T helper peptide may be acylated. Exemplary T helper peptides include tetanus toxoid 830-843, influenza 307-319, malaria circumsporozoite 382-398 and 378-389.

- In some embodiments it may be desirable to include in the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention at least one component which primes CTL. Lipids have been identified as agents capable of priming CTL *in vivo* against viral antigens. For example, palmitic acid residues can be attached to the alpha and epsilon amino groups of a Lys residue and then linked, e.g., via one or more linking residues such as Gly, Gly-Gly-, Ser, Ser-Ser, or the like, to an immunogenic peptide. The lipidated peptide can then be injected directly in a micellar form, incorporated into a liposome or emulsified in an adjuvant, e.g., incomplete Freund's adjuvant. In a preferred embodiment a particularly effective immunogen comprises palmitic acid attached to alpha and epsilon amino groups

of Lys, which is attached via linkage, e.g., Ser-Ser, to the amino terminus of the immunogenic peptide.

As another example of lipid priming of CTL responses, *E. coli* lipoproteins, such as tripalmitoyl-S-glycerylcysteinylserine ( $P_3CSS$ ) can be used to prime virus specific CTL when covalently attached to an appropriate peptide. See, Deres et al., *Nature* 342:561-564 (1989), incorporated herein by reference. Peptides of the invention can be coupled to  $P_3CSS$ , for example, and the lipopeptide administered to an individual to specifically prime a CTL response to the target antigen. Further, as the induction of neutralizing antibodies can also be primed with  $P_3CSS$  conjugated to a peptide which displays an appropriate epitope, the two compositions can be combined to more effectively elicit both humoral and cell-mediated responses to infection.

In addition, additional amino acids can be added to the termini of a peptide to provide for ease of linking peptides one to another, for coupling to a carrier support, or larger peptide, for modifying the physical or chemical properties of the peptide or oligopeptide, or the like. Amino acids such as tyrosine, cysteine, lysine, glutamic or aspartic acid, or the like, can be introduced at the C- or N-terminus of the peptide or oligopeptide. Modification at the C terminus in some cases may alter binding characteristics of the peptide. In addition, the peptide or oligopeptide sequences can differ from the natural sequence by being modified by terminal- $NH_2$  acylation, e.g., by alkanoyl ( $C_1-C_{20}$ ) or thioacyl acylation, terminal-carboxyl amidation, e.g., ammonia, methylamine, etc. In some instances these modifications may provide sites for linking to a support or other molecule.

The peptides of the invention can be prepared in a wide variety of ways. Because of their relatively short size, the peptides can be synthesized in solution or on a solid support in accordance with conventional techniques. Various automatic synthesizers are commercially available and can be used in accordance with known protocols. See, for example, Stewart and Young, *Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis*, 2d. ed., Pierce Chemical Co. (1984), *supra*.

Alternatively, recombinant DNA technology may be employed wherein a nucleotide sequence which encodes an immunogenic peptide of interest is inserted into an expression vector, transformed or transfected into an appropriate host cell and cultivated under conditions suitable for expression. These procedures are generally known in the art,

as described generally in Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (1982), which is incorporated herein by reference. Thus, fusion proteins which comprise one or more peptide sequences of the invention can be used to present the appropriate T cell epitope.

5 As the coding sequence for peptides of the length contemplated herein can be synthesized by chemical techniques, for example, the phosphotriester method of Matteucci et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 103:3185 (1981), modification can be made simply by substituting the appropriate base(s) for those encoding the native peptide sequence. The coding sequence can then be provided with appropriate linkers and ligated into expression  
10 vectors commonly available in the art, and the vectors used to transform suitable hosts to produce the desired fusion protein. A number of such vectors and suitable host systems are now available. For expression of the fusion proteins, the coding sequence will be provided with operably linked start and stop codons, promoter and terminator regions and usually a replication system to provide an expression vector for expression in the desired  
15 cellular host. For example, promoter sequences compatible with bacterial hosts are provided in plasmids containing convenient restriction sites for insertion of the desired coding sequence. The resulting expression vectors are transformed into suitable bacterial hosts. Of course, yeast or mammalian cell hosts may also be used, employing suitable vectors and control sequences.

20 The peptides of the present invention and pharmaceutical and vaccine compositions thereof are useful for administration to mammals, particularly humans, to treat and/or prevent viral infection and cancer. Examples of diseases which can be treated using the immunogenic peptides of the invention include prostate cancer, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, AIDS, renal carcinoma, cervical carcinoma, lymphoma, CMV and  
25 condyloma acuminatum.

For pharmaceutical compositions, the immunogenic peptides of the invention are administered to an individual already suffering from cancer or infected with the virus of interest. Those in the incubation phase or the acute phase of infection can be treated with the immunogenic peptides separately or in conjunction with other treatments, as  
30 appropriate. In therapeutic applications, compositions are administered to a patient in an amount sufficient to elicit an effective CTL response to the virus or tumor antigen and to cure or at least partially arrest symptoms and/or complications. An amount adequate to

accomplish this is defined as "therapeutically effective dose." Amounts effective for this use will depend on, e.g., the peptide composition, the manner of administration, the stage and severity of the disease being treated, the weight and general state of health of the patient, and the judgment of the prescribing physician, but generally range for the initial immunization (that is for therapeutic or prophylactic administration) from about 1.0  $\mu\text{g}$  to about 5000  $\mu\text{g}$  of peptide for a 70 kg patient, followed by boosting dosages of from about 1.0  $\mu\text{g}$  to about 1000  $\mu\text{g}$  of peptide pursuant to a boosting regimen over weeks to months depending upon the patient's response and condition by measuring specific CTL activity in the patient's blood. It must be kept in mind that the peptides and compositions of the present invention may generally be employed in serious disease states, that is, life-threatening or potentially life threatening situations. In such cases, in view of the minimization of extraneous substances and the relative nontoxic nature of the peptides, it is possible and may be felt desirable by the treating physician to administer substantial excesses of these peptide compositions.

For therapeutic use, administration should begin at the first sign of viral infection or the detection or surgical removal of tumors or shortly after diagnosis in the case of acute infection. This is followed by boosting doses until at least symptoms are substantially abated and for a period thereafter. In chronic infection, loading doses followed by boosting doses may be required.

Treatment of an infected individual with the compositions of the invention may hasten resolution of the infection in acutely infected individuals. For those individuals susceptible (or predisposed) to developing chronic infection the compositions are particularly useful in methods for preventing the evolution from acute to chronic infection. Where the susceptible individuals are identified prior to or during infection, for instance, as described herein, the composition can be targeted to them, minimizing need for administration to a larger population.

The peptide compositions can also be used for the treatment of chronic infection and to stimulate the immune system to eliminate virus-infected cells in carriers. It is important to provide an amount of immuno-potentiating peptide in a formulation and mode of administration sufficient to effectively stimulate a cytotoxic T cell response. Thus, for treatment of chronic infection, a representative dose is in the range of about 1.0  $\mu\text{g}$  to about 5000  $\mu\text{g}$ , preferably about 5  $\mu\text{g}$  to 1000  $\mu\text{g}$  for a 70 kg patient per dose.

Immunizing doses followed by boosting doses at established intervals, e.g., from one to four weeks, may be required, possibly for a prolonged period of time to effectively immunize an individual. In the case of chronic infection, administration should continue until at least clinical symptoms or laboratory tests indicate that the viral infection has been eliminated or substantially abated and for a period thereafter.

The pharmaceutical compositions for therapeutic treatment are intended for parenteral, topical, oral or local administration. Preferably, the pharmaceutical compositions are administered parenterally, e.g., intravenously, subcutaneously, intradermally, or intramuscularly. Thus, the invention provides compositions for parenteral administration which comprise a solution of the immunogenic peptides dissolved or suspended in an acceptable carrier, preferably an aqueous carrier. A variety of aqueous carriers may be used, e.g., water, buffered water, 0.8% saline, 0.3% glycine, hyaluronic acid and the like. These compositions may be sterilized by conventional, well known sterilization techniques, or may be sterile filtered. The resulting aqueous solutions may be packaged for use as is, or lyophilized, the lyophilized preparation being combined with a sterile solution prior to administration. The compositions may contain pharmaceutically acceptable auxiliary substances as required to approximate physiological conditions, such as pH adjusting and buffering agents, tonicity adjusting agents, wetting agents and the like, for example, sodium acetate, sodium lactate, sodium chloride, potassium chloride, calcium chloride, sorbitan monolaurate, triethanolamine oleate, etc.

The concentration of CTL stimulatory peptides of the invention in the pharmaceutical formulations can vary widely, i.e., from less than about 0.1%, usually at or at least about 2% to as much as 20% to 50% or more by weight, and will be selected primarily by fluid volumes, viscosities, etc., in accordance with the particular mode of administration selected.

The peptides of the invention may also be administered via liposomes, which serve to target the peptides to a particular tissue, such as lymphoid tissue, or targeted selectively to infected cells, as well as increase the half-life of the peptide composition. Liposomes include emulsions, foams, micelles, insoluble monolayers, liquid crystals, phospholipid dispersions, lamellar layers and the like. In these preparations the peptide to be delivered is incorporated as part of a liposome, alone or in conjunction with a molecule which binds to, e.g., a receptor prevalent among lymphoid cells, such as monoclonal

antibodies which bind to the CD45 antigen, or with other therapeutic or immunogenic compositions. Thus, liposomes either filled or decorated with a desired peptide of the invention can be directed to the site of lymphoid cells, where the liposomes then deliver the selected therapeutic/immunogenic peptide compositions. Liposomes for use in the invention are formed from standard vesicle-forming lipids, which generally include neutral and negatively charged phospholipids and a sterol, such as cholesterol. The selection of lipids is generally guided by consideration of, e.g., liposome size, acid lability and stability of the liposomes in the blood stream. A variety of methods are available for preparing liposomes, as described in, e.g., Szoka et al., Ann. Rev. Biophys. Bioeng. 9:467 (1980), U.S. Patent Nos. 4,235,871, 4,501,728, 4,837,028, and 5,019,369, incorporated herein by reference.

For targeting to the immune cells, a ligand to be incorporated into the liposome can include, e.g., antibodies or fragments thereof specific for cell surface determinants of the desired immune system cells. A liposome suspension containing a peptide may be administered intravenously, locally, topically, etc. in a dose which varies according to, inter alia, the manner of administration, the peptide being delivered, and the stage of the disease being treated.

For solid compositions, conventional nontoxic solid carriers may be used which include, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharin, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, magnesium carbonate, and the like. For oral administration, a pharmaceutically acceptable nontoxic composition is formed by incorporating any of the normally employed excipients, such as those carriers previously listed, and generally 10-95% of active ingredient, that is, one or more peptides of the invention, and more preferably at a concentration of 25%-75%.

For aerosol administration, the immunogenic peptides are preferably supplied in finely divided form along with a surfactant and propellant. Typical percentages of peptides are 0.01%-20% by weight, preferably 1%-10%. The surfactant must, of course, be nontoxic, and preferably soluble in the propellant. Representative of such agents are the esters or partial esters of fatty acids containing from 6 to 22 carbon atoms, such as caproic, octanoic, lauric, palmitic, stearic, linoleic, linolenic, olesteric and oleic acids with an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol or its cyclic anhydride. Mixed esters, such as mixed or natural glycerides may be employed. The surfactant may constitute 0.1%-20% by weight

of the composition, preferably 0.25-5%. The balance of the composition is ordinarily propellant. A carrier can also be included, as desired, as with, e.g., lecithin for intranasal delivery.

In another aspect the present invention is directed to vaccines which contain as an active ingredient an immunogenically effective amount of an immunogenic peptide as described herein. The peptide(s) may be introduced into a host, including humans, linked to its own carrier or as a homopolymer or heteropolymer of active peptide units. Such a polymer has the advantage of increased immunological reaction and, where different peptides are used to make up the polymer, the additional ability to induce antibodies and/or CTLs that react with different antigenic determinants of the virus or tumor cells. Useful carriers are well known in the art, and include, e.g., thyroglobulin, albumins such as human serum albumin, tetanus toxoid, polyamino acids such as poly(lysine:glutamic acid), influenza, hepatitis B virus core protein, hepatitis B virus recombinant vaccine and the like. The vaccines can also contain a physiologically tolerable (acceptable) diluent such as water, phosphate buffered saline, or saline, and further typically include an adjuvant. Adjuvants such as incomplete Freund's adjuvant, aluminum phosphate, aluminum hydroxide, or alum are materials well known in the art. And, as mentioned above, CTL responses can be primed by conjugating peptides of the invention to lipids, such as P<sub>3</sub>CSS. Upon immunization with a peptide composition as described herein, via injection, aerosol, oral, transdermal or other route, the immune system of the host responds to the vaccine by producing large amounts of CTLs specific for the desired antigen, and the host becomes at least partially immune to later infection, or resistant to developing chronic infection.

Vaccine compositions containing the peptides of the invention are administered to a patient susceptible to or otherwise at risk of viral infection or cancer to elicit an immune response against the antigen and thus enhance the patient's own immune response capabilities. Such an amount is defined to be an "immunogenically effective dose." In this use, the precise amounts again depend on the patient's state of health and weight, the mode of administration, the nature of the formulation, etc., but generally range from about 1.0  $\mu$ g to about 5000  $\mu$ g per 70 kilogram patient, more commonly from about 10  $\mu$ g to about 500  $\mu$ g mg per 70 kg of body weight.



In some instances it may be desirable to combine the peptide vaccines of the invention with vaccines which induce neutralizing antibody responses to the virus of interest, particularly to viral envelope antigens.

For therapeutic or immunization purposes, nucleic acids encoding one or more of the peptides of the invention can also be administered to the patient. A number of methods are conveniently used to deliver the nucleic acids to the patient. For instance, the nucleic acid can be delivered directly, as "naked DNA". This approach is described, for instance, in Wolff *et al.*, *Science* 247: 1465-1468 (1990) as well as U.S. Patent Nos. 5,580,859 and 5,589,466. The nucleic acids can also be administered using ballistic delivery as described, for instance, in U.S. Patent No. 5,204,253. Particles comprised solely of DNA can be administered. Alternatively, DNA can be adhered to particles, such as gold particles. The nucleic acids can also be delivered complexed to cationic compounds, such as cationic lipids. Lipid-mediated gene delivery methods are described, for instance, in WO 96/18372; WO 93/24640; Mannino and Gould-Fogerite (1988) *BioTechniques* 6(7): 682-691; Rose U.S. Pat No. 5,279,833; WO 91/06309; and Felgner *et al.* (1987) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 84: 7413-7414. The peptides of the invention can also be expressed by attenuated viral hosts, such as vaccinia or fowlpox. This approach involves the use of vaccinia virus as a vector to express nucleotide sequences that encode the peptides of the invention. Upon introduction into an acutely or chronically infected host or into a noninfected host, the recombinant vaccinia virus expresses the immunogenic peptide, and thereby elicits a host CTL response. Vaccinia vectors and methods useful in immunization protocols are described in, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,722,848, incorporated herein by reference. Another vector is BCG (Bacille Calmette Guerin). BCG vectors are described in Stover *et al.* (*Nature* 351:456-460 (1991)) which is incorporated herein by reference. A wide variety of other vectors useful for therapeutic administration or immunization of the peptides of the invention, e.g., *Salmonella typhi* vectors and the like, will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the description herein.

A preferred means of administering nucleic acids encoding the peptides of the invention uses minigene constructs encoding multiple epitopes of the invention. To create a DNA sequence encoding the selected CTL epitopes (minigene) for expression in human cells, the amino acid sequences of the epitopes are reverse translated. A human codon usage table is used to guide the codon choice for each amino acid. These epitope-encoding

DNA sequences are directly adjoined, creating a continuous polypeptide sequence. To optimize expression and/or immunogenicity, additional elements can be incorporated into the minigene design. Examples of amino acid sequence that could be reverse translated and included in the minigene sequence include: helper T lymphocyte epitopes, a leader (signal) sequence, and an endoplasmic reticulum retention signal. In addition, MHC presentation of CTL epitopes may be improved by including synthetic (e.g. poly-alanine) or naturally-occurring flanking sequences adjacent to the CTL epitopes.

The minigene sequence is converted to DNA by assembling oligonucleotides that encode the plus and minus strands of the minigene. Overlapping oligonucleotides (30-100 bases long) are synthesized, phosphorylated, purified and annealed under appropriate conditions using well known techniques. The ends of the oligonucleotides are joined using T4 DNA ligase. This synthetic minigene, encoding the CTL epitope polypeptide, can then be cloned into a desired expression vector.

Standard regulatory sequences well known to those of skill in the art are included in the vector to ensure expression in the target cells. Several vector elements are required: a promoter with a down-stream cloning site for minigene insertion; a polyadenylation signal for efficient transcription termination; an *E. coli* origin of replication; and an *E. coli* selectable marker (e.g. ampicillin or kanamycin resistance). Numerous promoters can be used for this purpose, e.g., the human cytomegalovirus (hCMV) promoter. See, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,580,859 and 5,589,466 for other suitable promoter sequences.

Additional vector modifications may be desired to optimize minigene expression and immunogenicity. In some cases, introns are required for efficient gene expression, and one or more synthetic or naturally-occurring introns could be incorporated into the transcribed region of the minigene. The inclusion of mRNA stabilization sequences can also be considered for increasing minigene expression. It has recently been proposed that immunostimulatory sequences (ISSs or CpGs) play a role in the immunogenicity of DNA vaccines. These sequences could be included in the vector, outside the minigene coding sequence, if found to enhance immunogenicity.

In some embodiments, a bicistronic expression vector, to allow production of the minigene-encoded epitopes and a second protein included to enhance or decrease immunogenicity can be used. Examples of proteins or polypeptides that could beneficially

enhance the immune response if co-expressed include cytokines (e.g., IL2, IL12, GM-CSF), cytokine-inducing molecules (e.g. LeIF) or costimulatory molecules. Helper (HTL) epitopes could be joined to intracellular targeting signals and expressed separately from the CTL epitopes. This would allow direction of the HTL epitopes to a cell compartment  
5 different than the CTL epitopes. If required, this could facilitate more efficient entry of HTL epitopes into the MHC class II pathway, thereby improving CTL induction. In contrast to CTL induction, specifically decreasing the immune response by co-expression of immunosuppressive molecules (e.g. TGF- $\beta$ ) may be beneficial in certain diseases.

Once an expression vector is selected, the minigene is cloned into the  
10 polylinker region downstream of the promoter. This plasmid is transformed into an appropriate *E. coli* strain, and DNA is prepared using standard techniques. The orientation and DNA sequence of the minigene, as well as all other elements included in the vector, are confirmed using restriction mapping and DNA sequence analysis. Bacterial cells harboring the correct plasmid can be stored as a master cell bank and a working cell  
15 bank.

Therapeutic quantities of plasmid DNA are produced by fermentation in *E. coli*, followed by purification. Aliquots from the working cell bank are used to inoculate fermentation medium (such as Terrific Broth), and grown to saturation in shaker flasks or a bioreactor according to well known techniques. Plasmid DNA can be purified using  
20 standard bioseparation technologies such as solid phase anion-exchange resins supplied by Qiagen. If required, supercoiled DNA can be isolated from the open circular and linear forms using gel electrophoresis or other methods.

Purified plasmid DNA can be prepared for injection using a variety of formulations. The simplest of these is reconstitution of lyophilized DNA in sterile  
25 phosphate-buffer saline (PBS). A variety of methods have been described, and new techniques may become available. As noted above, nucleic acids are conveniently formulated with cationic lipids. In addition, glycolipids, fusogenic liposomes, peptides and compounds referred to collectively as protective, interactive, non-condensing (PINC) could also be complexed to purified plasmid DNA to influence variables such as stability,  
30 intramuscular dispersion, or trafficking to specific organs or cell types.

Target cell sensitization can be used as a functional assay for expression and MHC class I presentation of minigene-encoded CTL epitopes. The plasmid DNA is

introduced into a mammalian cell line that is suitable as a target for standard CTL chromium release assays. The transfection method used will be dependent on the final formulation. Electroporation can be used for "naked" DNA, whereas cationic lipids allow direct *in vitro* transfection. A plasmid expressing green fluorescent protein (GFP) can be co-transfected to allow enrichment of transfected cells using fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS). These cells are then chromium-51 labeled and used as target cells for epitope-specific CTL lines. Cytolysis, detected by 51Cr release, indicates production of MHC presentation of minigene-encoded CTL epitopes.

*In vivo* immunogenicity is a second approach for functional testing of minigene DNA formulations. Transgenic mice expressing appropriate human MHC molecules are immunized with the DNA product. The dose and route of administration are formulation dependent (e.g. IM for DNA in PBS, IP for lipid-complexed DNA). Twenty-one days after immunization, splenocytes are harvested and restimulated for 1 week in the presence of peptides encoding each epitope being tested. These effector cells (CTLs) are assayed for cytolysis of peptide-loaded, chromium-51 labeled target cells using standard techniques. Lysis of target cells sensitized by MHC loading of peptides corresponding to minigene-encoded epitopes demonstrates DNA vaccine function for *in vivo* induction of CTLs.

Antigenic peptides may be used to elicit CTL *ex vivo*, as well. The resulting CTL, can be used to treat chronic infections (viral or bacterial) or tumors in patients that do not respond to other conventional forms of therapy, or will not respond to a peptide vaccine approach of therapy. *Ex vivo* CTL responses to a particular pathogen (infectious agent or tumor antigen) are induced by incubating in tissue culture the patient's CTL precursor cells (CTLp) together with a source of antigen-presenting cells (APC) and the appropriate immunogenic peptide. After an appropriate incubation time (typically 1-4 weeks), in which the CTLp are activated and mature and expand into effector CTL, the cells are infused back into the patient, where they will destroy their specific target cell (an infected cell or a tumor cell).

The peptides may also find use as diagnostic reagents. For example, a peptide of the invention may be used to determine the susceptibility of a particular individual to a treatment regimen which employs the peptide or related peptides, and thus may be helpful in modifying an existing treatment protocol or in determining a prognosis for an affected

individual. In addition, the peptides may also be used to predict which individuals will be at substantial risk for developing chronic infection.

The following example is offered by way of illustration, not by way of limitation.

#### Example 1

Class I antigen isolation was carried out as described in the related applications, noted above. Naturally processed peptides were then isolated and sequenced as described there. An allele-specific motif and algorithms were determined and quantitative binding assays were carried out.

Using the motifs identified above for various HLA alleles, amino acid sequences from a number of antigens were analyzed for the presence of these motifs. Tables 3- \*\* provide the results of these searches.

The above examples are provided to illustrate the invention but not to limit its scope. Other variants of the invention will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art and are encompassed by the appended claims. All publications, patents, and patent applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference.

Table 3

Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
FTFSPTYKAPLSK	HBV	POL
GTLPOEHIVLKLK	HBV	POL
FTFSPTYKAPLCK	HBV	POL
GTLPOEHIVLKI K	HBV	POL
LVVSYVNTNMGLK	HBV	POL
STTDLEAYFKDCLEK	HBV	X
LVVSYVNTNMGLK	HBV	NUC
GTLPODHIVOKIK	HBV	POL
STSSCLHQSAVRK	HBV	POL
TTVNAHQILPKVLHK	HBV	X
RTPARVTGGVFLVDK	HBV	POL

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Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
HTTNFASK	HBV a <sub>yw</sub>	
PTFSPTYK	HBV a <sub>yw</sub>	
PTVKAFCLKQY	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
CTTPAQGTSMY	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
PTSCPPTCPGY	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
FSQFSRGNV	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
LMPLYACIQSK	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
RVTGGVFLVDK	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	POL
HTLWKAGILYK	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
QTRHYLHTLNK	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
GTDNSVLSRK	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
SYVNTNMGKLF	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
LYSILSPF	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
WYWGPSLYSIL	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
LYSILSPFLPL	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
PYKEFGATVEL	HBV <sub>a<sub>yw</sub></sub>	
CTWMNSTGFTK	HCV	
MYVGDLCSVF	HCV	
VYLLPRRGPR	HCV	
ITKIQNFRVYY	HIV	
KVYLAWVPAHK	HIV	
KMIGGIGGFIK	HIV	
IVASCDKCOLK	HIV	
KVKQWPLTEEK	HIV	
TVNDIQKLVGK	HIV	
DVKQLTEAVQK	HIV	
AVVIQDNSDIK	HIV	
WTYQIYQEPFK	HIV	
VTVYVGVPVWK	HIV	
LTEDRWNKPOK	HIV	
ATDIQTKELQK	HIV	
QTKELQKQITK	HIV	

Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
WTVQPIVLPEK	HIV	
QVPLRPMTYK	HIV nef 73-82	
QVFLYPMTFK	HIV nef 73-82	
VPLRPMTYK	HIV nef 74-82	
AVDLYHFLK	HIV nef 84-94	
AVDLSHFLK	HIV nef 84-94	
ATLYCVHQR	HIV, p17, 82-90	
RLRDLILLIV	HIV-1 NL43 768-776	
RLRDLILLIVTR	HIV-1 NL43 768-778	
RLRDYLLIVTR	HIV-1 NL43 768-778	
LRDILLIVTR	HIV-1 NL43 769-778	
QIYQEPFKNLK	HIV-1 RT 507-517	
AVFIHNFK	HIVcon	
RTLNAWVK	HIVcon	
ETAYFLK	HIVcon	
RLRPGGKKK	HIVgag p17/2	
KIRLRPGGKK	HIVgag p17/2	
KIRLRPGGK	HIVgag p17/2	
ETTDLYCY	HPV16	E7
GTLGIVCPICSQK	HPV16	E7

Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
LMGTLGIVCPICSQK	HPV16	E7
AVCDKCLK	HPV16	E6
PYAVCDKCLKF	HPV16	E6
HYCYSLYGTTL	HPV16	E6
FYSRIREL	HPV16	E6
TLEKLINTGLY	HPV18	E6
KTVLELTEVFEFAFK	HPV18	E6
TMLCMCK	HPV18	E7
NTSLQDIEITCVYCK	HPV18	E6
EVFEFAFK	HPV18	E6
KOSSKALQR	Leukemia	b3A2 CMI
ATGFKQSSK	Leukemia	b3A2 CMI
HSATGFKOSSK	Leukemia	b3A2 CMI
FKQSSKALQR	Leukemia	b3A2 CMI
VTCLGLSY	MAGE1	
ITKKVADLVGFLLK	MAGE1	
LVGFLLK	MAGE1	
VTKAEMLESVIKQYK	MAGE1	
TSCILESIFR	MAGE1	
NYKHCFPEI	MAGE1	
SYVLVTCL	MAGE1	
ETDPISHTY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETDPTSHLY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETDPTSNTY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETDPTSHVY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETDPTSHSY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETDPASHTY	MAGE1 (a)	
EVDPTSHTY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETDPTGHTY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETDRTSHTY	MAGE1 (a)	
EADPTSHTY	MAGE1 (a)	
ETVPTSHTY	MAGE1 (a)	



Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
ETDPTSHTY	MAGE1	
	consensus	
ETDPTGHSY	MAGE1 T(a)	
MFPDLESEF	MAGE2	
TTINYTLWR	MAGE2	
VIFSKASEY	MAGE2	
LVHFLLLKY	MAGE2	
LVHFLLLKY	MAGE2	
LVHFLLLKYR	MAGE2	
PVIFSKASEY	MAGE2	
STTINYTLWR	MAGE2	
VVEVPISH	MAGE2	
EYLQLVFGI	MAGE2	
IFSKASEYL	MAGE2	
SFSTTINYTL	MAGE2	
LYILVTCGL	MAGE2	
FATCLGLSY	MAGE3	
VVGWQYFFPVIFSK	MAGE3	
LIIVLAIAR	MAGE3	
YFFPVIFSK	MAGE3	
NWQYFFPVI	MAGE3	
NWQYFFPVIF	MAGE3	
IFSKASSL	MAGE3	
EVDPTSNTY	MAGE41	
RYPLTFGWCY	nef/182	
RYPLTFGWC	nef/182	
ATQIPSYK	PAP	
LTELYFEK	PAP	
HSFPHPHY	PSA	
TQEPALGTTTCY	PSA	
VTKFMLCAGRWTGGK	PSA	
HVTSNDVCAQVHPQK	PSA	

Sequence	Antigen	Molecule
LYDMSLLKNRF	PSA	
ETDPTGHSY	T2 analog of MAGE-3	

Table 4

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Motif	A1	A21	A32	A11	A24
1000	ILDMLEBILLY	9	c-EBR2			42	1	9.1		0.037	0.007	
1046	LLIDDELEY	9	c-EBR2			669	1	7.6		0.037	0	
1005	GTQLEBNEY	9	c-EBR2			104	1	0.18		0	0.028	
1035	LITSEPOEY	9	c-EBR2			1131	1	0.13		0	0.064	
1017	ETLEBETCY	9	c-EBR2			401	1	0.043		<0.002	<0.002	
1038	OLYVOLLUPY	9	c-EBR2			755	1	0.004		0.011	0.009	
1070	PTTOSODINSEY	10	c-EBR2			699	1	2.2		0.003	0.005	
1072	RLIDDELEY	10	c-EBR2			864	1	1.3		0.017	0	
1073	TLLEBETCY	10	c-EBR2			402	1	1.1		0	0	
1073	TYMAGVCSFY	10	c-EBR2			772	1	1.1	0	0.010	0.012	0
1074	CTYTALEBNEY	10	c-EBR2			1329	1	0.083		<0.002	0.002	
1075	RYVGLCPLEBY	10	c-EBR2			545	1	<0.0015		0.005	0.0050	
1060	LQNNQLCY	10	c-EBR2			154	1	0.030		0.0012	<0.002	
1060	VYVCSNLLCY	10	c-EBR2			55	1	0.018		0.0024	0.011	
10754	MGDLVDALREY	10	c-EBR2			104	1	0.012		<0.002	<0.002	
1020	RYKATMARK	9	c-EBR2			461	3.11		0.75	0.0018		
1107	VYRLELRE	9	c-EBR2			669	3.11		0.11	0.22		
1044	LYSENNHYK	9	c-EBR2			852	3.11		0.48	0.070		
1035	VLEBENSK	9	c-EBR2			754	3.11		0.40	0.013		
1039	LLREBCKK	9	c-EBR2			623	3.11		0.38	0.0097		
1031	RLWKDRIK	9	c-EBR2			167	3.11		0.32	0.31		
1033	RLTDEGLAR	9	c-EBR2			860	3.11		0.17	0.24		
1064	GVYRSTLAK	9	c-EBR2			668	3.11		0.0047	0.099		
1039	QVCTGIDMK	9	c-EBR2			24	3.11		0.0001	0.052		
1101	LLDHYBENK	9	c-EBR2			806	3.11		0.037	<0.006		
1102	CYVCSQFLK	9	c-EBR2			718	3.11		0.015	0.031		
1081	TYCAGCCAR	9	c-EBR2			528	3.11		0.004	0.023		
1081	TLKETELK	9	c-EBR2			714	3.11		0.019	0.023		
1102	VYAEDECTOR	9	c-EBR2			322	3.11		0.035	0.014		
1026	DSTYAPMYK	9	c-EBR2			607	3.11		<0.002	0.010		
1071	TLWKDFHRY	10	c-EBR2			166	3.11		0.043	3.6		
1074	GYLEBENSK	10	c-EBR2			327	3.11		0.01	0.61		
1070	QVJSTLELK	10	c-EBR2			751	3.11		0.38	0.22		
1112	RLVHIDLAAR	10	c-EBR2			141	3.11		0.20	0.013		
1041	LLWVCKQAK	10	c-EBR2			860	3.11		0.16	0		
1072	TLDYVAMMYK	10	c-EBR2			822	3.11		0.14	0.14		
						948	3.11		0.013	0.12		

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molff	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
10731	RIKTELEIK	10	c-ERB2			713	3.11			0.057	0.11	
10745	VLKSPINIVK	10	c-ERB2			681	3.11			0.082	0.0072	
11131	SVQINQVIR	10	c-ERB2			423	3.11			0.017	0.005	
11133	HTVINDQLR	10	c-ERB2			478	3.11			0.005	0.072	
11127	ILKCVIQR	10	c-ERB2			146	3.11			0.040	0.005	
11143	LYSESRMAR	10	c-ERB2			922	3.11			0.072	0.033	
11135	GVVEGILIR	10	c-ERB2			648	3.11			0.018	0.033	
10746	CVAKTSCVYK	10	c-ERB2			586	3.11			0.022	0.0042	
11137	VYKILKKR	10	c-ERB2			669	3.11			0.030	0.016	
10749	GILKRNQK	10	c-ERB2			627	3.11			0.015	0.0014	
11139	RTVCAQCCAR	10	c-ERB2			217	3.11			0.0066	0.013	
11134	GLACGICAR	10	c-ERB2			508	3.11			0.011	0	
11139	KIPVAKVIR	10	c-ERB2			747	3.11			0.0039	0.0039	

Pepitide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
1.0791	VCADVFEY	9	ERN1			409	1	0.016				
1.0795	ILRESINCY	9	ERN1			553	1	0.010				
1.0661	PVCADVFEY	10	ERN1			496	1	0.015				
1.0663	CTWVACVFEY	10	ERN1			501	1	0.014				
1.0793	CTWVACSK	9	ERN1			506	1	3.11				
1.1006	KTELVMILR	9	ERN1			514	3.11			0.30	0.61	
1.0797	AKDLVMTK	9	ERN1			518	3.11			0.31	0.12	
1.0667	QTHFAEVLK	10	ERN1			567	3.11			0.048	0.024	
1.1124	CTLAIRQCK	10	ERN1			523	3.11			0.0028	0.056	

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molif	A1	A21	A3.2	A11	A24
5.005	CTELKISDY	9	FLU	A	NP	44	1	3.6				
5.006	STELKISDY	9	FLU	A	NP	377	3	0.007				
5.004	LILKSVAHK	9	FLU	A	NP	365	3			1.5	0.0037	
5.001	RMCHNLKCK	9	FLU	A	NP	221	3			0.27	0.062	
5.006	LMQCSLPR	9	FLU	A	NP	166	3			0.031	0.10	
5.008	MDICGRPY	9	FLU	A	NP	32	3			0.059	0.0010	
5.009	MYLSADDER	9	FLU	A	NP	66	3			0.0016	0.041	
5.004	YQMACTEK	9	FLU	A	NP	40	3			0.0031	0.030	
5.002	QNDNNFWR	9	FLU	A	NP	200	3			0.0028	0.024	
5.004	SLMQCSLPR	10	FLU	A	NP	165	3			0.12	0.84	
5.005	RMIDICGRPY	10	FLU	A	NP	31	3			0.50	0.0079	
5.006	LILKSVAHK	10	FLU	A	NP	204	3			0.36	0.037	
5.002	RSCAAGCAAYK	10	FLU	A	NP	175	3			0.019	0.0046	
5.005	SGTLELSRY	10	FLU	A	NP	376	3			0.016	0.016	
5.003	RSRYVAHNR	10	FLU	A	NP	382	3			0.012	0	
5.001	RMVLSADDER	10	FLU	A	NP	65	3			0.0014	0.010	
5.000	PTQMACTEL	9	FLU	A	NP	39	24					2.9
5.012	AYEHMCHNL	9	FLU	A	NP	218	24					0.001
5.012	RPTQMCTEL	10	FLU	A	NP	38	24					0.15

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Motif	A1	A21	A3.2	A11	A24
1055	LIDITASALY	9	HBV	ad	CORE	420	1	25		0.0007	0	
1086	PDGASALY	9	HBV	ad	POL	172	1	17.2	0.007	0.0006	0	
2005	PTTCRSY	9	HBV	ad	POL	1381	1	1.3	0.0008	0	0	
2016	MTTIDALY	9	HBV	ad		1.51	1	0.65	<0.0004	0	0	
1088	PTTCRSY	9	HBV	ad	POL	1382	1	0.77	0	0	0	
1087	PTTCRSY	9	HBV	ad	POL	1280	1	0.50	0.0003	0.0005	0	
1066	KYGNFTGLY	9	HBV	ad	POL	629	1	0.68	0.30	0.014	0	
2017	MSPTIDALY	9	HBV	ad		1.550	1	0.67				
2010	PSQSRGKAY	9	HBV	ad		884	1	0.67				
2012	PSQSRGKAY	9	HBV	ad		316	1	0.67				
2019	GSAYVREAY	9	HBV	ad		881	1	0.65				
1074	PLDGKLY	9	HBV	ad	POL	698	1	0.69	<0.0002	<0.0007		
1078	SLMLLYKY	9	HBV	ad	POL	1092	1	0.017				
2015	ASGLDLY	9	HBV	ad		499	1	0.013				
2014	PSGRCGLY	9	HBV	ad/adw		1.564	1	0.011				
2021	SSQNNLY	9	HBV	ad		1.056	1	0.0097				
10619	DLLIDTASALY	9	HBV	ad		419	1	1.11	0	0		
10613	LIDPRVGLY	10	HBV	ad	CORE	120	1	6.3	<0.0009	0.0007		
20209	LSDDVGLY	10	HBV	ad	ENV	1000	1	4.2				
10911	PLDQGLY	10	HBV	ad	POL	1250	1	1.1	0.0025	0.004	0.0048	0.0017
2016	QTCRKLY	10	HBV	ad		1087	1	1.1	0.056	0.012	0	
2004	QTCRKLY	10	HBV	ad	POL	1098	1	0.66	0.0003	0.39	0.12	0
2082	QTCRKLY	10	HBV	ad		1087	1	0.57	0.0020	0.33	0.15	0.0001
1091	KTCRKLY	10	HBV	ad	POL	1087	1	0.32	0.0007	0.0007	0.011	
1056	KTCRKLY	10	HBV	ad	POL	1065	1	0.34	0.0023	0.094	0.090	0
2041	KTCRKLY	10	HBV	ad		1.065	1	0.30	0.0007	0.15	0.095	0
10766	LDPKRVGLY	10	HBV	ad	ENV	120	1	0.21	0.014	0	0	
10806	TPAQCSALY	10	HBV	ad	ENV	288	1	0.20	0	0	0	
10641	PLDKGLY	10	HBV	ad	POL	1.055	1	0.20	<0.0009	0	0	
20208	HSASRCSSY	10	HBV	ad		698	1	0.16	0	0	0	
1074	PLDQGLY	10	HBV	ad	POL	767	1	0.15	0	0.019	0.017	0
2022	RSASRCSSY	10	HBV	ad		179	1	0.12	0	0	0	
1074	WTWQNDIDY	10	HBV	ad/adw	CORE	748	1	0.11	0	0.003	0.020	0
2023	TPAQCSALY	10	HBV	ad		416	1	0.081	<0.0007	<0.0007		
10624	ITLWAGLY	10	HBV	ad	POL	723	1	0.96				
2021	TSQTPRCY	10	HBV	ad		276	1	0.016				

Pepide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Mont	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
2006	KSQIIESSY	10	HBV	adw				0.016				
10910	NTYVELLY	10	HBV	adw	POL	1069	1	0.015				
2009	LLVQTRCK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1094	3		1.8	0.04		
2016	IMFAIRYK	9	HBV	adw		713	3		0.99	1.5		
2002	CLISGVNR	9	HBV	adw	POL	867	3		0.14	0.025		
5006	SACISVNR	9	HBV	adw	POL	531	3		<0.003	0.067		
2007	HLHQDIKK	9	HBV	adw	POL	686	3		0.041	0.0075		
2007	SLVQEHQK	10	HBV	adw/adw	POL	1197	3		0.36	4.2		
2024	SMFPCCLTK	10	HBV	adw/adw		285	3		0.43	1.9		
2025	SMFPCCLTK	10	HBV	adw		295	3		1.1	1.9		
50107	QATFPTFK	10	HBV	adw	POL	665	3		0.15	1.3		
2014	LLVQTRCK	10	HBV	adw	POL	1003	3		0.99	0.0075		
5008	YMDQVGLCK	10	HBV	adw	POL	1123	3		0.16	0.0075		
2004	PTKATCK	9	HBV	adw	POL	530	3		0.006	0.013		
2004	PTKATCK	9	HBV	adw		1263	11		0.000	0.006		
2001	KTDLATK	9	HBV	adw	-X-	1552	11		0.0002	0.016		
2009	LYAAVTRK	9	HBV	adw		1330	24				3.6	
2006	PTNLTKL	9	HBV	adw		1169	24				3.2	
2005	LYSTVSRP	9	HBV	adw/adw		689	24				2.1	
2008	PTKATCK	9	HBV	adw		645	24				1.9	
2009	PTKATCK	9	HBV	adw		718	24				1.7	
2003	LYSLSPFL	9	HBV	adw		586	24				1.6	
2004	LYSTVTRK	9	HBV	adw		656	24				0.37	
2003	LYSLSPFL	9	HBV	adw		368	24				0.34	
2005	NTKSWTRK	9	HBV	adw		991	24				0.18	
2005	HTGTRTK	9	HBV	adw/adw		743	24				0.15	
2007	LYSTVTRK	9	HBV	adw		714	24				0.057	
2006	GYTALPFL	9	HBV	adw		1274	24				0.048	
5004	ATFTRNAP	9	HBV	adw	NTCCNCTKTS	131	24				0.036	
2004	LYQTRCK	9	HBV	adw		1085	24				0.016	
2001	STQHRLK	10	HBV	adw		607	24				0.011	
2001	LYSHPLCP	10	HBV	adw		1077	24				1.1	
2002	LYAAVTRK	10	HBV	adw		1146	24				0.32	
2008	LYSLSPFL	10	HBV	adw		1321	24				0.25	
2019	STQHRLK	10	HBV	adw/adw		607	24				0.16	
2017	STQHRLK	10	HBV	adw/adw		576	24				0.066	



Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molt.	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
2016	YVEILLANT	10	HBV	gfw		75	24					0.040
2017	ATRNANL	10	HBV	All		521	24					0.032
2018	GYWACMLR	10	HBV	All		234	24					0.011
3015	NELSLCHL	10	HBV	All		572	24					0.0099
1089	YVSLMLYK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1090	3.11			0.31	7.4	
1089	LLVYTCRK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1064	3.11			5.0	3.30	
1079	LLVYTCRK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1095	3.11			2.5	0.40	
1070	YTKYPLDK	9	HBV	adw	POL	722	3.11			0.14	1.3	
1076	BHVLTHWK	9	HBV	adw	POL	719	3.11			1.2	0.010	
1067	STYSENPK	9	HBV	adw	POL	668	3.11			0.021	0.93	
1045	TYSLLYK	9	HBV	adw	Y	1523	3.11			0.0006	0.92	
1048	PTKALIK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1061	3.11			0.39	0.92	
1067	LYVYACRK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1274	3.11			0.17	0.71	
1058	STNRQCRK	9	HBV	adw	ENV	85	3.11			0.54	0.020	
1091	ALRQSKRK	9	HBV	adw	Y	1468	3.11			0.51	0.34	
1077	TVNDRQWK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1197	3.11			0.44	<0.005	
1069	TVNDRQWK	9	HBV	adw	POL	703	3.11			0.020	0.41	
1041	VNDRQWK	9	HBV	adw	POL	740	3.11			0.016	0.40	
1015	STSTQCRK	9	HBV	adw	ENV	272	3.11			0.020	0.35	
1013	QVLPKLIK	9	HBV	adw	Y	1505	3.11			0.011	0.29	
1072	LLVYPLDK	9	HBV	adw	POL	623	3.11			0.10	0.28	
1074	CLHQAVRK	9	HBV	adw	POL	828	3.11			0.029	0.23	
1060	VYVQSKK	9	HBV	adw	POL	853	3.11			0.22	0.017	
1062	PLVACQAK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1259	3.11			0.18	0.04	
2004	VYVNMWMLK	9	HBV	gfw	CODE	507	3.11			0.16	0.04	
1019	PLVACQAK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1230	3.11			0.11	0.018	
1072	BLADEQAK	9	HBV	adw	POL	601	3.11			0.10	0.05	
1075	AVNDRQWK	9	HBV	adw	POL	711	3.11			0.0071	0.098	
1077	BLKRLQAK	9	HBV	adw	POL	660	3.11			0.095	0.002	
1093	LYKRETR	9	HBV	adw	POL	720	3.11			0.095	<0.005	
1065	KYVQLQCRK	9	HBV	adw	Y	1548	3.11			0.062	0.062	
1065	NYSPIQWK	9	HBV	adw	POL	621	3.11			0.072	0.076	
1062	LLVYTCRK	9	HBV	adw	POL	1065	3.11			0.072	0.045	
1079	PLVQCRK	9	HBV	adw	Y	752	3.11			0.068	0.002	
1019	PLVQCRK	9	HBV	adw	Y	1550	3.11			0.085	0.019	
1042	PLVQCRK	9	HBV	adw	POL	786	3.11			0.064	0.002	

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molif	A1	A21	A32	A11	A24
11093	MALTYRGR	9	HBV	adv	POL	1094	3.11			0.061	0.0002	
11070	TNDEKGRK	9	HBV	adv	POL	674	3.11			0.046	0.0027	
11065	NLYVYRGR	9	HBV	adv	POL	1286	3.11			0.042	0.0011	
11064	LYRRTGR	9	HBV	adv	POL	1407	3.11			0.021	0	
10861	LYSHCVWR	9	HBV	adv	COBE	569	3.11			0.0033	0.0020	
10861	LYSSCLGR	9	HBV	adv	POL	1022	3.11			0.0008	0.0015	
10867	HSLTGR	9	HBV	adv	COBE	404	3.11			0.013	0.011	
11067	SVYSRLPGR	9	HBV	adv	POL	1424	3.11			0.0007	0.010	
10969	SVYSRLPGR	9	HBV	adv	POL	1395	3.11			0.0004	0.010	
10564	TLRQEHNLK	10	HBV	adv	POL	1179	3.11			0.097	5.6	
20005	TYVYVNHVHK	10	HBV	adv	POL	669	3.11			0.067	4.2	
10543	TYVYACILYK	10	HBV	adv	POL	724	3.11			3.5	1.0	
11153	RLPYRPTGR	10	HBV	adv	ENV	295	3.11			1.5	3.4	
10544	STTDYAYGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	1406	3.11			2.8	0.030	
10554	LLVYRGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	1522	3.11			0.0046	2.2	
10099	TQNAIRDLK	10	HBV	adv	POL	1065	3.11			2.5	0.012	
10546	LYVYRGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	1529	3.11			0.027	0.24	
11081	LYVYRGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	1527	3.11			0.0029	0.68	
10099	MLVYRGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	1094	3.11			0.61	0.020	
10546	LYVYRGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	858	3.11			0.26	0.092	
11152	SLCHLHPRK	10	HBV	adv	POL	1150	3.11			0.20	0.092	
10947	VTCCVYVHK	10	HBV	adv	POL	943	3.11			0.19	0.0049	
11150	RLYRTPAR	10	HBV	adv	POL	942	3.11			0.055	0.17	
10581	TNCHQVYK	10	HBV	adv	POL	1940	3.11			0.079	0.092	
11071	SLPQPTGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	1377	3.11			0.077	0.043	
11069	TLFETVYK	10	HBV	adv	COBE	532	3.11			<0.0003	0.075	
21010	STFETVYK	10	HBV	adv	COBE	1320	3.11			0.005	0.072	
11146	KTYCTDLK	10	HBV	adv	POL	531	3.11			0.0005	0.066	
10955	STRCHDSGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	721	3.11			0.007	0.053	
10870	NTKYLIDK	10	HBV	adv	POL	921	3.11			0.0067	0.038	
11093	SLCHLHPRK	10	HBV	adv	POL	721	3.11			0.039	0.049	
10993	RCCQLDVAR	10	HBV	adv	POL	1432	3.11			<0.004	0.021	
10993	SLCHLHPRK	10	HBV	adv	POL	1179	3.11			0.0049	0.021	
10993	LYVYRGR	10	HBV	adv	POL	536	3.11			0.017	0.014	
10993	LYVYRGR	10	HBV	adv	COBE	536	3.11			0.015	0.047	

Pepide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Moif	A1	A21	A32	A11	A24
20207	PGCLTYNEK	10	HBV	ayw	POL	698	311			0.052	0.015	
10535	YVCLTYNEK	10	HBV	adp	POL	669	311			0.067	0.014	
11095	RLADECLNRR	10	HBV	adp	POL	601	311			0.013	0.004	
11086	VLKLQCFR	10	HBV	adp	POL	1185	311			0.013	0.024	
10773	PFSWAFAR	10	HBV	adw	ENV	314	311			<0.0001	0.010	
10778	LTNNENRLK	10	HBV	adw	POL	702	311			0.0025	0.0095	

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molwt	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
1018	CTGCGSGLY	9	HCV		LORE	1123	1	3.0		0	0.010	
10112	NRDVQYLY	9	HCV		NSI/ENVZ	647	1	0.60		0	0.010	
10034	VQKNCNSY	9	HCV			302	1	0.54		0.005	0.0003	
20035	LTPRCAMDY	9	HCV			605	1	0.70				
10145	RVCERMAFY	9	HCV		LORE	2588	1	0.053				
10140	DVCCSMGY	9	HCV		LORE	2416	1	0.039				
20036	FTKIRKMY	9	HCV			626	1	0.012				
10050	GLSARLSHY	10	HCV		LORE	2888	1	0.41	0.0002	0.013	0.0004	0.0002
10069	TLHGHTLLY	10	HCV			1617	1	0.30		0.11	0.0024	
20087	EYVLLLEL	9	HCV			719	24					1.4
20109	MYGCGVEHL	10	HCV			633	24					0.026
20170	EYVLLLELL	10	HCV			719	24					0.010
10139	SVPAELRLK	9	HCV		LORE	2269	3.11		0.016	0.27		
10055	QLPTSPRR	9	HCV		ENVZ	290	3.11		0.75	0.033		
10090	RLCRAATRK	9	HCV		LORE	43	3.11		0.74	0.16		
10132	LTPCRSKK	9	HCV		LORE	1391	3.11		0.54	0.19		
10122	HLPCRSKK	9	HCV		LORE	1390	3.11		0.25	0.010		
10052	KTERSQPR	9	HCV		LORE	51	3.11		0.16	0.04		
10120	AVCTRCVAK	9	HCV		LORE	1183	3.11		0.016	0.038		
10143	EYVCQPEK	9	HCV		LORE	2563	3.11		0.019	0.033		
10137	TRVVEBNK	9	HCV		LORE	2241	3.11		0.015	0.0079		
10057	CIHSILGR	9	HCV		LORE	1042	3.11		0.095	0.011		
10096	GYAGALVAK	10	HCV		LORE	1858	3.11		0.87	1.1		
10080	HLHATRSKK	10	HCV		LORE	1227	3.11		0.57	0.051		
10082	RMVGVGEHR	10	HCV		NSI/ENVZ	632	3.11		0.27	0.012		
10065	HLPCRSKK	10	HCV		LORE	1390	3.11		0.27	0.025		
10064	TLGRCAYMSK	10	HCV		LORE	1261	3.11		0.17	0.13		
10067	CVGNYLPNR	10	HCV		LORE	3002	3.11		0.0029	0.023		
11063	LRLRLADAR	10	HCV		NSI/ENVZ	723	3.11		0.015	0		

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Motif	A1	A21	A22	A11	A24
10014	FDVYDFRY	9	HIV		CAC	298	1	0.090				
20129	TVQVMDLY	9	HIV			875	1	0.064				
10008	TVLDVGDY	9	HIV		POL	802	1	0.018				
10012	TVLDVGDY	10	HIV		POL	801	1	0.28			0.0066	
10015	VIQVMDLY	10	HIV		POL	874	1	0.25			0.0004	
20032	VTLDVGDY	10	HIV			801	1	0.088			0.0007	0.0090
10041	EVNVTDSY	10	HIV		POL	1167	1	0.053				
10041	LVAVHVSQY	10	HIV		POL	1329	1	0.059				
20051	ISQVGFNY	10	HIV		POL	1345	1	0.013				
20055	QMAVHINRK	10	HIV			742	1	0.013				
20064	RTLDQQL	9	HIV			1432	3		0.61	0.64		
20034	RTLDQQL	9	HIV			2778	24				0.76	
20065	TVQVMDY	9	HIV			2778	24				0.32	
20031	TVQVMDY	9	HIV			1033	24				0.30	
20063	TVQVMDY	9	HIV			1033	24				0.20	
20032	TVQVMDY	9	HIV			1036	24				0.092	
20066	TVQVMDY	9	HIV			875	24				0.033	
20047	TVKWHGL	10	HIV			266	24				0.013	
20190	TVKWHGL	10	HIV			266	24				0.017	
20249	LYTLASGL	10	HIV			266	24				0.014	
10069	KLACWPPK	9	HIV			506	24				0.014	
10044	AVRHINRA	9	HIV		POL	1358	311		2.7	0.069		
10032	AVRHINRA	9	HIV		POL	1424	311		0.17	1.8		
10065	TVWCKTPK	9	HIV		POL	859	311		1.1	0.96		
10079	KLTERWVK	9	HIV		VIF	1272	311		0.085	0.37		
10077	GIPEAGLK	9	HIV		POL	788	311		0.013	0.27		
10059	QIEQLRK	9	HIV		POL	1215	311		0.23	0.065		
10059	KWPSYCKR	9	HIV		CAC	443	311		0.091	0.16		
10072	LIATDQK	9	HIV		POL	1458	311		0.12	0.0005		
10036	MGTEHAK	9	HIV		POL	925	311		0.025	0.098		
10062	VLAVVAHK	9	HIV		POL	1227	311		0.064	0.096		
10058	KWPSHCKR	9	HIV		CAC	443	311		0.077	0.057		
10047	PNTPPLVK	9	HIV		POL	1111	311		0.077	<0.0005		
10024	NTPVEARK	9	HIV		POL	792	311		0.032	0.066		
10090	TVQCTGK	9	HIV		ENV	2420	311		0.031	0.060		
10013	ILDRQCKK	9	HIV		CAC	297	311		0.021	0.046		
									0.042	0.0046		

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
10015	RDVDFPDK	9	HIV		GAG	299	3.11		0.002	0.040	0.040	
10054	GLDQAPDK	9	HIV		POL	1199	3.11		<0.002	0.040	0.040	
10064	VLELDGDK	9	HIV		POL	1254	3.11		0.038	0.032		
10076	LVDFRELDK	9	HIV		POL	768	3.11		0.011	0.030		
10078	KVDFREKAK	9	HIV		POL	1513	3.11		0.029	0.009		
10042	MTKLEFTR	9	HIV		POL	859	3.11		<0.008	0.016		
10043	TVYGVYVWK	10	HIV		ENV	2185	3.11		3.8	7.8		
10047	TVQVILPEK	10	HIV		POL	955	3.11		0.16	5.6		
10047	AVDHNFREK	10	HIV		POL	1434	3.11		0.46	0.8		
10047	KVLELDGDK	10	HIV		POL	1233	3.11		0.36	0.78		
10048	KLVDFRELDK	10	HIV		POL	768	3.11		0.51	0.090		
10043	KLVDFRELDK	10	HIV		POL	768	3.11		0.39	0.076		
10095	FLCKWFSYK	10	HIV		GAG	440	3.11		0.32	0.024		
10056	KLNFRVYTR	10	HIV		POL	1474	3.11		0.032	0.21		
10010	GIHFPAELDK	10	HIV		POL	788	3.11		0.011	0.17		
10026	LVKLVPOLDK	10	HIV		POL	1117	3.11		0.056	0.082		
10098	MGGGGRK	10	HIV		POL	642	3.11		0.0099	0.055		
10043	MTKLEFTRK	10	HIV		POL	859	3.11		0.015	0.038		
10094	VYQNSDQK	10	HIV		POL	1504	3.11		<0.002	0.021		
10094	FLCKWFSYK	10	HIV		GAG	440	3.11		0.020	0.0013		
10097	TVQGNLNLK	10	HIV		ENV	2241	3.11		0.0034	0.019		
10017	FTTDFKKHK	10	HIV		POL	909	3.11		<0.002	0.015		
10005	LVETCTMEK	10	HIV		POL	729	3.11		0.0002	0.012		
10092	LVQNAIPCEK	10	HIV		GAG	317	3.11		<0.002	0.011		

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
10225	SESTINITY	9	HPV	16	E5	80	1	7.8		0.011	0.036	
10230	QAEPRALTY	9	HPV	16	E7	44	1	0.021		<0.0002	<0.0002	
10610	LODIEETVY	10	HPV	16	E6	75	1	0.25		0.0056	0.012	
20193	YKSEETVHY	10	HPV	16	E5	117	77			<0.0009	0	
20162	YKSEETVHY	10	HPV	16	E5	77	2	0.11		<0.0009	0	
10599	HCOTTLTLEY	10	HPV	16	E7	2	1	0.087		<0.0002	<0.0002	
10601	QDETITLVCY	10	HPV	16	E7	16	1	0.033				
10813	ILIDTLETCY	10	HPV	16	E5	30	1	0.032		0.0052	0.019	
10584	AVCDTCLTCLTY	10	HPV	16	E5	64	1	0.0095		<0.0002	<0.0002	
20180	YSRIEELHY	10	HPV	18	E6	72	1	0.018				
20164	YSRIEELHY	10	HPV	18	E6	72	1	0.012				
20161	LLRLCLRCCK	10	HPV	18	E6	101	3			0.081	0.078	
20023	HTMALDCCK	9	HPV	18	E7	59	11			0.020	0.079	
20009	YCKTYTEL	9	HPV	18	E5	33	24					0.33
20007	CYSKGTTL	9	HPV	16	E5	67	24					0.057
20004	VTDPARNDL	9	HPV	16	E5	49	24					0.032
20001	LYNDLRLCL	9	HPV	18	E5	95	24					0.019
20000	YVCDTLRLC	9	HPV	18	E5	85	24					0.010
10229	SVYGDTLER	9	HPV	18	E5	84	3.11			0.29	2.3	
10243	SVYGDTLER	9	HPV	18	E5	84	3.11			0.55	1.1	
10244	SVYGDTLER	9	HPV	18	E5	84	3.11			0.70	0.95	
10226	TTLEQVYNN	9	HPV	16	E5	93	3.11			0.010	0.47	
10241	SIRPLAACIK	9	HPV	18	E5	59	3.11			0.0094	0.25	
10227	SIRPLAACIK	9	HPV	18	E5	59	3.11			0.017	0.12	
10233	IVCPKCSCK	9	HPV	16	E7	89	3.11			0.055	0.023	
10997	KLRHLNKKR	9	HPV	18	E5	117	3.11			0.05	<0.0005	
10234	LLRLCLRCCK	9	HPV	18	E5	102	3.11			0.019	0.012	
10853	ILLECTVCK	9	HPV	16	E5	33	3.11			0.0016	0.019	
10999	CLDPFSIR	9	HPV	18	E5	68	3.11			0.017	0.018	
10996	GLTLEQVNN	9	HPV	18	E5	68	3.11			0.010	0.0095	
10596	GLTLEQVNN	9	HPV	16	E5	92	3.11			0.010	0.08	
10606	LLRLCLRCCK	10	HPV	18	E5	101	3.11			0.026	0.29	
10629	LLRLCLRCCK	10	HPV	16	E5	106	3.11			0.12	0.24	
10614	LTLYEFAR	10	HPV	18	E5	101	3.11			0.16	0.11	
10605	GLVCPKCSCK	10	HPV	18	E5	41	3.11			0.0009	0.11	
10625	LTLYEFAR	10	HPV	16	E7	88	3.11			0.0017	0.060	
10991	DILLCEVYAR	10	HPV	18	E6	41	3.11			0.0012	0.041	
11011	KLRHLNKKR	10	HPV	16	E6	32	3.11			0.0065	0.021	
11095	CYCKKQDLR	10	HPV	18	E6	117	3.11			0.013	0	
		10	HPV	16	E6	37	3.11			0.011	0.0656	

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molif	A1	A2.1	A2.2	A11	A24
2000	EVPEPALLY	9	MACE	3		161	1	18		0.002	0.009	
10172	EALPVSIV	9	MACE	5/19		161	1	99		0.006	0.006	0
10254	TDGLVVERV	9	MACE			240	1	21		0	0.002	0
30172	EVPEPVSIV	9	MACE	4		161	1	19		<0.001	0.001	0
10254	EALPVSIV	9	MACE	1		161	1	11		0	0	
10259	LYVERVLEY	9	MACE	1		240	1	0.42		0.0013	0.053	
40053	TSYVAVLEY	9	MACE	1	new	275	1	0.099				
20009	SSALPVSIV	9	MACE	3		9	1	0.055				
20011	GSVCHNNDV	9	MACE	3		77	1	0.050				
20008	SSSESTIVV	9	MACE	2		77	1	0.043				
10252	MSLESTIVV	9	MACE	1		128	1	0.011				
20107	ASGLPVSIV	10	MACE	3		8	1	2.6		<0.009	0.003	
20102	LYVERVLEY	10	MACE	1		259	1	1.2		<0.009	0.0073	
20114	TSYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1		276	1	0.56				
20116	SSSESTIVV	10	MACE	2	new	8	1	0.17				
10448	SSSESTIVV	10	MACE	1		742	1	0.044				
40004	TSYVAVLEY	9	MACE	1	new	275	3					
40019	TSYVAVLEY	9	MACE	1		66	3			0.71	0.010	
40004	ALPVSIV	9	MACE	1	new	271	3			0.003	0.27	
40002	LYVERVLEY	9	MACE	1		229	3			0.31	0.36	
40003	LYVERVLEY	9	MACE	1	new	240	3			<0.003	0.14	
40051	HEALPVSIV	9	MACE	1		240	3	0.50		0.005	0.04	
40022	LYPVSIV	8	MACE	1		229	3			0.014	0.009	
40014	IVVERVPSAL	10	MACE	1	new	97	3			0.011	0.005	
40016	ADLVCHLLK	10	MACE	1		250	3			0.43	0.009	
40060	BSALPVSIV	10	MACE	1		107	3			0.33	0.29	
40017	ELVVERVLEY	10	MACE	1	new	242	3			0.14	0.08	
40018	LYVERVLEY	10	MACE	1		242	3			0.012	0.021	
40018	LYVERVLEY	10	MACE	1	new	242	3			0.015	0.020	
40018	LYVERVLEY	10	MACE	1		242	3			<0.003	0.017	
40015	KALPVSIV	10	MACE	1	new	270	11			<0.003	0.007	
20003	NYVWSDV	9	MACE	3		15	24			0.18	0.24	
20015	NYVWSDV	10	MACE	3		115	24					0.027
20015	NYVWSDV	10	MACE	3		115	24					0.04
40018	STYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1	new	276	24					0.04
10004	SYNPEPVSIV	9	MACE	1		319	311			4.1	2.2	
10027	LYVERVLEY	9	MACE	1		66	311			0.003	1.3	
1004	STYVAVLEY	9	MACE	1		239	311			0.016	1.0	
1004	STYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1		96	311			0.0001	0.38	
1004	STYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1		96	311			1.2	0.98	
1004	STYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1		218	311			0.0004	0.16	
1004	STYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1		119	311			0.14	0.027	
1004	STYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1		187	311			0.020	0.011	
1004	STYVAVLEY	10	MACE	1		187	311			0.015	0.015	



Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Molif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
10081	CSQCTTHY	9	p55			226	1	28.5		0.0010	0.029	
10067	GTAKSTCTCY	10	p51			117	1	0.13	0	0.025	0.049	0
10072	RVEGSLNVEY	10	p53			195	1	0.022		0.0014	0.020	
10078	RVDAMATK	9	p53			156	3.11			1.5	0.73	
10085	CTSPALNK	9	p53			124	3.11			0.46	1.1	
10085	NTSSSPQPK	9	p53			211	3.11			0.0009	0.095	
10084	RTEENLRK	9	p53			283	3.11			0.0015	0.091	
10087	ELVEALEK	9	p53			343	3.11			0.020	0.062	
10028	RTEENLRK	10	p53			283	3.11			3.3	0.0060	
11013	KTYGSGYGR	10	p53			101	3.11			2.6	0.88	
11015	VVARCTHGR	10	p53			172	3.11			0.099	0.0017	
10079	NTSSSPQPK	10	p53			311	3.11			0.0085	0.054	
11021	RVCACPGDR	10	p53			273	3.11			0.014	0.011	
11016	GLAPPHLR	10	p53			187	3.11			0.013	0.0006	

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecule	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
3075	KCEVPEMY	9	PAP			322	1	3.4		<0.002	0.002	0
3074	LCETIRKRY	9	PAP			81	1	0.78		<0.002	0.002	0
3066	ASCHLTLEY	9	PAP			311	1	0.77	<0.002	<0.002	0.055	0
3063	ESYKIEGVY	9	PAP			95	1	0.068		<0.002	0.002	0
3027	LESLSLSLY	10	PAP			238	1	14		0.0025	0.004	0
3025	LESLSLSLY	10	PAP			238	1	12		0.0025	0.004	0
3026	LTQICMCHY	10	PAP			70	1	0.62	0.005	0.015	0.0024	0.0022
3028	KCEVPEMY	10	PAP			322	1	0.018		0.0057	0.099	
3029	LVNEIDNHK	10	PAP			263	3			0.065	0.12	
3058	ATQIPYRK	9	PAP			774	11			0.10	1.2	
3021	ETLKSEERK	10	PAP			170	11			<0.004	0.014	2.5
3061	LYFEKGRF	9	PAP			318	24					
3060	LYCEVGNF	9	PAP			213	24					0.44
3059	PYCDPALT	9	PAP			183	24					0.11
3062	VYNGCLPPT	9	PAP			302	24					0.022
3023	PTVSCHTL	10	PAP			309	24					0.024

Peptide	Sequence	AA	Virus	Strain	Molecular	Pos.	Meth	A1	A3.2	A11	A36
1.0270	ALPERPRLY	9	PSA			231	1	0.011			
2.0137	VSRRPPFLY	10	PSA			88	1	0.15	0.0003	0.0013	
1.0263	FLYDRLK	9	PSA			95	3.11		0.34	0.037	
1.0272	VYRYRWLE	9	PSA			342	3.11		0.0072	0.003	
1.0272	YRYRWLE	9	PSA			239	3.11		0.0006	0.006	
1.1029	SLQWRPLR	9	PSA			100	3.11		0.0026	0.007	
1.0260	IVQWRQCK	9	PSA			21	3.11		0.001	0.019	
1.0269	QVRFQRYTE	9	PSA			162	3.11		0.0000	0.016	
1.1112	SLYRWVYR	10	PSA			227	3.11		0.20	0.25	
1.0663	LTAACQENK	10	PSA			37	3.11		0.14	0.003	
1.0661	SYQWRQCK	10	PSA			20	3.11		0.006	0.007	
1.0663	EVVYRWKWK	10	PSA			243	3.11		0.003	0.006	
1.1111	VYQRLCGR	10	PSA			180	3.11		0.0003	0.012	
3.0108	MLLRLSEPA	9	PSA			118	(Random)				

Table 5

Sequence	Size	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Freq	Pos.	Motif	A01 Bind.	A03 Bind.	A11 Bind.	A24 Bind.
EDPTIGHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	12.5000			
ENDPTIGHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	8.0000			
ENDPIAHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	5.5000			
ESPAFDNLY	10	HER-2/new				1213	A01	5.5000	0.0005	0.0010	
EVDAIGHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	5.3500			
ENDPIGILY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	5.0000			
EVDPIGHAY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	4.6500			
ENDPTIGHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	3.4500			
EVDPICHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	2.9500			
EVDPIGHSY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	2.6667			
EVDPAGHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	2.4000			
EVDPASNTY	9	MAGE	4			161	A01	1.5000			
FLSEDQLLY	9	PAP				147	A01	1.2000	0.0005	0.0001	
LSAFSLHST	9	HCY				2889	A01	0.8100	0.0002	0.0002	
IPSYKLLMY	10	PAP				277	A01	0.5650			
YASCHLTLY	10	PAP				310	A01	0.5467	0.0003	0.0002	
EVDPICHLA	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	0.3300			
CHGKNGMSY	10	HER-2/new				826	A01	0.2967	0.0003	0.0001	
WGSQCTTHY	10	p53				225	A01	0.2600	0.0003	0.0003	
EVAPIGHLY	9	MAGE3a	3	analog		161	A01	0.1800			

Table 5

Sequence	Size	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Freq	Pos.	Motif	A01 Blad.	A03 Blad.	A11 Blad.	A24 Blad.
ESHPMPGRI	10	HER-2/neu				280	A01	0.1800	0.0003	0.0003	
ASCVTACPY	9	HER-2/neu				293	A01	0.0552	0.0008	0.0074	
DSGPDNLX	9	HER-2/neu				1213	A01	0.0425	0.0002	0.0002	
ASPLDSTFY	9	HER-2/neu				997	A01	0.0290	0.0002	0.0004	
RGQLFENDY	10	HER-2/neu				103	A01	0.0205	0.0003	0.0015	
PASPLDSTFY	10	HER-2/neu				996	A01	0.0148	0.0003	0.0001	
PSQRTYQSY	10	p53				98	A01	0.0140	0.0003	0.0003	
KSKYPAAY	9	HCV				1236	A01	0.0134	0.0009	0.0001	
DSSTLCECY	9	HCV				1513	A01	0.0110	0.0002	0.0003	
KISSYHYCY	10	HPV	16	E6		79	A01	0.0090	0.0043	0.0038	
NLTNSLMILY	10	HBV	adw	POL	20	1088	A01	0.0090			
CTRVAMARIY	10	p53				154	A01/O3	0.0027	0.0365	0.0002	
LYCGPDNLGXY	11	HCV				126	A01/11	2.4500	0.0003	0.0120	0.0001
VHNSWGSPY	9	HER-2/neu				773	A01/A03	0.0400	0.0575	0.0079	
TLAKAGILY	9	HBV	adr	POL	100	724	A03	0.0017	0.2667	0.0016	
KLWASQIY	9	HIV		POL		958	A03	0.0070	0.1160	0.0006	
LHGFLLKLY	9	MAGE1	1			109	A03	0.0033	0.0563	0.0012	
ILKSTSPVY	9	HBV	adr	POL	80	1345	A03	0.0017	0.0440	0.0002	
KVLQGLPREY	10	HER-2/neu				545	A03	0.0015	0.0350	0.0050	

Table 5

Sequence	Site	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Frag	Pos.	Motif	A01	A03	A11	A24
GLVFLMPY	9	HER-2/neu						Blnd.	Blnd.	Blnd.	Blnd.
GLNKIVRH	9	HIV				795	A03	0.0024	0.0112	0.0039	
SLGDNQVHK	10	HAGE2	2			274	A03	0.0017	0.0103	0.0002	
QVTDQAEHLK	10	HIV		POL		182	A03		0.0093	0.0014	
LVNAGIRK	8	HIV	con			1419	A03		0.0089	0.0093	
VTDRGRQK	8	HIV	con			1246	A03		0.0091	0.0054	
TVVDNRRLR	11	HLA-A*68 endogenous peptide sequences				1153	A03		0.0090	0.0065	
KISGPIYR	9	HLA-A*68 endogenous peptide sequences					A03/11		0.1050	1.3000	
SLVTKVHY	9	PSA				237	A03/11	0.0017	0.6750	0.0140	
AVANVAARR	9	HLA-A*68 endogenous peptide sequences					A03/11		0.1600	0.0825	
KLNFRVY	9	HIV		POL		1474	A03/11	0.0056	0.1190	0.1350	
ENLESVIRNYK	11	HAGE1				127	A03/11		0.0087	0.0099	
EVAPPEYHRK	10	HLA-A*68 endogenous peptide sequences					A11		0.0008	0.0575	
ETATFLK	8	HIV	consensus			1351	A11		0.0037	0.0425	
ENGLLALL	9	HER-2/neu				8	A24			1.2567	
PYSRLGLI	9	HER-2/neu				780	A24			0.1650	
VTHIVKCM	9	HER-2/neu				951	A24			0.1640	
RYSLTLQL	9	HER-2/neu				440	A24			0.1250	
SECVTWEL	9	HER-2/neu				907	A24			0.1200	
LTSAMPDSL	10	HER-2/neu				410	A24			0.0835	
VNETGVTH	9	HER-2/neu				905	A24			0.0800	

Table 5

Sequence	Size	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Freq	Pos.	Motif	A01 Blad.	A03 Blad.	A11 Blad.	A24 Blad.
SGDVTWELM	10	HER-2/neu				907	A24				0.0630
QLAGLSTL	9	HCV				1777	A24				0.0475
TLPTNASL	9	HER-2/neu				63	A24				0.0375
EVLSFQVH	10	HBV		NUC	90	117	A24				0.0335
KVNLGGRN	9	PSA				190	A24				0.0305
WPHISCLTF	9	HBV		NUC	90	102	A24				0.0300
TSYTGKFL	9	HCV				1296	A24				0.0225
VTAIVKCKH	10	HER-2/neu				951	A24				0.0218
RRELIVSEF	9	HER-2/neu				968	A24				0.0180
CTGLGHEHL	9	HER-2/neu				342	A24				0.0176
QVSPQRVEF	10	HCV				2614	A24				0.0175
KWALLESIL	9	HER-2/neu				887	A24				0.0149
ETLVFQCGFF	10	HER-2/neu				1022	A24				0.0120
RVEDPTVPL	10	HER-2/neu				1111	A24				0.0117
RYTHQSDW	9	HER-2/neu				698	A24				0.0107

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mag Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
DLVGFLLK	9	1		108	3,11			0.0040	0.0014	
QLVFGIDVK	9	1		152	3,11			0.0019	0.0051	
SLFQSLHCK	10	1		2	3,11			0.015	0.015	
SLFRAVITKK	10	1		96	3,11			1.2	0.98	
DLVGFLLK	10	1		108	1	0.0068		0.0069	0.0009	
HEESVIENK	10	1		128	3,11			0.14	0.027	
VEELSWMEV	10	1		215	1	<0.0009		<0.0002	<0.0002	
VYDCREHSAY	10	1		223	1	<0.0009				
LVGFLLKY	9	1		109	1	0.0033		0.056	0.0012	
LVTCGLSY	9	1		171	1	0.0084		0.0014	<0.0002	
LVATCGLSY	10	1		170	1	0.0048	0	0.0013	0.0007	
FLIKYRAR	9	1/2/3		112	3,11			0.0007	<0.0005	
PTTINFROR	10	1		65	3,11			<0.0002	0.0033	
LVGFLLKYR	10	1		109	3,11			0.0034	0.0023	
ENVLEVGRCR	10	1		246	3,11			<0.0002	0	
ELVHFLLK	9	2/3		108	3			0.0045	0.0011	
LVGEPKRL	9	1		231	24					0.0007
ENVLVTCGL	10	1		168	24		0.0006			0.0051
ENVPISHLY	9	2		161	1	0.0028		<0.0002	<0.0002	
ENVVIGHLY	9	21		161	1	0.0002				
LVDPASNTY	9	4		161	1	0.0005				
EVDPSTNTY	9	5/51		161	1	9.9		0.0006	0.0006	0



Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	AI	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
EVDIGHY	9	6		161	1	1.9		<0.0002	<0.0002	0
EMLESYK	8	1		127	3			<0.0003	0	
LVFGIDVK	8	1		153	3			0.0035	0.0037	
GVQGPSLK	8	1		266	3			<0.0003	0.0063	
VNEYDGR	8	1		220	3			<0.0003	0.0007	
VQRYLEY	8	1		244	1	0.0018				
LVCEPRKL	8	1		231	24					0.0017
VKEADPTGHSY	11	1		159	1	<0.0003				
YGEISLVMEVT	11	1		214	1	<0.0003				
EMLESVIKYNK	11	1		127	3		0.0087	0.0099		
EADPTSHTY	9	analog		161	1	0.68				
EVDPTSNTY	9	analog		161	1	1.8				
EALEAQQEA	9	1		14	2.1		0	<0.0002	0	
HELEORSIH	9	1		1	3			0.0025	0.0003	
QSPQASAP	9	1		56	3			0.0004	0	
SAPPTTF	9	1		62	3			<0.0003	0	0.0003
TSCILESIF	9	1		90	3			<0.0003	0	
SCILESIFR	9	1		91	3			<0.0003	0.0026	
LVRAVITK	9	1		97	3			0.011	0.0005	
VGFLLAYR	9	1		110	3			0.0044	0.0051	
SEVINKYKH	9	1		130	3			<0.0003	0	
VKNYKHCF	9	1		132	3			<0.0003	0	

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
DSLSQLVF	9	1,2		147	3			<0.0003	0	
EGDQINPK	9	1		183	3			0.0007	0.0048	
VMIAMEGH	9	1		200	3			<0.0003	0	
MDGREHSAV	9	1		224	3			<0.0003	0	
ETQDLVQEK	9	1		239	3			<0.0003	0.14	
GVVQGPSLK	9	1		265	3			<0.0003	0.0037	
ERLESVKNY	10	1		127	1	0.0006		<0.0002	<0.0002	0
KEADPTGHSY	10	1		160	1	<0.0005		<0.0002	<0.0002	
ASAPPTINF	10	1		61	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
APTINPTR	10	1		63	3			<0.0003	0.0003	
ETINPTR	10	1		65	3			<0.0003	0.0002	
STSCILESLF	10	1		89	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
GPLLLKRRAR	10	1		111	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
KEMLESVIK	10	1		125	3			0.0019	0.0008	
SVIKYKHCP	10	1		131	3			<0.0003	0.0097	
KASLSQLVF	10	1		146	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
DKREADPTGH	10	1		158	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	0.0012
LSVMIAMEGH	10	1		199	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
LSVMEVDGR	10	1		218	3			0.0008	0.0005	
VREVIDGREH	10	1		220	3			<0.0003	0.012	
HGRCTVIPH	10	1		251	3			<0.0003	0.0002	0
SCGVQGPSLK	10	1		264	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
								0.0005	0.0089	

Table 5

Sequence	AA strain	Mega strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
WYDSDPARY	9	1	new	254	1	0.0038				
QVPDSDPAR	9	1	new	254	3			<0.0003	0.0002	
VIKVSARVR	9	1	new	284	3			0.0016	0	
PSLREALR	9	1	new	296	3			<0.0003	0	
ETLWGPRL	9	1	new	264	24					0.0006
ETSYKVLEY	10	1	new	274	1	0.56				
LQGVLEYR	10	1	new	243	3			0.0008	0.0043	
QVPDSDPARY	10	1	new	254	3			0.0014	0.0003	
YKVLEYVIK	10	1	new	277	3			0.0029	0.0015	
YVTVKSARVR	10	1	new	283	3			0.019	0.0009	
RLAETSIVK	10	1	new	270	11			0.18	0.24	
STVKLEYVI	10	1	new	276	24					0.036
FPPLSREAL	10	1	new	294	24					0.0044
SVINNYK	7	1 N	POL	131	3,11			0.0006	0.0028	
FTTAHLESVIK	13	1 n	E6	122	3,11			<0.0003	0	
ETSYKVLEYVIK	13	1 n	E6	273	3,11			0.0044	0.0003	
ITKKNADLVGFLLR	15	1 n	POL	102	3,11			0.40	1.0	
VTQAHLESVINNYK	15	1 n	POL	123	3,11			0.024	0.053	
VGNHGVFPPIFSK	15	3	POL	79	3,11			1.6	0.34	
PRALAETSY	9	1	new	268	1	<0.0018		<0.0003	<0.0002	
FPATCIGLSY	9	3		171	1	0.038		<0.0003	0.0004	
LEQNSLICK	9	1	new	3	3			<0.0002	0	

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
AEHLESVVK	9	1	new	126	3			<0.0002	0.0011	
LSVINYHK	9	1	new	129	3			<0.0002	0.0018	
SELVNEVY	9	1	new	216	3			<0.0002	0	
HEVIDGREH	9	1	new	221	3			<0.0002	0	
DSDPARYEF	9	1	new	256	3			<0.0002	0	
KVSARVRF	9	1	new	285	3			0.0005	0	
VSARVRF	9	1	new	286	3			0.0003	0.0026	
NSPGNASF	9	2		56	3			<0.0002	0	
TLINYLWR	9	2		66	3			0.089	1.1	
QSEGRNRP	9	2		83	3			<0.0002	0	
HPDLESEF	9	2		90	3			<0.0002	0	0.014
SEFOAISR	9	2		96	3			<0.0002	0.0001	
EPQAISRK	9	2		97	3			<0.0002	0.0002	
LVHFLLEY	9	2,3		109	3			0.043	0.010	
AEHLESVLR	9	2		126	3			<0.0002	0	
SVLRHCQDF	9	2		131	3			<0.0002	0	
VLANCQDF	9	2		132	3			<0.0002	0	
DFFPVIFSK	9	2		138	3			<0.0002	0.0022	
VPEASEY	9	2		142	3			0.081	0.033	
VVEVPISH	9	2		159	3			0.0007	0.010	
LEQNVNPK	9	2		183	3			<0.0002	0.0061	
EGHCNPEEK	9	2,3		205	3			<0.0002	0	

Table 5

Sequence	MA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
QEEGPTF	9	3		81	3			<0.0002	0	
TFPOLESEF	9	3		90	3			<0.0002	0	0.0049
SEFQALSR	9	3		96	3			<0.0002	0	
TFQALSRK	9	3		97	3			<0.0002	0.0001	
SVVGNQYF	9	3		131	3			<0.0002	0	
VVGNQYFF	9	3		132	3			0.0022	0.0021	
TFPFVIFSK	9	3		138	3			0.0020	0.0027	
ASSEQLQVF	9	3		147	3			0.0011	0.0089	
EMVDYFICH	9	3		159	3			<0.0002	0	
IVILAIAR	9	3		196	3			0.0069	0.0011	
VOERYLEYR	9	1		244	11			<0.0002	0	
ENQEEGPR	9	2		81	11			<0.0002	0	
EFKNCPEI	9	1	new	135	24					4.8
IFKASESL	9	1	new	143	24					0.0013
CFLLIVLVH	9	1	new	193	24					<0.0002
IFSKASEYL	9	2		143	24					0.023
EFQLVPGI	9	2		149	24					3.5
HMVFPVI	9	3		135	24					0.53
IFSKASSSL	9	3		143	24					0.016
LSVVGNNQY	10	3		129	1	<0.0020		<0.0003	0.0012	
IFATGLSLY	10	3		170	1	<0.0002		0.0005	0.0004	
TFCTLESIFR	10	1	new	90	3			<0.0002	0.015	

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mass Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
LESVIKYNKH	10	1	new	129	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
KESHAYCEPR	10	1	new	227	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
PDSDPARYEP	10	1	new	255	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
LEVYIKUSAR	10	1	new	280	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
VIKVSARVRP	10	1	new	283	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
KVSARVRFF	10	1	new	285	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
STTYNTLAR	10	2		65	3			0.0013	0.0020	
SSNQEEGPR	10	2		80	3			0.0014	0.091	
RHPDLESEP	10	2		89	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
ESEFOAIRS	10	2		95	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	0.0016
SEFOAIRSRK	10	2		96	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
YSEKVELVR	10	2		102	3			0.0012	0.0028	
VELVHFLLK	10	2		107	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
ELVHFLLY	10	2,3		108	3			0.0009	0.0003	
LPHFLLLKYR	10	2		109	3			0.0066	0.0003	
HPZLLKYR	10	2,3		111	3			0.026	0.0022	
KEMLSVLR	10	2		125	3			0.0014	0.0002	
ESVLRNCQPF	10	2		130	3			<0.0002	0.0009	
SVLRNCQDF	10	2		131	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
NCQDFWIF	10	2		135	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
GDPTPIFSK	10	2		137	3			<0.0002	0.0083	
PTFSKASEY	10	2		141	3			0.016	0.0033	

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mag Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
RQSEYQLVP	10	2		146	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	0.0030
EVVEVPFISH	10	2		158	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
VZVVFISHLY	10	2		160	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
ILVTCGLSY	10	2		170	3			0.0036	0.0002	
LGDNQVMPK	10	2		182	3			0.0093	0.0014	
EGDCNPEEK	10	2		204	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
STFPDLESSE	10	3		89	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
EEEFQALSR	10	3		95	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
EEFQALSRK	10	3		96	3			0.0010	0.0010	
LRKRVRELPH	10	3		102	3			<0.0002	<0.0002	
AEVHFILLK	10	3		107	3			0.0008	<0.0002	
LVHILLKYR	10	3		109	3			0.040	0.0014	
GSVVGNNQVF	10	3		130	3			0.0020	0.0008	
SVGNHMYFF	10	3		131	3			0.0085	0.0067	
KASSSLQVP	10	3		146	3			0.0003	0.0008	0.0021
ELMEVDPIGH	10	3		158	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
HEVDPIGHLY	10	3		160	3			0.0004	0.0004	
VDPFGHLYIF	10	3		162	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
SLVYALAIR	10	3		195	3			0.028	0.0021	
RQDCAPEEK	10	3		204	3			<0.0003	<0.0002	
RQPSGSSSR	10	1	new	74	11			0.0009	0.0009	
LGAVFGIDVK	10	1	new	151	11			0.0050	0.0018	

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Wage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
EQVDDSDPAR	10	1	new	252	11			<0.0003	<0.0002	
HWPLMSQSY	10	3	new	68	11			<0.0003	<0.0002	
GFLLIIVLVI	10	1	new	193	24					0.0008
SSSTINTYL	10	2		63	24					0.015
EQQAISRRH	10	2		97	24					<0.0002
LYLLVTCGL	10	2		168	24					0.014
HRQVFFVIF	10	3		135	24					0.017
AVDPIGHLY	9	3	analog	161	1	8.0				
EQDPIGHLY	9	3	analog	161	1	3.5				
EQVPSNTY	9	4		161	1	1.5				
EDTPIGHLY	9	3	analog	161	1	13				
EQDPTGHLY	9	3	analog	161	1	3.0				
ADDSFSPH	9	2		55	A11					
VFSSHYIL	9	2		170	P1					
HEKTLII	9	2		196	P1					
SELEVPEGR	9	2		226	A11					
DSVFAHPRK	9	2		236	A11					
VFAHPRKLL	9	2		238	A24					
MDLVQENY	9	2		247	A01					
DFACIEFLW	9	2		265	P2					
FLAGPRALI	9	2		271	A02					
ALLETSYVK	9	2		277	A03/A11					



Table 5

Sequence	AA	Age Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
TSYKVLHH	9	2		281	A11					
SPHISTYPL	9	2		296	P1					
ISYPLHER	9	2		299	A03/A11					
YSPHERAL	9	2		301	P1					
EPVTKAEM	9	2/3		128	P1					
VPQSDPAC	9	2/3		261	P2					
SOLEARSEA	9	3		14	A03					
CLERNGEAL	9	3		15	A02					
ERNGEALCL	9	3		17	A02					
ALGLVGAQA	9	3		22	A02/A03					
CLVGNQAPA	9	3		24	A02/A03					
LVGAQAPAT	9	3		25	A02					
PTTEQEA	9	3		31	A02/A03					
EAASSSTL	9	3		37	A02					
ASSSTLV	9	3		38	A02					
LVETLGEV	9	3		45	A02					
EVTLGEVPA	9	3		47	A02/A03					
VTLGEVPA	9	3		48	A02/A03					
LVTHMYPL	9	3		71	P1					
SOLESEFQA	9	3		99	A03					
HTLLKYRA	9	3		118	A03					
PPVITFSA	9	3		146	A03					

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
DPIGHLYIF	9	3		170	P2					
GONGIHPRQ	9	3		191	A03					
KPKAGLLII	9	3		196	P1					
RCLLIIVLA	9	3		199	A03					
KIMEELSVL	9	3		220	A02					
SVLEVEGR	9	3		226	A03/A11					
EDSLGDPK	9	3		235	A03/A11					
SLGDPKKL	9	3		237	A02					
YLGDPKKL	9	3		238	A02					
FLMGPRALV	9	3		271	A02					
PRALVETSY	9	3		275	A01					
RALVETSYV	9	3		276	A02					
ALVETSYVK	9	3		277	A03/A11					
LVETSYVRV	9	3		278	A02					
VVRVLHHRV	9	3		283	A02					
KVLHHRVKI	9	3		285	A02					
IVKISGGPH	9	3		290	A03/A11					
ISGGPHISY	9	3		293	A01/A03/A11					
CPHISYPL	9	3		296	P1					
VPPHHEWVL	9	3		301	P1					
VPISHLYIV	10	2		170	P1					
HPKTELLIIV	10	2		196	P1					

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A1.2	A11	A24
VFCREDSVP	10	2		230	A24					
HPRLIMQDL	10	2		241	P1					
LAFDILQENY	10	2		246	A01					
SEFMGPRLI	10	2		270	A24					
GFRLIETSY	10	2		274	P2					
RLIETSYVK	10	2		276	A11					
SYVAVLHNTL	10	2		282	A24					
SYPTLHERAL	10	2		300	A24					
APPEKINBEL	10	2/3		216	P1					
PLDORSQICK	10	3		2	A03/A11					
HCNPEGLEA	10	3		9	A03					
DANGEALGLV	10	3		17	A02					
ROEALGLVGA	10	3		19	A03					
ERGLGLVGAQA	10	3		21	A02/A03					
AGLVGAQAPA	10	3		23	A03					
GLVGAQAPAT	10	3		24	A02					
QAPATEQEA	10	3		29	A02/A03					
BRASSSSTLV	10	3		37	A02					
TEVEVLCEV	10	3		44	A02					
EVVLCVPAA	10	3		47	A02/A03					
FDPQSPQQA	10	3		59	A03					
LETTNHYPLW	10	3		71	P2					

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
PDSEEFQAA	10	3		99	A03					
YEPPVIFSKA	10	3		145	A03					
LGDNQINPKA	10	3		190	A03					
HPKAGLLIIV	10	3		196	P1					
EYFQREDSI	10	3		229	A02					
EDSILGDPEK	10	3		235	A03/A11					
SYLGDPEKLL	10	3		237	A02					
ILGDPEKLLT	10	3		238	A02					
QPPKLLITQH	10	3		240	A03/A11					
DFKLLITQHP	10	3		241	P2					
LQCHFYQENY	10	3		246	A01/A03/A11					
FQCHTYLEYR	10	3		250	A03/A11					
ACEFLWGR	10	3		267	A03/A11					
QPRALVETSY	10	3		274	P2					
RELVEISYVK	10	3		276	A03/A11					
ALVETISYVKV	10	3		277	A02					
LVETISYVKVL	10	3		278	A02					
YVNVLLHHVK	10	3		283	A03/A11					
HYVLSGGPHI	10	3		290	A02					
KISGGPHISY	10	3		292	A01					
SPPHSPQCA	9	2		60	P2A					
APATERQEA	9	3		30	P2A					

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Wage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
DPQSPQCA	9	3		60	P2A					
APATEEQOTA	10	2		30	P2A					
PFQLESEFOA	10	2/3		98	P2A					
APATEEQEAA	10	3		30	P2A					
DFICHLIPA	10	3		170	P2A					
EADPTGHSY	9	1		161	1	0.56	0	0	0.0002	<0.0002
KVADINGFLL	10	1		105		0.0005	0.041	0.0039	0.0030	0.0070
ASLPTTHY	10	3		8	1	2.3			0.043	
TDLVQERY	9	1		240	1	0.57	0.0001	0	0	0
LVQEKLEY	9	1		243	3	016	0	0.0016	0.0098	0
ILLWQIPV	9	3				<0.0007	1.4	0.0048	0.0048	0
EVDPIGHL	9	3				3.7			0.0022	
ASFSSTINY	10	2		8	1	0.016	0	0.0016	0.0054	0
VYGLGLY	8	1		172	1	0.022	0	0.0001	0.0007	0
SSLPTINNY	9	3		9	1	0.037	0	0.013	0.12	0
GSVGNWQY	9	3		77	1	0.0059	0	0.0009	0.025	0
DLVQEKLEY	10	1	new	242	3	0	0	0.0010	0	0
SSFSSTINY	9	2		9	1	0.016	0	0.0095	0.056	0
MLSSVINY	9	1		128	1	0.0016	0.0002	0.0006	0	0
KAVELVHFL	9	2				<0.0007	0.13	0.0007	0	0.0043
KNVELVHFL	10	2		105		<0.0008	0.071	0.0004	0.0001	0.0008
LVQELMEV	10	3				0.0030	0.065	0.0007	0	0

Table 5

Sequence	AA	Wgt Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
SLRAVITK	9	1		96	3,11	<0.0007	0.0001	3.9	2.6	0
ADINGFLLK	10	1		107	3	0.0012	0.0003	0.0081	0.022	0
ESLRAVITK	10	1		95	3	<0.0008	0	0.0090	0.0052	0
MLESVINIK	10	1				0	0	0.034	0.0045	0
LVGLLK	8	1		109	3	0.0029	0.0002	0.027	0.034	0
TTINFTIR	9	1		66	3,11	0	0	0.051	0.40	0
LLAQNQIMPK	10	1/3		182	3,11	<0.0007	0.0001	0.022	0.016	0
SVHEVDGR	9	1		219	3,11	<0.0006	0	0.059	0.32	0
HSAYGEPK	9	1		229	3	0.0007	0	0.0070	0.0015	0
LLATDLVQEK	10	1		238	3,11	<0.0007	0	0.0014	0.011	0
LLQDLVQEK	9	1		239	3,11	0.0011	0	0.0002	0.16	0
NYKHCFEIP	10	1		135	24	0	0	0	0	0.26
LEIPATCLGL	10	3		115	24	<0.0007	0	0.0006	0	0.0035
NYFASQSY	9	3		16	24	<0.0006	0	0	0.0001	0.016
SEVLATCL	8	1		168	24	0.0029	0.00025	0.0020	0.0002	0.0026
ESTSVKVEY	10	1				0.075	0	0.0009	0.0004	0
SESVKVEY	9	1		275	3	0.082	0	0.23	0.013	0
PLHAPRALA	9	1				<0.0006	0.027	0.0015	0	0
ALAEISVIV	10	1		271		<0.0007	0.017	0.0011	0.0029	0
RVRFFPSLR	10	1		290	3	<0.0007	0	0.25	0.0035	0
ALAEISVIV	9	1				<0.0006	0.0002	0.17	0.39	0
LEPDLVQEKY	10	1		239	1	0.041	0	0	0.0002	0

Table 5

Sequence	AA Strain	Mol. Weight	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
GFLLMYA	9	1						0.0004	0.0002	
CFPEYKA	9	1						0	0	
PFPPSLREA	9	1						0	0	
PFPSLREA	9	1						0	0	
RCPEIFGK	9	1		138	3,11			0.0017	0.0022	
NSLHCKPEA	10	1						0.0001	0.0008	
EPLAGPDLA	10	1						0	0	
RFPFPSLREA	10	1						0.0004	0	
FFFPSLREA	10	1						0	0	

Table 5

Sequence	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Position	Motif	A1 Binding	A2 Binding	A3 Binding	A11 Binding	A24 Binding	Max. Binding
FSPAFLNLY	c-ErbB2			1213	A01	5.5000		0.0005	0.0010		5.5000
CMQAKNSV	c-ErbB2			826	A01	0.2967		0.0003	0.0001		0.2967
ESMPNPEGRV	c-ErbB2			280	A01	0.1800		0.0003	0.0003		0.1800
ASCVTACPV	c-ErbB2			293	A01	0.0552		0.0008	0.0074		0.0552
FSPAFLNLY	c-ErbB2			1213	A01	0.0425		0.0002	0.0002		0.0425
ASPLDSTFV	c-ErbB2			997	A01	0.0205		0.0003	0.0004		0.0205
RGTOLEFONY	c-ErbB2			103	A01	0.0148		0.0003	0.0015		0.0148
PASPLDSTFV	c-ErbB2			996	A01	0.0148		0.0003	0.0001		0.0148
LSAFSLIISV	IICV			2889	A01	0.8100		0.0002	0.0002		0.8100
KSTKVPAAV	IICV			1216	A01	0.0134		0.0009	0.0001		0.0134
DSSVLCEVY	IICV			1513	A01	0.0110		0.0002	0.0003		0.0110
ETDPTGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	12.5000					12.5000
AVDPTGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	8.0000					8.0000
EVDPITAILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	5.5000					5.5000
EVDAIGHLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	5.5000					5.5000
EVDPITGALY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	5.0000					5.0000
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	4.6500					4.6500
EADPTGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	3.4500					3.4500
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	2.9500					2.9500
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	2.6667					2.6667
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	2.4000					2.4000
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	0.3300					0.3300
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	0.1800					0.1800
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	1.5000					1.5000
EVDPITGILLY	MAGE-3a	3	analog	161	A01	0.2600		0.0003	0.0003		0.2600
PSQRTYQGSV	p53			98	A01	0.0140		0.0003	0.0003		0.0140
PLSEDDILLY	PAP			147	A01	1.2000		0.0005	0.0001		1.2000
IPSTYKLLIMY	PAP			217	A01	0.5650					0.5650
YASCHLTELTY	PAP			310	A01	0.5467		0.0003	0.0002		0.5467



Table 5

Sequence	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Position	Motif	A1 Binding	A2 Binding	A3 Binding	A11 Binding	A24 Binding	Max. Binding
RVGLQLPREY	c-ErbB2			545	A03	0.0015		0.0350	0.0050		0.0350
OLVTLQMPV	c-ErbB2			795	A03	0.0024		0.0112	0.0039		0.0112
VNAGVGSPV	c-ErbB2			773	A03	0.0400		0.0575	0.0079		0.0575
TLNKAGILY	IIIV	adr	POL	724	A03	0.0017		0.2667	0.0016		0.2667
ILKGTSPV	IIIV	adr	POL	1345	A03	0.0017		0.0440	0.0002		0.0440
KLIMASQIV	IIIV		POL	958	A03	0.0070		0.1160	0.0006		0.1160
GLNKIVRVY	IIIV		GAG	274	A03	0.0017		0.0103	0.0002		0.0103
LVGFLLLKY	MAGE-1	I		109	A03	0.0033		0.0563	0.0012		0.0563
GTRRAHALY	p53			154	A03	0.0027		0.0365	0.0002		0.0365
KIQNFRVY	IIIV		POL	1474	A03/A11	0.0056		0.1190	0.1350		0.1350
SLYTKVVR?	PSA			237	A03/A11	0.0017		0.6750	0.0140		0.6750
LTCGFADLWGY	HCV			126	A11	2.4500		0.0003	0.0120	0.0001	2.4500
ETATFLUK	IIIV	con		1351	A11			0.0037	0.0425		0.0425
RWGLLLALL	c-ErbB2			8	A24					1.2567	1.2567
PVSRLLGI	c-ErbB2			780	A24					0.1650	0.1650
VYIMVWKM	c-ErbB2			951	A24					0.1640	0.1640
YSITLQGL	c-ErbB2			400	A24					0.1250	0.1250
SYGVTWEL	c-ErbB2			907	A24					0.1200	0.1200
LYISAPDSL	c-ErbB2			410	A24					0.0835	0.0835
VMSYGVTVV	c-ErbB2			905	A24					0.0800	0.0800
SYGVTWELM	c-ErbB2			907	A24					0.0630	0.0630
TYLPTNASL	c-ErbB2			63	A24					0.0375	0.0375
VYIMVWKM	c-ErbB2			951	A24					0.0218	0.0218
IFRELVSSEF	c-ErbB2			968	A24					0.0180	0.0180
CYGLGHEIL	c-ErbB2			342	A24					0.0176	0.0176
KWNALESIL	c-ErbB2			887	A24					0.0149	0.0149
EYLVPOOGFF	c-ErbB2			1022	A24					0.0120	0.0120
RYSEDPVPL	c-ErbB2			1111	A24					0.0117	0.0117
RFTIQSDVH	c-ErbB2			898	A24					0.0107	0.0107

Table 5

Sequence	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Position	Motif	A1 Binding	A2 Binding	A3 Binding	A11 Binding	A24 Binding	Max. Binding
EYLVSFGVMI	IIBV		NUC	117	A24					0.0335	0.0335
WFHISCLTF	IIBV		NUC	102	A24					0.0300	0.0300
QYLAGLSFI	IICV			1777	A24					0.0475	0.0475
TYSTYGRFL	IICV			1296	A24					0.0225	0.0225
QYSPQRVEF	IICV			2614	A24					0.0175	0.0175
RFHLCAGRW	PSA			190	A24		0.0003			0.0305	0.0305

Table 6

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	GLNKIVRMY	HIV GAG 274
9	KLNWASQIY	HIV POL 958
9	KIQNFRVYY	HIV POL 1474
9	TLWKAGILY	HBV adr POL 724
9	ILRGTSFVY	HBV adr POL 1345
9	SLYTKVVHY	PSA 237
9	NTSSSPQPK	p53 311
9	NVKIPVAIK	c-ERB2 745
10	TLGFGAYMSK	HCV LORF 1261
10	GTRVRAMAIY	p53 154
10	EAYSPVSTSK	HBV adr POL 887
9	QITKIQNFR	HIV POL 1471
9	NITGLILTR	HIV ENV 2633
9	FLWEWASVR	HBV adr ENV 324
9	RTSPRRRRR	HBV adr CORE 549
9	SLARGNQGR	HBV adr POL 805
10	VAYQATVCAR	HCV LORF 1587
10	KTYQGSYGFR	p53 101
9	WMCLRRFII	HBV ayw 237
9	WMCLRRFI	HBV ayw 237-245
9	KFMLCAGRW	PSA 190
10	IMPKTGFLII	MAGE 1 188
8	ETAYFLLK	HIV con 1351
11	LTCGFADIMGY	HCV 126
9	CSPHHTALR	HBV NUC:XNUCFUS 48
9	VMPKTGLLI	MAGE 2 188
9	VMPKTGLLI	MAGE2 188-196
9	VAELVHFLL	MAGE 3 106
9	IMPKAGLLI	MAGE 3 188
10	VMPKTGLLII	MAGE 2 188
10	VMPKTGLLII	MAGE2 188-197

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	ASCVTACPY	c-ErbB2 293
9	VMAGVGSPY	c-ErbB2 773
9	ASPLDSTFY	c-ErbB2 997
9	FSPAFDNLY	c-ErbB2 1213
9	KSTKVPAAV	HCV 1236
9	DSSVLCECY	HCV 1513
9	LSAFSLHSY	HCV 2889
9	PLSEDQLLY	PAP 147
9	YAVCDKCLK	HPV 16 E6 67
9	CMSCCRSSR	HPV 16 E6 143
9	RWGLLALL	c-ErbB2 8
9	TYLPTNASL	c-ErbB2 63
9	CYGLGMEHL	c-ErbB2 342
9	AYSLTLQGL	c-ErbB2 440
9	PYVSRLLGI	c-ErbB2 780
9	KWMALESIL	c-ErbB2 887
9	RFTHQSDVW	c-ErbB2 898
9	VWSYGVTVW	c-ErbB2 905
9	SYGVTVWEL	c-ErbB2 907
9	VYMIMVKCW	c-ErbB2 951
9	RFRELVSEF	c-ErbB2 968
9	WFHISCLTF	HBV NUC 102
9	TYSTYGKFL	HCV 1296
9	QYLAGLSTL	HCV 1777
10	IPSYKKLIMY	PAP 277
10	RGTQLFEDNY	c-ErbB2 103
10	ESMPNPEGRY	c-ErbB2 280
10	CMQIAKGMSY	c-ErbB2 826
10	PASPLDSTFY	c-ErbB2 996
10	FSPAFDNLYY	c-ErbB2 1213
10	FSQCTVQGSY	p53 98
10	VGSDCTTHY	p53 225
10	YASCHLTELY	PAP 310
10	LYISAWPDSL	c-ErbB2 410

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
10	SYGVTVWELM	c-ErbB2 907
10	VYMIMVKCWM	c-ErbB2 951
10	EVLVPQGGFF	c-ErbB2 1022
10	RYSEDPITVPL	c-ErbB2 1111
10	EYLVSGVWI	HBV NUC 117
10	QYSPGQRVEF	HCV 2614
9	VYNFATCGI	LCMV glyco 35
9	GYCLTKWMI	LCMV glyco 283
9	MFEALPHII	LCMV glyco 7
9	IFALISFLL	LCMV glyco 43
9	LFKTTVNSL	LCMV glyco 342
9	LYTVKYPNL	LCMV nucleo 204
9	PYIACRTSI	LCMV nucleo 314
10	GYCLTKWMIL	LCMV glyco 283
10	AYLVSIHLHL	LCMV glyco 446
9	RWCIPWQRL	CEA 10
9	IYPNASLLI	CEA 101
9	LWWVNNQSL	CEA 177
9	LYGPDAPTI	CEA 234
9	VYAEPPKPF	CEA 318
9	LWWVNNQSL	CEA 355
9	LYGPDAPTII	CEA 412
9	TYRPGVNL	CEA 425
9	LYGPDPTII	CEA 590
9	QYSWRINGI	CEA 624
9	TYACFVSNL	CEA 652
9	VWKTWGQYW	gp100 152
9	TWGQYWQFL	gp100 155
9	RYGSFSVTI	gp100 479
9	LMAVVLASL	gp100 606
9	HWLRLPRIF	gp100 636
9	SYKHEQYVI	PAP 96
9	AMTNLAALF	PAP 116
9	VFLTLSVTW	PSA 2

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	TWIGAAPLI	PSA 9
9	CYASGWGSI	PSA 148
10	YMIMVKCWM1	c-ErbB2 952
10	RWCIPWQRLI	CEA 10
10	FWNPPTAKL	CEA 27
10	QYSWFVNGTF	CEA 268
10	TFQSTQELF	CEA 276
10	VVAEPKPF1	CEA 318
10	YYRPGVNLSL	CEA 426
10	QYSWLIDGNI	CEA 446
10	SYLSGANLNL	CEA 604
10	HFLRNQPLTF	gp100 231
10	LFPPEGVSIW	PAP 123
10	TWIGAAPLIL	PSA 9
10	HYRKWKDTI	PSA 244
9	KLRKPCHKK	P. falciparum CSP 104
9	KILSVFFLA	P. falciparum EXP-1 2
9	ALFFIIFNK	P. falciparum EXP-1 10
9	GTSGVSSK	P. falciparum EXP-1 28
9	VLYNTEKGR	P. falciparum EXP-1 99
9	KYLATSVL	P. falciparum EXP-1 73
9	PSENERGY	P. falciparum LSA1 1664
9	FLKENKLNK	P. falciparum LSA1 111
9	GVSENIPLK	P. falciparum LSA1 105
9	ILVNLLIFH	P. falciparum LSA1 12
9	KSLYDEHIK	P. falciparum LSA1 1854

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	LLIFHINGK	P. falciparum LSA1 16
9	QSSLPQDNR	P. falciparum LSA1 1676
9	QTNFKSLLR	P. falciparum LSA1 94
9	RINEEKHEK	P. falciparum LSA1 49
9	SLYDEHIKK	P. falciparum LSA1 1855
9	VLAEDLYGR	P. falciparum LSA1 1647
9	VLSHNSYEK	P. falciparum LSA1 60
9	FYFILVNLL	P. falciparum LSA1 9
9	YYIPHQSSL	P. falciparum LSA1 1671
9	PSDGKCNLY	P. falciparum TRAP 207
9	LACAGLAYK	P. falciparum TRAP 511
9	LLACAGLAY	P. falciparum TRAP 510
9	LSTNLPYGR	P. falciparum TRAP 122
9	QGINVAFNR	P. falciparum TRAP 192
9	RGDNFAVEK	P. falciparum TRAP 307
9	RSRKREILH	P. falciparum TRAP 262
9	SLLSTNLPY	P. falciparum TRAP 120
9	KYLVIYFLI	P. falciparum TRAP 8
9	PYAGEPAPF	P. falciparum TRAP 528

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
10	VTCNGIQVR	P. falciparum CSP 375
10	GTGSGVSSKK	P. falciparum EXP-1 28
10	LALFFIIFNK	P. falciparum EXP-1 9
10	FQDEENIGY	P. falciparum LSA1 1794
10	FILVNLLIFH	P. falciparum LSA1 11
10	HVLSHNSYEK	P. falciparum LSA1 59
10	KSLYDEHIKK	P. falciparum LSA1 1854
10	ALLACAGLAY	P. falciparum TRAP 509
10	IIRLHSDASK	P. falciparum TRAP 100
10	LLACAGLAYK	P. falciparum TRAP 510
10	RLHSDASKNK	P. falciparum TRAP 102
9	ILGFVFILT-NH2	Flu Matrix 59-67
10	KGILGFVFTL- NH2	Flu Matrix 57-66
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
11	KQVPLRPMTYK	940.03 N-terminal extension
9	KLYEIVAKV	A2.1 consensus
9	KLAEYVAKV	A2.1 consensus
9	KLAIEYKVK	A2.1 consensus
9	KVFEYLINK	A3.2 consensus
10	KVFPYALINK	A3.2 consensus
9	AVFAYAAAK	A3.2 consensus
9	ALEPAIAKY	A1 consensus



AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	YLEPAIAKY	A1 consensus
9	ALEPYIAKY	A1 consensus
9	YLEQYIEKY	A1 consensus
9	GTEKLLAKY	A1 consensus
9	ATEPAIAKY	A1 consensus
9	ATNYPAIQK	A11 consensus
9	ATNVPAIQK	A11 consensus
9	ATNAPYIQK	A11 consensus
9	ATNAVYIQK	A11 consensus
9	ATNAAYAQK	A11 consensus
9	AVNAAYAQK	A11 consensus
9	AVNAPYIQK	A11 consensus
9	AVNAVYIQK	A11 consensus
9	PTDPKLINY	A1 consensus
9	GTDPKLINY	A1 consensus
9	YTDPKLINF	A1 consensus
9	FTDPKLINY	A1 consensus
9	FTDQAVIKY	A1 consensus
9	YTDQAVIKF	A1 consensus
9	YTDQKLINF	A1 consensus
9	STNPKPQKK	HCV-core 2-10
11	STNPKPQKKNK	HCV-core 2-12
9	SFFPEITYI	self peptide of P815 analog: Y2 to F.
9	ATDPNFLY	A1 consensus
9	ATDKNFLY	A1 consensus
9	ALMEKIYQV	A2.1 consensus peptide
9	ALSEKIYQV	A2.1 consensus peptide
9	AVYDPIQK	A3.2 consensus peptide
9	AVYDKIQK	A3.2 consensus peptide
9	AVMNPMIQK	A11 consensus peptide

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	AVMNEMIQK	A11 consensus peptide
9	AYMDMVNSF	A24 consensus peptide
9	AYIDNVNSF	A24 consensus peptide
9	KLAAAAAAK	A3.2/A11 poly-A analog
9	DVFRDPALK	Aw68 endogenous
9	GYKDGNEYI	Lm listeriolysin 91-99
10	MMWYWGPSLY	HBV
11	WMMWYWGPSLY	HBV
9	RYLRDQQLL	HIV env
8	FLLLYRA	MAGE-1
9	IMPKTGFLI	MAGE-1
9	VADLVGFLL	MAGE-1
10	IMPKTGFLII	MAGE-1
11	FLIIVLVMIAM	MAGE-1
11	CILESCFRAVI	MAGE-1
9	MYRPDAIQL	P. Yoelii SSP2 143
10	NYSFNGNTNL	P. Yoelii SSP2 119
9	KFNPMTHTI	Kd consensus peptide
9	AMIKNLDFI	Db consensus
9	AMIKNLYFI	Db consensus analog
11	STLPETYVVR	HCV 141-151 analog
9	QYDDAVYKL	Cw4 consensus
10	FQDFQERPRK	HPV16 E6
10	VFEFAFKDLF	HPV18 E6
9	VVYRDSIPH	HPV16 E6
9	IFEANGNLI	Flu HA 240-248
9	IYATVAGSL	HA 529-537

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	SYIPSAEKI	P. bergail CS 252-260
9	KYQAVTTTL	Tumour P198 14-22
10	MYPHFMPTNL	MCMV pp89 167-176
9	AYPNVSAKI	Lm listeriolysin 196-204
9	AYTGGKINI	Lm listeriolysin 413-421
9	SAISSILSK	HBV ENV 159
9	QAGFFLLTK	HBV ENV 190
9	SALYREALK	HBV NUC 64
9	RAKWNNLTK	HIV env 370
9	RATQIPSYK	PAP 273
9	TAAH CIRNK	PSA 58
9	MAVFIHNFK	HIV pol 909
9	TAGILELLK	HPV 6b E1 192
9	RAALLGKFK	HPV 6b E1 205
9	CATMCRHYK	HPV 6b E1 406
9	TAACSHEGK	Flu HA-1 132
9	NANANSAVK	P. fal csp 304
9	GAFKVPGVK	LCMV glyco 484
9	RARVHPITR	HBV POL 244
9	CALPPTSAR	HBV X 69
9	NMLESILIK	LCMV nuc 259
9	WMILAAELK	LCMV glyco 289
9	EMNLPGRWK	HIV pol 107
9	SSLQSKHRK	HBV POL 201
9	GSTHVS WPK	HBV POL 398
9	TSDLEAYFK	HBV X NUC FUS 105
9	ASQIVAGIK	HIV pol 438
9	ASCDKCQLK	HIV pol 769
9	MSLAADLEK	LCMV nuc 100
9	VSSKNLMEK	Mel. tyro 25

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	LSTNLPYGK	P. fal ssp2 122
9	STDHIPILY	A1 Nat. Processed
9	STAPPAHGV	Breast mucin 9-17
9	LMAVVLASL	gp100
9	WSQKRSFVY	gp100
9	PLDCVLRY	gp100
10	PSSVGRSEY	gp100
9	YTAVVPLVY	Hu J chain 102-110

Table 7

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
8	LTELYFEK	PAP 315
9	TISPSYTTY	CEA 419
9	GTGCGWFY	HPV 16/18 E1 11
9	LTEMVQWAY	HPV 6b/11 E1 358
9	ITVNNSGSY	CEA 289
9	CTGWFMEVA	HPV 6b/11 E1 14
9	ATVQDLKRR	HPV 6b/11 E1 77
9	AVESEISPR	HPV 6b/11 E1 101
9	FLNSNMQAK	HPV 6b/11 E1 393
9	ITRQTVIEH	HPV 6b/11 E1 341
9	IVGPPDTGK	HPV 6b/11 E1 476
9	KLIEPLSLY	HPV 6b/11 E1 254
9	KLWLHGTPK	HPV 6b/11 E1 462
9	KMSIKQWIK	HPV 6b/11 E1 420
9	VVAGFGIIH	HPV 6b/11 E1 238
9	HLFGYSWYK	CEA 61
9	ISPSYTTYR	CEA 420
9	HTQVLFIK	CEA 636
9	ITVYAEPK	CEA 316
9	ITVSAELPK	CEA 494
9	RLQLSNGNR	CEA 190
9	RLQLSNGNR	CEA 546
9	RINGIPQOH	CEA 628
9	SNMQAKYVK	HPV 6b/11 E1 396
9	EWITRQTVI	HPV 6b/11 E1 339
9	FFERLSSSL	HPV 6b/11 E1 613
9	NWKPIVQFL	HPV 6b/11 E1 439
10	PTISPSYTTY	CEA 418
10	PTISPLNTSY	CEA 240
10	HSASNPSPQY	CEA 616
10	KLIEPLSLYA	HPV 6b/11 E1 254
10	AIVGPPDTGK	HPV 6b/11 E1 475
10	DCATMCRHYK	HPV 6b/16 E1 405
10	KLWLHGTPKK	HPV 6b/11 E1 462
10	WVAGFGIIH	HPV 6b/11 E1 237

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
10	TITVSAELPK	CEA 493
10	TFWNPPTAK	CEA 26
10	TISPSYTYR	CEA 419
10	TISPLNTSYR	CEA 241
10	RTLTLFNVTR	CEA 198
10	RTLTLFNVTR	CEA 554
10	RTLTLFSVTR	CEA 376
10	ATPGPAYSGR	CEA 89
10	ASGHSRTTVK	CEA 483
10	QFLRHQNIIEF	HPV 6b/11 E1 445
10	TTFPNPFPF	HPV 6b/11 E1 586
9	RVDCTPLMY	Prost.Ca PSM 463
9	LLSLYGIHK	Prost.Ca PAP 243
9	SIVLPFDCR	Prost.Ca PSM 590
9	KSLYESWTK	Prost.Ca PSM 491
9	SMKHPQEMK	Prost.Ca PSM 615
9	SLYESWTKK	Prost.Ca PSM 492
9	YSLVHNLTK	Prost.Ca PSM 471
9	HLTELYFEK	Prost.Ca PAP 314
9	RATQIPSYK	Prost.Ca PAP 273
9	ASGRARYTK	Prost.Ca PSM 531
9	SLYGIHKQK	Prost.Ca PAP 245
9	RDYAVVLRK	Prost.Ca PSM 598
9	SSHDLMLLR	Prost.Ca PSA 113
9	GAAPLILSR	Prost.Ca PSA 12
9	KIVIARYGK	Prost.Ca PSM 199
9	RAAPLLLAR	Prost.Ca PAP 2
9	VVLRKYADK	Prost.Ca PSM 602
9	GLPDRPFYR	Prost.Ca PSM 680
9	WLDRSVLAK	Prost.Ca PAP 25
9	KVFRGNKVK	Prost.Ca PSM 207
9	IVRSFGLTK	Prost.Ca PSM 398
9	KIYISMKH	Prost.Ca PSM 610
9	RSVLAKELK	Prost.Ca PAP 28
9	STNEVTRIY	Prost.Ca PSM 348
9	GFLLGLFLF	Prost.Ca PSM 31

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	LYSDPADYF	Prost. Ca PSM 227
9	KYADKIYSI	Prost. Ca PSM 606
9	NYARTEDFF	Prost. Ca PSM 178
9	AYINADSSI	Prost. Ca PSM 448
9	SASFCGSPY	HBV POL 165
9	AFIFSPTYK	HBV POL 655
9	SVVRRAPFH	HBV POL 524
9	RWMCLRRFI	HBV ENV 236
9	SWLSLLVPF	HBV ENV 334
9	SWWTSNLFL	HBV ENV 197
9	PWTHKVGNF	HBV POL 51
9	SFCGSPYSW	HBV POL 167
10	NADSSIEGNY	Prost. Ca PSM 451
10	GLDSVELAHY	Prost. Ca PSM 104
10	RATQIPSYKK	Prost. Ca PAP 273
10	LGFLFGWFIK	Prost. Ca PSM 35
10	SSIEGNYTLR	Prost. Ca PSM 454
10	KSLYESWTKK	Prost. Ca PSM 491
10	SLLSLYGIHK	Prost. Ca PAP 242
10	FLYNFTQIPH	Prost. Ca PSM 73
10	VYAPSSHNK	Prost. Ca PSM 690
10	AVVLRKYADK	Prost. Ca PSM 601
10	KSPDEGFEGK	Prost. Ca PSM 482
10	IVRSFGTLKK	Prost. Ca PSM 398
10	RIYNVIGTLR	Prost. Ca PSM 354
10	LSLYGIHKQK	Prost. Ca PAP 244
10	MSLLKNRFLR	Prost. Ca PSA 99
10	ISMKHPQEMK	Prost. Ca PSM 614
10	RAVCGGVLVH	Prost. Ca PSA 43
10	GSAPPDSSWR	Prost. Ca PSM 311
10	SIPVHPIGYY	Prost. Ca PSM 291
10	CSGKVIARY	Prost. Ca PSM 196
10	ETVELVEKFY	Prost. Ca PSM 557
10	RLQERGVAY	Prost. Ca PSM 440
10	FYDPMFKYHL	Prost. Ca PSM 565
10	TVSVSFDLSL	Prost. Ca PSM 624

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
10	LYNFTQIPHL	Prost. Ca PSM 74
10	GWRPRRTILF	Prost. Ca PSM 409
10	FAAPFTQCGY	HBV POL 631
10	RWMLCLRRFI	HBV ENV 236
10	WVVGSLPTVW	HBV ENV 345
10	SWPKFAVPNL	HBV POL 392
10	VFADATPTGW	HBV POL 686
9	FIFHKFQTK	HTLV-1 tax 276
9	FLTNVPYKR	HTLV-1 tax 182
9	ITWDPIDGR	HTLV-1 tax 54
9	SALQFLIPR	HTLV-1 tax 66
9	LSFPDPGLR	HTLV-1 tax 131
9	QSSSFIFHK	HTLV-1 tax 272
9	GLCSARLHR	HTLV-1 tax 34
9	RLPSFPTQR	HTLV-1 tax 74
9	AMRKYSFPR	HTLV-1 tax 108
9	ISGGLCSAR	HTLV-1 tax 31
9	ALFTAQEAK	HPV 16 E1 69
9	ATMCRHYKR	HPV 16 E1 406
9	FMSFLTALK	HPV 16 E1 453
9	GVSFSELVR	HPV 16 E1 216
9	KAAMLAKFK	HPV 16 E1 204
9	LTNILNVLK	HPV 16 E1 191
9	LVRPFKSNK	HPV 16 E1 222
9	MSFLTALKR	HPV 16 E1 454
9	NSNASAFK	HPV 16 E1 386
9	QMSMSQWTK	HPV 16 E1 419
9	RLKAICIEK	HPV 16 E1 109
9	SLFGMSLMK	HPV 16 E1 484
9	SMSQWIKYR	HPV 16 E1 421
9	TAAALYWYK	HPV 16 E1 315
9	VVLLLVRYK	HPV 16 E1 274
9	ALLRYKCGK	HPV 18 E1 284
9	ATMCKHYKR	HPV 18 E1 413
9	CATMCKHYR	HPV 18 E1 412
9	FTFLGALK	HPV 18 E1 460



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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	GVLLALLR	HPV 18 E1 279
9	KLRAGQNHR	HPV 18 E1 647
9	LILALLRYK	HPV 18 E1 281
9	LTTNHPAK	HPV 18 E1 571
9	NMSQWIRFR	HPV 18 E1 428
9	NSNAAFLK	HPV 18 E1 393
9	SVAALYWYR	HPV 18 E1 322
9	WTYFDTYMR	HPV 18 E1 536
9	YVQAIVDKK	HPV 18 E1 19
9	IIKNFDIPK	GCDFF-15 36
9	VLAVQTELK	GCDFF-15 55
10	IIKNFDIPK	GCDFF-15 35
10	TACLCDDNPK	GCDFF-15 87
10	AVLAVQTELK	GCDFF-15 54
10	TFYWDFYTNR	GCDFF-15 97
9	ASCHLTLY	PAP 311
10	KGEYFVEMY	PAP 322
10	LTAACIRNK	PSA 57
9	PLYDMSLLK	PSA 95
9	QVHPQKVTK	PSA 182
9	SLLKNRFLR	PSA 100
9	YTKVVHYRK	PSA 239
9	TLWKAGILY	HBV pol 150
9	SLYTKVVHY	PSA 237
9	PVNRPIDWK	HBV POL 612
9	RHYLHTLWK	HBV POL 719
11	HTLWKAGILYK	HBV POL 149
11	GTDNSVLSRK	HBV POL 735
11	RVTGGVFLVDK	HBV POL 357
8	ATQIPSYK	PAP 274
9	WMNSTGFTK	HCV consensus
9	RVLEDGVNY	HCV consensus
9	RLAPITAY	HCV consensus
9	GVLAALAAAY	HCV consensus
9	RVCEKMALY	HCV consensus

TABLE 8

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
1235.01	10	AVFDKSDAK
26.0149	9	CALRFTSAR
26.0149	9	SSAGPCALR
F104.02	9	SLTPPHSAK
F105.01	9	AIFQSSMTK
F105.02	9	GIFQSSMTK
F105.03	9	AAFQSSMTK
F105.04	9	AIAQSSMTK
F105.05	9	AIFASSMTK
F105.06	9	AIFQASMTK
F105.07	9	AIFQSAMTK
F105.08	9	AIFQSSATK
F105.09	9	AIFQSSMAK
F105.10	9	AIFQSSMTA
F105.11	9	FIFQSSMTK
F105.12	9	SIFQSSMTK
F105.14	9	ANFQSSMTK
F105.16	9	AIFQCSMTK
F105.17	9	AIFQSSMTR
F105.19	9	AIFQSSMTY
F105.20	9	AILQSSMTR
F105.21	9	AIFQSSMTR
F105.24	10	PAIFQSSMTK
F105.25	10	AIFQSSMTKI
27.0103	9	AILHQQQK
27.0104	9	YGFRLGFLH
27.0108	9	SSCMGGMNR
27.0235	10	TCTYSPALNK
27.0239	10	NSSCMGGMNR
27.0240	10	SSCMGGMNRR
27.0250	10	KSKKGQSTSR
27.0252	10	TSRHKKLMFK
28.0062	8	FMFSPTYK
28.0063	8	FVFSPTYK
28.0066	8	TMLXMXKX

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PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
28.0322	9	SMICSVVRR
28.0328	9	SVICSVVRR
28.0328	9	KVGNFTGLK
28.0328	9	KVGNFTGLR
28.0328	9	VVFFSQFSR
28.0328	9	SVNRPIDWK
28.0328	9	TLWKAGILK
28.0329	9	TLWKAGILR
28.0330	9	TMWKAGILY
28.0331	9	TVWKAGILY
28.0332	9	RMYLHTLWK
28.0333	9	RVYLHTLWK
28.0334	9	AMTFSPTYK
28.0335	9	AVTFSPTYK
28.0336	9	SVVRRAPFR
28.0337	9	SVVRRAPFK
28.0338	9	ISEYRHYXY
28.0339	9	GTGXNGWFY
28.0340	9	ASXHLTELY
28.0341	9	ASXDKXQLK
28.0371	9	RVXEKMALY
28.0372	9	XTGWFMEVA
28.0374	9	HISXLTFR
28.0375	9	AVXTRGVAK
28.0377	9	HLIFXHSKK
28.0378	9	HTMLXMXKK
28.0381	9	RLKADIEK
28.0383	9	TLFXASDAK
28.0384	9	ALLRYKXGK
28.0387	9	ATMXRHYKR
28.0388	9	XATMXRHYK
28.0390	9	ATMXKHYYR
28.0391	9	LLAXAGLAY
28.0392	9	LAXAGLAYK
28.0393	9	SIVLPFDXR
28.0394	9	AAAXWAGIK
28.0628	10	QMFTFSPTYK

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
28.0629	10	QVTFSPITYK
28.0630	10	TMWKAGILYK
28.0631	10	TVWKAGILYK
28.0632	10	VMGGVFLVDK
28.0633	10	VVGGVFLVDK
28.0635	10	SVLPETTIVR
28.0638	10	HTLWKAGILK
28.0640	10	HMLWKAGILY
28.0395	9	SAIXSVVRR
28.0644	10	GTFNSVVLRS
28.0645	10	YMFQVVLGAK
28.0646	10	MMWYWGPSLK
28.0647	10	MMWYWGPSLR
28.0665	10	IVGGWEXEK
28.0667	10	IILEXVYXK
28.0668	10	SIPHAAXHK
28.0670	10	IVXPISQK
28.0671	10	LIRLRLXQK
28.0672	10	XTYSPALNK
28.0675	10	TVXAGGXAR
28.0676	10	HISXLTFR
28.0677	10	XVNXSQFLR
28.0678	10	LIFXHSKKK
28.0679	10	FVLGGXRHK
28.0713	10	TSAXSVVRR
28.0714	10	HLIFXHSKKK
28.0715	10	LLIRXINXQK
28.0716	10	GIVXPISQK
28.0717	10	LLIRLRLXQK
28.0718	10	SLEQSLHXK
28.0720	10	RIVGGWEXEK
28.0721	10	DIILEXVYXK
28.0722	10	XVYXKQQLR
28.0723	10	RAVXGGVLVH
28.0725	10	LTAAXHXRK
28.0728	10	KAAXWWAGIK
28.0730	10	VVREXPHER

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
28.0734	10	LLGIWGXSGK
28.0732	10	TTLFXASDAK
28.0734	10	RTVXAGGXAR
28.0736	10	GTQREKXSK
28.0737	10	LVQNANPDXX
28.0738	10	VTXGNIGQVR
28.0736	10	DXATMXRHYK
28.0740	10	GLAXHQLXAR
28.0741	10	ALLAXAGLAY
28.0742	10	LLAXAGLAYK
28.0743	10	XVARXPSGVK
28.0745	10	LVEIXTEMEK
28.0746	10	LLNWXMQIAK
28.0824	11	HMLWKAGILYK
28.0825	11	HVLWKAGILYK
28.0826	11	SMLPETTVVRR
28.0827	11	SVLPETTVVRR
28.0828	11	GMDNSVLSRK
28.0829	11	GVDNSVLSRK
28.0830	11	GTFNSVLSRK
28.0369	9	GLAXHQLXA
1259.02	9	DTVDTVLEK
1259.10	9	PVTIGCEPK
1259.14	10	FTAVGKEFNK
1259.16	11	RTLDFHDSNVK
1259.21	11	KTRPILSPLTK
1259.26	11	GTHPSSAGLK
1259.28	11	ILWLDRLFFK
1259.29	9	WILDRLFFK
1259.30	11	CIYRRFKYGLK
1259.31	9	KSMREEYRK
1259.33	9	YIQMCTELK
1259.37	10	MVMELVRMIK
1259.38	9	VMELVRMIK
1259.41	11	LIRPNENPAHK
26.0023	8	VSGVWIR
26.0024	8	VSIPWTHK

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
26.0026	8	ASFCGSPY
26.0035	9	TSPYELSLY
26.0036	9	TSIPFLHEY
26.0041	9	FNDPGPGTY
26.0045	9	YVDLGALRY
26.0051	9	DADRSFIEY
26.0055	9	NMDKAVKLY
26.0056	9	TIDNFYRNY
26.0058	9	HSAEALQKY
26.0059	9	LTAGLDFAY
26.0061	9	LYKYNQFY
26.0062	9	CSNDKSLVY
26.0063	9	RSARASSRY
26.0065	9	ASADKPYSY
26.0067	9	STTAGPNEY
26.0069	9	LSGNHGFHY
26.0073	9	NTFVQANLY
26.0074	9	GTATYLPFY
26.0081	9	RLDAFRQTY
26.0082	9	KAEVHTFYY
26.0083	9	VAEGDTVIY
26.0084	9	LTEIDIRDY
26.0085	9	HTEFEGQVY
26.0086	9	VSDGGPNLY
26.0092	9	IIEDQYNRY
26.0093	9	FLDQWWTEY
26.0095	9	FVEDPNGKY
26.0096	9	ISDESRYVY
26.0156	9	YLAEADLSY
26.0197	9	ALLAVGATK
26.0198	9	ALNFPQSQK
26.0199	9	AVGATKVPR
26.0203	9	FSVSVSQLR
26.0204	9	GTATLRLVK
26.0205	9	GVSRQLRTK
26.0207	9	LIYRRRLMK
26.0211	9	OLVILHOLK

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
26.0212	9	SSHWLRLPR
26.0214	9	TMEVTVYHR
26.0218	9	VLASLIYR
26.0217	9	VSCQGGLPK
26.0218	9	VVLASLIYR
26.0227	9	GTQCALTRR
26.0251	9	FTIPYDWR
26.0252	9	GTPEGLRR
26.0253	9	KSYLEQASR
26.0255	9	LVSLCRHK
26.0256	9	MVPFIPLYR
26.0258	9	QTSAGHFPR
26.0259	9	SIFEQWLRR
26.0260	9	SLLCRHKRK
26.0261	9	SSWQIVCSR
26.0267	10	NMQIGGVLTY
26.0273	10	RMAQNFMRY
26.0274	10	FTVQGSLSGY
26.0275	10	QTSPLYSLY
26.0276	10	SSNAILSLY
26.0280	10	TSQPWWPADY
26.0284	10	VSDVSIIPY
26.0285	10	ASDAQSANKY
26.0286	10	FTETNLAGEY
26.0287	10	YVDGFEPNGY
26.0291	10	FNDPGPGTTY
26.0296	10	FLDQWWTEYY
26.0299	10	AAEFATETAY
26.0309	10	NAEVVLNQLY
26.0311	10	FVDGDSLFEY
26.0316	10	PSEDAQVAVY
26.0317	10	MSDNIRTGLY
26.0318	10	ESELREILNY
26.0319	10	CMESVRNGTY
26.0320	10	KTENGITRLY
26.0321	10	LTEIDIRDYY
26.0397	10	LLVIMAVVLA

5

10

15

20

25

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
26.0422	10	AVVLASLIYR
26.0425	10	GALLAVGATK
26.0426	10	GTATLRLVKR
26.0428	10	HTMEVTVYHR
26.0428	10	IALNFPQSQK
26.0432	10	QLRALDGGNK
26.0433	10	QVPLDCVLYR
26.0434	10	SLIYRRRLMK
26.0435	10	SSSHWLRPR
26.0438	10	TVSCQGGLPK
26.0442	10	VVLASLIYRR
26.0466	10	YVKVLHHTLK
26.0473	10	LIGCWYCRRR
26.0474	10	LLIGCWYCRR
26.0485	10	SSMHNALHIY
26.0504	10	CVSSKNLMEK
26.0510	10	FSSWQIVCSR
26.0511	10	GLVSLLCRHK
26.0518	10	YMVFFIPLYR
26.0535	11	GVWIRTPPAYR
26.0539	11	RLVVDQSQFSR
26.0545	11	TLPETTVVRRR
26.0549	11	LLPIFFCLWVY
	11	STLPETTVVRR
26.0550	11	RAFPCLAFSY



Table 9

Sequence	AA	Map Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
SLAQDEAL	9	1		15	2.1		<0.0003			
TLSELFRV	9	1		93	2.1		0.0004			
VITKVDL	9	1		101	2.1		<0.0003			
GLSLVDGL	9	1/3		174	2.1		0.0004			
QINPKTGL	9	1		187	2.1		0.0007			
SLCKPEAL	10	1		7	2.1		0.0002			
PVLTGLEV	10	1		37	2.1		0.0008			
CLSELFRV	10	1		92	2.1		0.0003			
AVITKVDL	10	1		100	2.1		0			
VITKVDLV	10	1		101	2.1		0			
LAYDAREPV	10	1/3		114	2.1		0			
EPGRASESL	10	1		142	2.1		0			
GLSLVDGL	10	1/3		174	2.1		0			
SLSKKVEL	9	2		101	2.1		0.0003			
EVVLVHFL	9	2		105	2.1		0.16			
EVVLVHFL	9	2		106	2.1		0.0031			
ELQSLRVL	9	2		143	2.1		0			
SLVLAAGL	9	2		147	2.1		0.0001			
SLSKKVEL	9	3		101	2.1		0.0050			
SLVLPATCL	9	3		167	2.1		0.0003			
VTPATCL	9	3		169	2.1		0.018			
QINPKAGLL	9	3		187	2.1		0			

Sequence	AA	Mass Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
ATSRQWELV	10	2		101	2.1		0			
EWELVHILL	10	2		106	2.1		0.0017			
KLPGLISRL	10	2		135	2.1		0			
LLSRDLQQL	10	2		139	2.1		0.0007			
SLPTTHNYPL	10	3		63	2.1		0.0035			
DISSFDPAL	10	3		93	2.1		0.0001			
ALSRYVRLV	10	3		101	2.1		0.0001			
KVALVHFL	10	3		105	2.1		0.012			
VIFSKASSL	10	3		142	2.1		0			
SLQLFQIEL	10	3		150	2.1		0.0049			
LVSDPIGHL	10	3		159	2.1		0.0005			
FLIVLVNI	9	1		194	2.1		0.0005			
GELGDNQIM	9	1		181	2.1		0.0051			
SLHCKPEA	9	1		7	2.1		0.013	<0.0002	0	
ALGLVCYQA	9	1		22	2.1		0.015	<0.0002	<0.0002	
CKPRALEA	9	1		10	Random		<0.0002			
QDRLGLVC	9	1		19	Random		<0.0002			
VQAATSSSS	9	1		28	Random		<0.0002			
PLVLTLEB	9	1		37	Random		<0.0002			
VPTAGSTOP	9	1		46	Random		<0.0002			
EQSPQASA	9	1		55	Random		<0.0002			
PPTTFNTR	9	1		64	Random		<0.0002			

Sequence	AA	Size	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
GRQPSGSS	9	1		73	Random		<0.0002			
SREKPSPT	9	1		82	Random		<0.0002			
AVITKKVAD	9	1		100	Random		<0.0002			
EMLESVIN	9	1		127	Random		<0.0002			0
TKKCFEIR	9	1		136	Random		<0.0002			
QKASELQL	9	1		145	Random		<0.0002			
VFGIDVKEA	9	1		154	Random		<0.0002	<0.0002	0	
DPTGHSYVL	9	1		163	Random		<0.0002			
VTCLGISYD	9	1		172	Random		<0.0002			
PTGFLIIV	9	1		190	Random		<0.0002			
LWNIMEGG	9	1		199	Random		<0.0002			
KAPREIWE	9	1		208	Random		<0.0002			
ELSVMEVVD	9	1		217	Random		<0.0002			
GRHSAYGE	9	1		226	Random		<0.0002			
PAKLTQDL	9	1		235	Random		0.0002			
VQKYLEYG	9	1		244	Random		<0.0002			
RCRTVIPA	9	1		253	Random		<0.0002			
ESSCGVQP	9	1		262	Random		<0.0002			
ILSIFPNI	10	1		93	2.1		0.0002			
FLIIVLMIA	10	1		194	2.1		0.0003	0.0093	0.0030	
LNVFGIDVKEA	10	1		153	2.1		0.0002	<0.0002	0	
EPTDGRHSA	10	1		222	2.1		0	<0.0002	0	

Sequence	AA Strain	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
GVGSPSLKPA	10	1		266	2.1		0.0001			
QLVFGIDV	8	1		152	2.1		0			
KLAATQIV	8	1		237	2.1		0.0004			
GLLGDNQI	8	1		181	2.1		0			
DLVGFLLI	8	1		108	2.1		0			
GLSTDGIL	8	1		176	2.1		0.0001			
DLVQEKYL	8	1		242	2.1		0			
LLGDNQIM	8	1		182	2.1		0			
FLIVLVIM	8	1		194	2.1		0			
ALVQQRQA	8	1		15	2.1		0			
PLVSVPTA	8	1		42	2.1		0			
LVKTKGFL	8	1		188	2.1		0.0001			
PVTKAENL	8	1		122	2.1		0			
LVLVMIAM	8	1		197	2.1		0.0001			
AVTKKVA	8	1		100	2.1		0			
ELVSELSV	8	1		213	2.1		0			
LVVLVIMI	8	1		195	2.1		0.0001			
LVVLVIMIA	8	1		196	2.1		0.0002			
SLVAVITKKV	11	1		96	2.1		0.0001			
LALVYBAREPV	11	1		113	2.1		0.0001			
YLVGRCRTVI	11	1		248	2.1		0.0006			
ALVQQRALGL	11	1		15	2.1		0.0001			

Sequence	AA	Page Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
FLIVLVMIAM	11	1		194	2.1		0.0041			
VLTLEEVPTA	11	1		39	2.1		0.0002			
QLVVGIDUKEA	11	1		152	2.1		0.0001			
AVITKKVADLV	11	1		100	2.1		0			
PVTAQMLSV	11	1		122	2.1		0			
KVADLVGPIILL	11	1		105	2.1		0.020			
GYQGPSIKPM	11	1		266	2.1		0			
LVGFLIAKYRA	11	1		109	2.1		0.0004			
LVNLAMEGHA	11	1		199	2.1		0.0005			
CLLSLFRAVI	11	1		92	2.1		0.0030			
BAVBAQCEA	9	1		14	2.1		0	<0.0002	0	<0.0002
BAQCEALGL	9	1		17	2.1		0			<0.0002
BAVSSSSPL	9	1		30	2.1		0			
ATSSSSPLV	9	1		31	2.1		0.0007			
STLEEVPTA	9	1		41	2.1		0.013	<0.0002	0	
QASAPPTI	9	1		60	2.1		0			<0.0002
STLCILESL	9	1		89	2.1		0.0002			
BAVATKVA	9	1		99	2.1		0	<0.0002	0	
YTKKVADLV	9	1		102	2.1		0			
BAQEPVTKA	9	1		118	2.1		0			
KAQMLSVI	9	1		125	2.1		0			<0.0002
KAQSLQLV	9	1		146	2.1		0.0009			

Sequence	AA	Wage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
PTGHSYVLV	9	1		164	2.1		0			
KTGFLAIVL	9	1		191	2.1		0.0006			
LIYLVNHA	9	1		195	2.1		0	0.0022	0.0006	
LIYLVMIAN	9	1		196	2.1		0.0007			
MIAMEGCHA	9	1		201	2.1		0.0005	<0.0002	0.0002	
ETWELSVH	9	1		213	2.1		0			
SNYGEPRKL	9	1		230	2.1		0.0002			<0.0002
YLSYRCRT	9	1		248	2.1		0			
BSLGLVCQA	10	1		21	2.1		0.0005	<0.0002	0	
QAATSSSPL	10	1		29	2.1		0			<0.0002
VTQAMLESV	10	1		123	2.1		0			
BSOPTGHSYV	10	1		161	2.1		0	0.0004		
VLSLIREVPT	10	1		39	2.1		0			
SAFPTTINF	10	1		62	2.1		0			
GIDVKEADPT	10	1		156	2.1		0			
PTGHSYVLVT	10	1		164	2.1		0			
PLAGPRALA	9	1	new	265	2.1		0.042	0.0017	0	
LAETSYKVV	9	1	new	272	2.1		0			
YVKVLEVVI	9	1	new	277	2.1		0.0002			
SVRFPPDSL	9	1	new	290	2.1		0.0001			
LAETSYKVL	10	1	new	272	2.1		0			<0.0002
VLSYIKVSA	10	1	new	280	2.1		0.0002	0.0002	0	

Sequence	AA	Mage Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
AAALREERGV	10	1	new	301	2.1		0			
SSCKCKPEV	9	1	new (a)	7	2.1		0.018			
AGGLVCVQV	9	1	new (a)	22	2.1		0.012			
LAZGLTLEV	9	1	new (a)	38	2.1		0.13			
LQLVFGIDV	9	1	new	151	2.1		0.0004			
GLSYDGLLG	9	1	new	176	2.1		0			
GLSYDGLLV	9	1	new (a)	176	2.1		0.0047			
LAGDNQIMP	9	1	new	182	2.1		0.0001			
LAGDNQIMV	9	1	new (a)	182	2.1		0.043			
HEELSVMEV	9	1	new	215	2.1		0			
HEELSVMEV	9	1	new (a)	215	2.1		0.041			
RGLLTQDLV	9	1	new	236	2.1		0			
YESTLNGPRA	9	1	new	262	2.1		0			
YQFLNGPRV	9	1	new (a)	262	2.1		0.22			
AAATSSSPPLV	10	1	new	30	2.1		0			
ATSSSPPLVL	10	1	new	31	2.1		0			
SGADLNGFLV	10	1	new (a)	105	2.1		1.5			0.0003
VADLVGFLLL	10	1	new	106	2.1		0.0008			
SESLQLVFGI	10	1	new	148	2.1		0			
VAVTCLGLSV	10	1	new (a)	170	2.1		0.30			
QIMPTGFLI	10	1	new	187	2.1		0.0009			
QIMPTGFLV	10	1	new (a)	187	2.1		0.050			

Sequence	AA	Range	Strain	McL.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
KTGFLIIVLV	10	1		new	191	2.1		0.0012			
LEIVLVMIAN	10	1		new	195	2.1		0.0003			
VQVIMEGHV	10	1		new (a)	200	2.1		0.053			
SNVGPRLK	10	1		new	230	2.1		0			0.0008
ALAEISYKVL	11	1	N		270	2.1		0.012			
QGVELVHFLLL	11	2			52	2.1		0.67			
ELAEVDPIGL	11	3			105	2.1		0.026			
HLVIFATCLGL	11	3			114	2.1		0.041			
ELAEKYBAREPV	11	3			60	2.1		0.0001			
QLVFGIELMV	11	3			99	2.1		0.34			
KEPACGLIIV	11	3			135	2.1		0.013			
VLVFCLISYDGL	13	1	n	E6	170	2.1		0.0017			
KLAATQDLVORKYL	13	1	n	E6	237	2.1		0.0060			
DLVQEKYLEYRQV	13	1	n	E6	242	2.1		0			
SIFRAVITTKVADLV	15	1	n	POL	96	2.1		0.0004			
DLSSSEFOALSRQV	15	2		POL	40	2.1		0			
MLGSVVGHNQYFPV	15	3		POL	75	2.1		0.012			
GLSSFSFTI	9	2			60	2.1		0			0.0002
DLSEFOAA	9	2,3			93	2.1		0			
QVALSRQV	9	2			99	2.1		0			
KQMLSEVL	9	2			125	2.1		0			0
KASEYLQVL	9	2			146	2.1		0.011			



Sequence	AA	Size	Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
OLVFGIEV	9	2			152	2.1		0.0038			
VPISELYI	9	2			162	2.1		0.0002			
PISHLYIV	9	2			164	2.1		0.0005			
ELVILVCL	9	2			167	2.1		0.0034			
VILVTCGL	9	2			169	2.1		0.0014			
GLGDNQNM	9	2			181	2.1		0.0038			
QVMPKQGL	9	2			187	2.1		0			
VMPKQGLI	9	2			188	2.1		0.0010			0.230
NGGLIIVL	9	2			191	2.1		0.0002			
GLIIVLAI	9	2.3			193	2.1		0.0002			
ELIIVLAI	9	2.3			194	2.1		0.0001			
LIIVLAI	9	2.3			195	2.1		0.0006			
LIIVLAI	9	2			196	2.1		0.0009			
ELIIEGDA	9	2			201	2.1		0			
QASLPTM	9	3			60	2.1		0			0.0010
QALSRKVA	9	3			99	2.1		0			
VAEIVHLL	9	3			106	2.1		0			0.039
KAENLGSV	9	3			125	2.1		0			
KASSIQLV	9	3			146	2.1		0.0005			
OLVFGIEL	9	3			152	2.1		0.0010			
PIGHLYFA	9	3			164	2.1		0			
LMPKAGLLI	9	3			188	2.1		0.0064			

Sequence	AA	Map Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
KGILLIVL	9	3		191	2.1		0.0002			0
ITAREGCA	9	3		201	2.1		0			
EALEAQQEAL	10	1	new	14	2.1		0			0
EAQQAALGLV	10	1	new	17	2.1		0			
DISSEFQAI	10	2		93	2.1		0			
RAISRNVEL	10	2		100	2.1		0			0
VIFSKASEYL	10	2		142	2.1		0.0014			
YLQLVFGIEV	10	2		150	2.1		0.37			
LVFGIEVGV	10	2		153	2.1		0.012			
GVGVGVVPI	10	2		156	2.1		<0.0002			
VGVVPIVSHL	10	2		159	2.1		<0.0002			
GVVPIVSHLY	10	2		161	2.1		<0.0002			
VPIVSHLYL	10	2		162	2.1		0.0002			
PISHLYLVT	10	2		164	2.1		0.0003			
QVMPKTGLLI	10	2		187	2.1		0.0002			
VMPKTGLLI	10	2		188	2.1		0.0009			0.058
RTGLLIIVIA	10	2		191	2.1		<0.0002			
GLIIVIAII	10	2.3		193	2.1		0.0005			
LAIVIAIIA	10	2.3		194	2.1		<0.0002			
LIVIAIIAI	10	2		195	2.1		0.0013			
AIIVIAIGCA	10	2		200	2.1		0.0023			
RAISRNKVEL	10	3		100	2.1		0.0007			0

Sequence	AA Strain	Mag	Hol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	All	A24
VASLPHFLLL	10	3		106	2.1		0.0009			0.0018
VTKARMLGSV	10	3		123	2.1		<0.0002			
GHLEMEVDPI	10	3		156	2.1		<0.0002			
KVDPIGHLYI	10	3		161	2.1		<0.0002			
PIGHLYIPAT	10	3		164	2.1		0.0003			
QVMPKAGLLI	10	3		187	2.1		0.0006			
IKPKAGLLII	10	3		188	2.1		0.0015			
KGLLIIVILA	10	3		191	2.1		<0.0002			
ATVAREGDCA	10	3		200	2.1		<0.0002			
PLNGPRALI	9	2		271	A02					
GLEARGREAL	9	3		15	A02					
EARGAELGL	9	3		17	A02					
AGLIVGQAQ	9	3		22	A02/A03					
GLVGAQAPA	9	3		24	A02/A03					
LACGAQAPAT	9	3		25	A02					
PATTEQAAA	9	3		31	A02/A03					
EAASSSTLL	9	3		37	A02					
AASSSTLIV	9	3		38	A02					
LAVETLGEV	9	3		45	A02					
EYTLGEVPA	9	3		47	A02/A03					
VTLGEVPAA	9	3		48	A02/A03					
KTWELSVL	9	3		220	A02					

Sequence	AA	Mag Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
SLGDPKLL	9	3		237	A02					
ILGDPKLL	9	3		238	A02					
FLGDPKLL	9	3		271	A02					
RLVETSTV	9	3		276	A02					
LVETSTV	9	3		278	A02					
YKVLHNV	9	3		283	A02					
KVLHNVKI	9	3		285	A02					
RLGELGLV	10	3		17	A02					
RLGLVQAQA	10	3		21	A02/A03					
GLVQAQAPAT	10	3		24	A02					
QAPATSEQA	10	3		29	A02/A03					
RLASSSTLV	10	3		37	A02					
TLVETLGEV	10	3		44	A02					
SVTLGVPAA	10	3		47	A02/A03					
LVFEGREDSI	10	3		229	A02					
SLGDPKLL	10	3		237	A02					
ILGDPKLL	10	3		238	A02					
LVETSTV	10	3		277	A02					
LVETSYKVL	10	3		278	A02					
LVKISGPHI	10	3		290	A02					
LVLTGLEEV	9	1		38	2.1	<0.0006	0.032	0	0	0.0003
KVADLVGFL	10	1		105		0.0005	0.041	0.0039	0.0030	0.0070

Sequence	AA	Mono Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
LATGIELMEV	10	3		153	2.1		0.17			
YLLEMOPIPV	9	3				<0.0007	1.4	0.0048	0.0048	0
EVDPIGHLY	9	3				3.7			0.0022	
KNNELVHFL	9	2				<0.0007	0.13	0.0007	0	0.0043
SNVELVHFL	10	2		105		<0.0008	0.071	0.0004	0.0001	0.0008
LATGIELMEV	10	3								
KNNELVHFL	9	3		105	2.1	0.0030	0.065	0.0007	0	0
CLLSSLFPA	9	1		92	2.1	0	0.073	0.011	0.0047	0.0005
VHLMGEGHA	10	1		200	2.1	0.0001	0.073	0	0.0002	0
ELLSVIRNYK	10	1				<0.00008	0.0023	0	0	0
ELSVKVLKY	10	1				0	0	0.034	0.0045	0
ETSVKVLKY	10	1				0.075	0	0.0009	0.0004	0
KPLVYIKV	9	1	new	279	2.1	<0.0005	0.095	0.022	0.015	0
ELAGPRALA	9	1				<0.0006	0.027	0.0015	0	0
ALRESEGV	9	1		302	2.1	<0.0006	0.0056	0	0	0
ALASTSYVKV	10	1		271		<0.0007	0.017	0.0011	0.0029	0
YVTKVSARV	9	1		283	2.1	0.0005	0.018	0	0	0
RLASTSYV	9	1		270	2.1	<0.0006	0.014	0.0003	0.0005	0
ALASTSYV	9	1				<0.0006	0.0002	0.17	0.39	0
VLTGLREV	8	1		39	2.1	<0.0007	0.0088	0	0	0
SLQLVFGI	8	1		150	2.1	<0.0007	0.0094	0	0.0001	0
ELSSLFPA	8	1		93	2.1	<0.0004	0.0017	0.0003	0	0.0001
FLALATPA	8	1		112	2.1	0.0036	0.0007	0.0003	0.0001	0

Sequence	AA	Page Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
GLNVCQRA	8	1		24	2.1	0.0016	0.0008	0.0008	0	0
VLVTCGL	8	1		170	2.1	<0.0007	0.0010	0.0001	0	0
KVADLVGFL	9	1		105	2.1	<0.0008	0.0091	0.0013	0.0005	0
YVLVTCGL	9	1		169	2.1					
IMPTGFLI	9	1		188	2.1	<0.0008	0.0035	0	0	3.2
GLLGDNQIM	9	1			A2.1	<0.0008	0.0054	0	0	0.0002
GLNVCQRA	9	1		24	2.1	0.0030	0.0007	0.0026	0	0.0001
VADLVGFL	9	1		106	2.1	0.032	0.0011	0.0054	0.0008	0.0007
YLYGRCRTV	10	1		248	2.1	0.0008	0.0097	0.0001	0	0
SLQLVFGIDV	10	1		150	2.1	0.0028	0.0047	0.0013	0.0001	0.0001
YMPKTFGLII	10	1		188	2.1	<0.0008	0.0007	0	0	0.050
ALGHVVCQRA	10	1		22	A2.1	0.0011	0.0002	0.0003	0	0
EWELSVMEV	11	1		213	A2.1	0.0007	0.013	0.0001	0.0001	0
FLIIVLVMIAM	11	1			A2.1	0.023	0.0031	0.016	0.0014	0.0011
VIPHMSSCGV	11	1		257	2.1	<0.0009	1.4	0	0	0
CLLSCPRAVI	11	1			A2.1	0.079	0.0017	0.058	0.0005	0.0008
QIMPTKTFGLII	11	1		187	2.1	<0.0009	0.0003	0	0	0.0030
GFLLAYRA	9	1						0.0004	0.0002	
CFPEIFGKA	9	1						0	0	
FFPFLSREA	9	1						0	0	
FFPFLSREA	9	1						0	0	
SSLCKPPEA	10	1						0.0001	0.0008	

Sequence	AA Strain	Msg Strain	Mol.	Pos.	Motif	A1	A2.1	A3.2	A11	A24
ETLNGPRALA	10	1						0	0	
RFFPPLREA	10	1						0.0004	0	
FPPPLREA	10	1						0	0	

Sequence	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Position	Motif	A1 Binding	A2 Binding	A3 Binding	A11 Binding	A24 Binding	Max. Binding
ALFLGLGAA	HIV	MN	gp160	518	A02	---	0.4950	---	---	---	0.4950
HLQLTYMGI	HIV	MN	gp160	566	A02	---	0.2450	---	---	---	0.2450
RVIEVLQRA	HIV	MN	gp160	829	A02	---	0.1963	---	---	---	0.1963
KLPLCVTL	HIV	MN	gp160	120	A02	---	0.1600	---	---	---	0.1600
LLIAARIVEL	HIV	MN	gp160	776	A02	---	0.1550	---	---	---	0.1550
SLNATDIAV	HIV	MN	gp160	814	A02	---	0.1050	---	---	---	0.1050
ALFLGLGA	HIV	MN	gp160	518	A02	---	0.0945	---	---	---	0.0945
HLQLTYMGI	HIV	MN	gp160	565	A02	---	0.0677	---	---	---	0.0677
LLNATDIAV	HIV	MN	gp160	815	A02	---	0.0607	---	---	---	0.0607
ALLYKLDIV	HIV	MN	gp160	179	A02	---	0.0362	---	---	---	0.0362
WLWYIKIFI	HIV	MN	gp160	630	A02	---	0.0355	---	---	---	0.0355
TLIVHLNESV	HIV	MN	gp160	288	A02	---	0.0350	---	---	---	0.0350
LLQYHSQEL	HIV	MN	gp160	800	A02	---	0.0265	---	---	---	0.0265
IMVGLVGL	HIV	MN	gp160	687	A02	---	0.0252	---	---	---	0.0252
LLYKLDIVSI	HIV	MN	gp160	180	A02	---	0.0245	---	---	---	0.0245
FLAIIWDL	HIV	MN	gp160	753	A02	---	0.0233	---	---	---	0.0233
TLQCKIKQII	HIV	MN	gp160	415	A02	---	0.0200	---	---	---	0.0200
GLVGLRIVFA	HIV	MN	gp160	692	A02	---	0.0195	---	---	---	0.0195
FLGAAGSTM	HIV	MN	gp160	523	A02	---	0.0190	---	---	---	0.0190
TLSLMDQSL	HIV	MN	gp160	107	A02	---	0.0179	---	---	---	0.0179
TWGTLQLQA	HIV	MN	gp160	570	A02	---	0.0150	---	---	---	0.0150
LIGRRGNEV	HIV	MN	gp160	785	A02	---	0.0142	---	---	---	0.0142
AVLSTVNRV	HIV	MN	gp160	701	A02	---	0.0132	---	---	---	0.0132



Sequence	Antigen	Strain	Molecule	Position	Motif	A1 Binding	A2 Binding	A3 Binding	A11 Binding	A24 Binding	Max. Binding
FINIVGGLV	HIV	MN	gp160	686	A02	---	0.0131	---	---	---	0.0131
ILNATDIAVA	HIV	MN	gp160	815	A02	---	0.0117	---	---	---	0.0117
FLYGALLLA	PLP	Human	---	80	A02	---	1.9000	---	---	---	1.9000
SLLTFMTAA	PLP	Human	---	253	A02	---	0.5300	---	---	---	0.5300
FMTAATYNFAV	PLP	Human	---	257	A02	---	0.4950	---	---	---	0.4950
RYGVGLPW1	PLP	Human	---	205	A02	---	0.1650	---	---	---	0.1650
TAATYNFAV	PLP	Human	---	259	A02	---	0.0540	---	---	---	0.0540
GLLECCARCLV	PLP	Human	---	2	A02	---	0.0515	---	---	---	0.0515
YALTVMVLL	PLP	Human	---	157	A02	---	0.0415	---	---	---	0.0415
ALTVVMVLLV	PLP	Human	---	158	A02	---	0.0390	---	---	---	0.0390
FLYGALLL	PLP	Human	---	80	A02	---	0.0345	---	---	---	0.0345
SLCADARMYGV	PLP	Human	---	199	A02	---	0.0140	---	---	---	0.0140
LLVFACSAV	PLP	Human	---	164	A02	---	0.0107	---	---	---	0.0107

Table 10

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	YIFATCLGL	MAGE 3 169
9	IMPKTGFLI	MAGE 1 188
10	IMPKTGFLII	MAGE 1 188
15	MLGSVVGNGWQYFFPV	MAGE 3 POL 75
9	VMPKTGLLI	MAGE 2 188
9	IMPKAGLLI	MAGE 3 188
10	IMPKAGLLII	MAGE 3 188
9	RLWHYPCTV	HCV Env2 614
9	RLWHYPCTI	HCV Env2 614
9	FLLADARI	HCV Env2
9	GVWPLLLLL	HCV Env2 792
9	GMWPLLLLL	HCV Env2 792
9	YLNTPGLPV	HCV NS3/NS4 1542
9	YMNTFGLPV	HCV NS3/NS4 1542
9	VILDSFDPL	HCV NS5 2251
9	ILMTHFFSI	HCV NS5 2843
9	ILMTHFFSV	HCV NS5 2843
9	LMAVVLASL	gp100 606
9	SLSLGFLL	PAP 13
10	YMIMVKCWMi	c-ErbB2 952
10	GLHGQDLFGI	PAP 196
9	AILSVSSFL	P. falciparum CSP 6
9	GLIMVLSFL	P. falciparum CSP 425
9	VLLGGVGLV	P. falciparum EXP-1 91
9	GLLGNVSTV	P. falciparum EXP-1 83
9	LLGNVSTVL	P. falciparum EXP-1 84
9	VLAGLLGNV	P. falciparum EXP-1 80

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	KILSVFFLA	P. falciparum EXP-1 2
9	FLIFFDLFL	P. falciparum TRAP 14
9	LIFFDLFLV	P. falciparum TRAP 15
9	FMKAVCVEV	P. falciparum TRAP 230
9	LLMDCSGSI	P. falciparum TRAP 51
10	ILSVSSFLFV	P. falciparum CSP 7
10	VLLGGVGLVL	P. falciparum EXP-1 91
10	GLLGNVSTVL	P. falciparum EXP-1 83
10	FLIFFDLFLV	P. falciparum TRAP 14
10	GLALLACAGL	P. falciparum TRAP 507
9	KIWEELSMML	MAGE2 220
9	TLMSAMTNL	Prost.Ca PAP 112
9	LLLARAASL	Prost.Ca PAP 6
9	ALDVYNGLL	Prost.Ca PAP 299
9	VTWIGAAPL	PSA 8
10	ALIETSYVKV	MAGE2 277
10	SLSLGFLFLL	Prost.Ca PAP 13
10	RTLMSAMTNL	PAP 111
10	FLPSDFFPSV(CONH2)	HBc 18-27
10	FLPSDFFPSV-NH2	HBc 18-27
9	ILGFVFILT-NH2	Flu Matrix 59-67
10	KGILGFVFILT-NH2	Flu Matrix 57-66
11	FLPSDFFPSVR	HBc 18-28
9	FLPSDFFPS	HBc 18-26
9	GILGKVFTL	Flu Matrix 58-66 analog
9	FLSKQYLNL	HBV polymerase
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
9	KLQCVPLHV	PSA 166-174 P/D
9	KLYEIVAKV	A2.1 consensus
9	KLAEYVAKV	A2.1 consensus
9	KLAEIVYKV	A2.1 consensus
9	TLTSCNTSV	HIV gp 120 env. RE trans. 197
9	ALMEKIYQV	A2.1 consensus peptide
9	ALSEKIYQV	A2.1 consensus peptide
9	FLMSYFPSV	941.01 9-mer analog
9	FLPSYFPSV	941.01 9-mer analog
10	FLMSDYFPSV	941.01 M2 analog
9	FLYCYFALV	Chiron consensus
9	FMYCYFALV	Chiron consensus
10	SLVGFGILCV	Chiron consensus
10	SLMGCGLFWV	Chiron consensus
8	GLLGPLL	HBVadr-ENV
9	AMAKAAAAI	A2.1 poly-A
10	MMWYWGPSLY	HBV
9	FLPSYFPSA	analog of 994.02: chiron comb
9	FAPSYFPSV	analog of 994.02: chiron comb
9	FLPSYFPSS	analog of 994.02: chiron comb
9	FSPSYFPSV	analog of 994.02: chiron comb
9	IMPKTGFLI	MAGE-1
9	VADLVGFL	MAGE-1
11	ETWEELSVMEV	MAGE-1
11	FLIIVLMIAM	MAGE-1
11	VIPHAMSSCGV	MAGE-1
11	CILESCFRAVI	MAGE-1
9	YIFATCLGL	MAGE3

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	YFATCLGL	MAGE3
11	KMVELVVRHLLL	MAGE2 112-122
11	HLFIYATCLGL	MAGE3 174-184
9	GLQDCTMLV	HCV NSS 2727-2735
8	TLGIVSPI	HPV, analog of 1088.01
8	TLGIVXPI	HPV, analog of 1088.01
10	FLLAQFTSAI	HBV POL 513
11	VLLDYQGMLPV	HBV env
11	CILLCLIFLL	HBV env
9	FLGGSPVCL	HBV env
11	TVIEYLVSGV	HBV core 114-124
11	TVLEYLVSGV	HBV core 114-124
10	FLLAQFTSAI	HBV pol
9	GLYSSTVPI	HBV pol
9	GLYSSTAPI	HBV pol
9	GLDVLTAKV	HIV form VIN.
9	RILGAVAKV	HIV form VIN.
9	LLFGYPVYV	HTLV, tax 11-19
9	ALFGYPVYV	tax 11-19, SAAS
9	LLFGAPVYV	tax 11-19, SAAS
9	LLFGYAVYV	tax 11-19, SAAS
9	LLFGYPVAV	tax 11-19, SAAS
9	AAGIGILTV	MART1 27-35
9	GILTVILGV	MART1 31-39
9	ILTVILGVL	MART1 32-40
9	VILGVLLLI	MART1 35-43
9	ALMDKSLHV	MART1 56-64
10	TVILGVLLLI	MART1
10	LLDGTATLRL	MART1
10	ILSVSSPLFV	Plas. falcip. CSA-A 7-16
9	GLIMVLSFL	Plas. falcip. CSA-A 401-409

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AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	IMVLSFLFL	Plas. falcip. CSA-A 403-411
10	FLIFFDLFLV	Plas. falcip. TRAP-A 14-23
9	FMKAVCDEV	Plas. falcip. TRAP-A 200-207
9	IMPGQEAGL	gp100
9	GLGQVPLIV	gp100
9	LMAVVLASL	gp100
9	RLMKQDFSV	gp100
9	HLAVIGALL	gp100
9	LLAVGATKV	gp100
9	MLGTHTEV	gp100
10	LLDGTATLRL	gp100
10	VLYRYGSFSV	gp100
10	VLPSACQLV	gp100
10	SLADTNSLAV	gp100
10	VLMAVVLASL	gp100
10	LMAVVLASLI	gp100
10	RLDCWRGGQV	gp100
10	AMLGTHTEV	gp100
10	ALDGGNKHFL	gp100
9	YLEPGPVTA	gp100
10	LLNATALAVA	
11	SLLNATALAVA	
9	KTWGQYWQV	gp100
9	ITDQVPFSV	gp100
9	YLEPGPVTA	gp100
10	LLDGTATLRL	gp100
10	VLYRYGSFSV	gp100
10	ALDGGNKHFL	gp100
9	GILTVILGV	MART1 31-39
9	YMNGTMSQV	Human Tyrosinase
9	MLLAVLYBL	Human Tyrosinase
9	LLWSFQTSA	Human Tyrosinase

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	YLTAKHTI	Human Tyrosinase
9	FLPWHRLFL	Human Tyrosinase
9	FLLRWEQEI	Human Tyrosinase
9	RIRSWLLGA	Human Tyrosinase
9	LLGAAMVGA	Human Tyrosinase
9	AMVGAVLTA	Human Tyrosinase
9	VLTAALLAGL	Human Tyrosinase
9	ALLAGLVSL	Human Tyrosinase
9	LLAGLVSL	Human Tyrosinase
10	BLLWSFQTS	Human Tyrosinase
10	WMHYVVSMDA	Human Tyrosinase
10	FLPWHRLFL	Human Tyrosinase
10	WLLGAAMVGA	Human Tyrosinase
10	AMVGAVLTAL	Human Tyrosinase
10	VLTAALLAGLV	Human Tyrosinase
10	TALLAGLVSL	Human Tyrosinase
10	ALLAGLVSL	Human Tyrosinase
9	NLTDALLQV	P. falciparum SSP2 132
9	SAWENVKNV	P. falciparum SSP2 218
10	FLIFFDLFLV	P. falciparum SSP2 14
9	NLNDNAIHL	P. falciparum SSP2 80
10	YLLMDCSGSI	P. falciparum SSP2 51
9	TLQDVSLEV	controls

Table 11

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	ALYWFRTGI	HPV 6b/11 E1 319
	LLDGNPMSI	HPV 6b/11 E1 540
9	NAWGMVLLV	HPV 6b/11 E1 270
9	SLYAHIQWL	HPV 6b/11 E1 260
9	TLIKCPPLL	HPV 6b/11 E1 556
9	GIYDALFDI	PSMAg 707
9	YLSGANLNL	CEA 605
9	VLYGPDPTI	CEA 589
9	IMIGVLGV	CEA 691
9	LLTFWNPPT	CEA 24
9	KLTEMVQWA	HPV 6b/11 E1 357
9	YMDTYMRNL	HPV 6b/11 E1 532
10	NLLDGNPMSI	HPV 6b/11 E1 539
10	SLYAHIQWLT	HPV 6b/11 E1 260
10	TLIKCPLLV	HPV 6b/11 E1 556
10	MVFELANSIV	PSMAg 583
10	YLWWVNNQSL	CEA 176
10	YLWWVNNQSL	CEA 354
10	YLWWVNGQSL	CEA 532
10	GIMIGVLGV	CEA 690
10	VLYGPDAPT	CEA 233
10	KLIEPLSLYA	HPV 6b/11 E1 254
10	WLCAGALVLA	PSMAg 20
10	IMIGVLGVVA	CEA 691



AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	YLYQLSPPI	HTLV-1 tax 155
9	LLFEEYTNl	HTLV-1 tax 307
9	QLGAFLTNV	HTLV-1 tax 178
9	TLTAWQNGl	HTLV-1 tax 226
9	ALQFLIPRL	HTLV-1 tax 67
9	TLGQHLPtL	HTLV-1 tax 123
9	FAFKDLFVV	HPV 18 E6 47
9	RLQLLFRA	GCDFF-15 2
9	CMVVKTYLI	GCDFF-15 65
9	LLLVLCLQL	GCDFF-15 15
9	ILYAHlQCL	HPV18 E1 266
9	SLACSWG MV	HPV16 E1 266
9	CLYLHIQSL	HPV16 E1 259
9	YLVSP LSI	HPV16 E1 90
9	VMFLRYQGV	HPV16 E1 443
9	KLLSKLLCV	HPV16 E1 292
9	ALDGNPISI	HPV18 E1 546
9	AVFKD TYGL	HPV18 E1 216
9	LLTTNINPA	HPV18 E1 570
9	LLQQYCLYL	HPV16 E1 254

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	AMLAKFKE	HPV16 E1 206
9	ALDGNLVSM	HPV16 E1 539
9	FLGALKSFL	HPV18 E1 463
9	FIHFIQGAV	HPV18 E1 497
10	TLLLVLCQL	GCDFF-15 14
10	LLFRASPATL	GCDFF-15 6
10	SLMKFLQGSV	HPV16 E1 489
10	SLACSWGMMV	HPV16 E1 266
10	FLQGSVICFV	HPV16 E1 493
10	FIQGAVISFV	HPV18 E1 500
10	KLLCVSPMCM	HPV16 E1 296
10	FILYAHIQCL	HPV18 E1 265
10	FVNSTSHFWL	HPV18 E1 508
10	ILLTTNIHPA	HPV18 E1 569
10	TLLQYCYLYL	HPV16 E1 253
9	GLLGWSPQA	HBV ENV 62
9	GLACHQLCA	HER2/neu
9	ILDEAYVMA	HER2/neu
9	SIISAVVGI	HER2/neu
9	VVLGVVFGI	HER2/neu
9	YMMVVKCWIM	HER2/neu
10	ALCRWGLLLA	HER2/neu
10	QLFEDNYALA	HER2/neu

AA	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
9	HMWNFISGI	HCV consensus
9	VIIQYMDDL	HIV POL 358
9	SLYNTVATL	HIV GAG 77
10	TVWGIKQLQA	HIV ENV 735
9	LLLEAGALV	MSH 99
9	VLETAVGLL	MSH 92
9	CLALSDLLV	MSH 79
9	FLSLGLVSL	MSH 45
9	SLVENALVV	MSH 52
9	AIIDPLIYA	MSH 291
9	FLCWGPFFL	MSH 251
9	FLALICNA	MSH 283
9	TILGIFFL	MSH 244
9	RLGSLNST	MSH 9
9	SLYNTVATL	HIV p17/5B 77-8
9	VIIQYMDDL	HIV RT/50A 346-
9	ILKEPVHGV	HIV RT/TV9 476-

Table 12

PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
1237.01	9	FLWGPQALV
1237.01	9	FLWGPNALV
1237.03	9	FLWGPHALV
1237.04	9	FLWGPKALV
1237.05	9	FLWGPFALV
26.0158	9	AVIGALLAV
26.0172	9	LLHLAVIGA
26.0186	9	SLADTNSLA
26.0192	9	VMGTTLAEM
26.0240	9	LLAVLYCLL
26.0383	10	FLRNQPLTFA
26.0390	10	HLAVIGALLA
26.0395	10	LAVIGALLAV
26.0418	10	TLAEMSTPEA
26.0423	10	YLAEDLSYT
26.0497	10	MLLAVLYCLL
183.10	10	VLRYGFSV
27.0007	9	ILSSLGLPV
27.0012	9	LLFLGVVFL
27.0019	9	GLYGAQYDV
27.0022	9	FVVALPLV
27.0023	9	GLMTAVYLV
27.0027	9	ALVLLMLPV
27.0028	9	ILLSIARVV
27.0029	9	SLYFGGICV
27.0030	9	QLIPCMDVV
27.0031	9	VLQQSTYQL
27.0032	9	AIHNVVHAI
27.0034	9	GLHGVGVSV
27.0035	9	GLVDFVKHI
27.0036	9	LLFRFMRPL
27.0038	9	LWLPGMNGI
27.0043	9	TVLRFVPL
27.0044	9	MLGNAPSVV
27.0050	9	YLDIALMSV
27.0064	9	RMPEAAPPV

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PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
27.0088	9	FLLPDAQSI
27.0083	9	MTYAAPLFV
27.0088	9	LLPLGYPFV
27.0089	9	GLYYLTTEV
27.0090	9	MALLRLPLV
27.0091	9	RLPLVLPV
27.0093	9	RMFAANLGV
27.0095	9	RLDDTPEV
27.0096	9	YLYVHSPAL
27.0100	9	GLYLSQIAV
27.0101	9	YLSQIAVLL
27.0102	9	SLAGFVRML
27.0137	10	ATYDKGILTV
27.0146	10	KIFMLVTAVV
27.0151	10	FLLADERVRV
27.0153	10	MLATDLSLRV
27.0154	10	RLQPQVGWEV
27.0161	10	FLMPVEDVFI
27.0165	10	RMSRVTTFTV
27.0168	10	LALVLLMLPV
27.0169	10	ALVLLMLPVV
27.0170	10	GVSGILLSI
27.0171	10	SLYFGGICVI
27.0173	10	QLIPCMDVVL
27.0181	10	LLFRFMRPLI
27.0183	10	VLLDDGGVEV
27.0184	10	AMPAYNWMTV
27.0186	10	GLAGTVLRFV
27.0188	10	VLIAGRFPI
27.0189	10	FLTCDANLAV
27.0197	10	ALAWGAWGEV
27.0204	10	LLLETSWEAI
27.0217	10	RMPEAAPPPVA
27.0223	10	WMAETTLGRV
27.0226	10	AMALLRLPLV
27.0229	10	FMSLAGFVRM
27.0266	11	SLITEVETVYL

PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
27.0268	11	GILGFVFTLV
27.0269	11	VLDVGDYFVS
27.0272	11	KIWEELSMLEV
27.0272	11	STLVEVTLGEV
27.0273	11	GLAPPQHLIRV
27.0274	11	HLIRVEGNLRV
27.0005	9	YLLALRYLA
27.0013	9	GLYRQWALA
27.0017	9	LLWQDPVPA
27.0040	9	ALLSDWLPA
27.0045	9	WLLIDTSNA
27.0046	9	MLASTLTDA
27.0081	9	YLSEGDMAA
27.0094	9	LLACAVIHA
27.0144	10	LLCCSGVATA
27.0191	10	LLATVFKLTA
27.0192	10	KLTADGVLT
27.0195	10	GLGGLGLFFA
28.0064	8	TLGVXPI
28.0065	8	ALGTTXYA
28.0293	9	FLLTRILTV
28.0294	9	ALMPLYACV
28.0295	9	LLAQFTSAV
28.0296	9	LLPFVQWVF
28.0297	9	FLLAQFTSV
28.0298	9	KLHLYSHPV
28.0299	9	KFLYSHPI
28.0300	9	LLSSNLSWV
28.0301	9	FLLSLGIHV
28.0302	9	MMWYWGFSV
28.0303	9	VLQAGFFLV
28.0304	9	PLLPFFCV
28.0305	9	FLLPIFFCL
28.0306	9	VLLDYQGMV
28.0307	9	YMDDVVLGV
28.0308	9	YMFDDVVLGA
28.0309	9	GLLGWSPQV

PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
28.0342	9	YMIMVKXWM
28.0343	9	YIFATXLGL
28.0345	9	SLHXPPEA
28.0346	9	ALGLVXVQA
28.0348	9	LLMDXSGSI
28.0349	9	FAFRDLXIV
28.0352	9	GTLGIVXPI
28.0353	9	TLGIVXPIX
28.0354	9	LLWFHISXL
28.0355	9	KLTPXLVTL
28.0356	9	ALVEIXTEM
28.0357	9	LTFGWXFKL
28.0359	9	KLQXVDLHV
28.0360	9	FMKAVXVEV
28.0361	9	LLQQYXLYL
28.0362	9	XLVLIHQSL
28.0363	9	SLAXSWGVM
28.0364	9	ILYAHIQXL
28.0365	9	KLLSKLLXV
28.0366	9	PLLPFFXL
28.0367	9	TLIKXPPLL
28.0368	9	ALMPLYAXI
28.0370	9	XILESIFRA
28.0609	10	FLLAQFTSAV
28.0610	10	YLHTLWKAGV
28.0611	10	YLFTLWKAGI
28.0612	10	YLLTLWKAGI
28.0613	10	LLFYQGMLPV
28.0614	10	LLLYQGMLPV
28.0615	10	LLVLQAQFFV
28.0616	10	ILLCLIFLV
28.0650	10	ALXRWGLLL
28.0651	10	KLPDLXTEL
28.0652	10	HLVQGXQVV
28.0653	10	XILESIFRA
28.0654	10	KLQXVDLHV
28.0655	10	YIFATXLGL

PEPTIDE NO.	PEPTIDE LENGTH	SEQUENCE
F111.07	9	SLYNTVATL
F111.02	9	ALYNTVATL
F111.04	9	SLANTVATL
F111.06	9	SLFNAVATL
F111.07	9	SLFNLLATL
F111.06	9	SLFNIAVL
F111.11	9	SLFNAVAVL
F111.09	9	SLFNTIVVL
F111.12	9	SLFNIAVL
F111.13	9	SLFNTVAVL
F111.14	9	SLFNTVCVI
F111.15	9	SLHNTVATL
F111.17	9	SLHNTVAVL
F111.18	9	SLYATVATL
F111.19	9	SLYNAVATL
F111.21	9	SLYNTAATL
F111.22	9	SLYNTIAVL
F111.23	9	SLYNTSATL
F111.25	9	SLYNTVAVL
F111.26	9	SLYNTVATA
F111.27	9	SLYNTIAVL
F111.28	9	SLYNLVAVL
F111.29	9	SLFNLLAVL
F111.32	9	SLFNTVVTL
F111.34	9	SLYNTVAAL
1039.031	9	MMWYWGPSL
1211.40	10	SLLNATAIAV
	10	TIHDIILECV
	9	FAFRDLCLIV
	9	GTLGIVCPI
	9	TLGIVCPIC



Table 13

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	IPQSLDSWW	HBV ENV 191
9	IPIPSSWAF	HBV ENV 313
9	TPARVTGGV	HBV POL 365
9	LPIFFCLWV	HBV ENV 379
9	HPAAMPHELL	HBV POL 440
9	FPHCLAFSY	HBV POL 541
9	DPSRGRGLGL	HBV POL 789
9	QPRGRRQPI	HCV Core 57
9	SPRGSRPSW	HCV Core 99
9	DPRRRSRNL	HCV Core 111
9	LPGCSFSIF	HCV Core 168
9	YPCTVNFTI	HCV E2 622
9	LPALSTGLI	HCV E2 681
9	HPNIEEVAL	HCV NS3 1358
9	SPGALVVG	HCV NS4 1887

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	SPGQ RVEFL	HCV NS5 2615
9	APTLWARM I	HCV NS5 2835
9	FPRIWLHJL	HIV VPR 34
9	SPTRELQV	HIV POL 37
9	FPVRPQVPL	HIV NEF 84
9	RPQVPLRPM	HIV NEF 87
9	KPCVKLTPL	HIV ENV 123
9	SPRTLNAWV	HIV GAG 153
9	FPISPIETV	HIV POL 171
9	SPAIFQSSM	HIV POL 327
9	NPDIVIQY	HIV POL 346
9	GPGHKARVL	HIV GAG 360
9	LPEKDSWTV	HIV POL 417
9	YPLASLRSL	HIV GAG 507
9	VPRRKAKII	HIV POL 991
9	TPTLHEYML	HPV16 E7 5
9	KPLNPAEKL	HPV18 E6 110
9	NPAEKLRLH	HPV18 E6 113
9	VPISHLYIL	MAGE2 170
9	MPKTGLLII	MAGE2 196

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	DPACYEFLW	MAGE2 265
9	EPHISYPPL	MAGE2 296
9	YPPLHERAL	MAGE2 301
9	LPTTMNYPL	MAGE3 71
9	DPIGHLIYIF	MAGE3 170
9	MPKAGLLII	MAGE3 196
9	GPHISYPPL	MAGE3 296
9	HPSDGKCNL	P. falciparum S
9	RPRGDNFAV	P. falciparum S
9	QPRPRGDNF	P. falciparum S
9	LPNDKSDRY	P. falciparum S
10	LPLDKGIKPY	HBV POL 123
10	TPARVTGGVF	HBV POL 365
10	FPHCLAFSYM	HBV POL 541
10	LPRRGPRLGV	HCV Core 37
10	APLGGAARAL	HCV Core 142
10	LPGCSFSIFL	HCV Core 168
10	VPASQVCGPV	HCV E2 497
10	YPCTVNFITF	HCV E2 622

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
10	SPLLLSTTEW	HCV E2 663
10	RPSGMFDSSV	HCV NS3 1506
10	LPVCQDHLEF	HCV NS3 1547
10	KPTLHGPTPL	HCV NS3 1614
10	TPLLYRLGAV	HCV NS3 1621
10	NPAIASLMAF	HCV NS4 1783
10	LPAILSPGAL	HCV NS4 1882
10	SPGALVVGVV	HCV NS4 1887
10	APTLWARMIL	HCV NS5 2835
10	IPVGEIYKRW	HIV GAG 261
10	YPLASLRSLF	HIV GAG 507
10	APTKAKRRVV	HIV ENV 547
10	VPISHLYILV	MAGE2 170
10	MPKTGLLIIV	MAGE2 196
10	HPRKLLMQDL	MAGE2 241
10	LPTTMNYPLW	MAGE3 71
10	MPKAGLLIIV	MAGE3 196

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
10	IPYSPLSPKV	P. falciparum S
10	TPYAGEPAPF	P. falciparum S
9	FPDHQLDPA	HBV ENV 14
9	YPALMPLYA	HBV POL 640
9	LPVCAFSSA	HBV X 58
9	APLGGARA	HCV 142
9	DPTTPLARA	HCV 2806
9	FPYLVA YQA	HCV 1582
9	LPAILSPGA	HCV 1882
9	NPAIASLMA	HCV 1783
9	TPIDTTIMA	HCV 2551
9	TPLL YRLGA	HCV 1621
9	WPLLLLLLA	HCV 793
9	NPYNTPVFA	HIV POL 225
9	APLLARAA	PAP 4
9	HPQWVLTA	PSA 52
10	IPISSWAFA	HBV ENV 313
10	TPPAYRPPNA	HBV NUC 128
10	APFTQCGYPA	HBV POL 633
10	LPIHTAELLA	HBV POL 712
10	GPCALRFTSA	HBV X 67

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
10	DPITPLARAA	HCV 2806
10	IPQAVVDMVA	HCV 339
10	LPCSFTTLPA	HCV 674
10	QPEKGGRKPA	HCV 2567
10	VHPNIEEVA	HCV 1356
10	IPAETGQETA	HIV POL 820
10	LPQGWKGSPA	HIV POL 320
10	FPDLESEFQA	MAGE2/3 98
10	DPIGHLYIFA	MAGE3 170
9	EPLSLYAH	HPV 6b/11 E1 2
9	PPLLVTSTNI	HPV 6b/11 E1 5
9	SPRLDAIKL	HPV 6b/11 E1 1
9	TPKKNCIAI	HPV 6b/11 E1 4
9	FPFDRNGNA	HPV 6b/11 E1 5
10	CPPLLVTSTNI	HPV 6b/11 E1 5
10	FPFDRNGNAV	HPV 6b/11 E1 5
8	GPLLVLQA	HBV ENV 173
8	IPIPSSWA	HBV ENV 313

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
8	VPFVQWV	HBV ENV 340
8	LPIFFCLW	HBV ENV 379
8	RPPNAPIL	HBV NUC 133
8	MPLSYQHF	HBV POL 1
8	HPAAMPHL	HBV POL 429
8	SPFLLAQF	HBV POL 511
8	YPALMPY	HBV POL 640
8	SPTYKAFL	HBV POL 659
8	VPSALNPA	HBV POL 769
8	HPvhAGPI	HIV con. GAG
8	GPGvRyPL	HIV con. NEF
8	SPIETVPV	HIV con. POL
8	NPYNTPVF	HIV con. POL
8	LPIKETW	HIV con. POL

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
8	VPRRKaKi	HIV con. POL
8	VpLQLPPI	HIV con. REV
8	VPLAMKLI	P. falciparum
8	LPYGRTNL	P. falciparum
8	RPRGDNFA	P. falciparum
8	IPQQEPNI	P. falciparum
8	TPFAGEPA	P. falciparum
9	SPINTIAEA	HPV 6b E1 93
9	SPISNVANA	HPV 11 E1 93
9	SPRLDAIKL	HPV 6b/11 E1 1
9	EPLSLYAHl	HPV 6b/11 E1 2
9	EPPKIQSGV	HPV 6b/11 E1 3
9	IPFLTKFKL	HPV 6b E1 455
9	TPKKNCIAI	HPV 6b/11 E1 4
9	QPLTDAKVA	HPV 11 E1 512
9	PPLLVTsNI	HPV 6b/11 E1 5



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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	FPFDRNGNA	HPV 6b/11 E1 5
9	APLILSRIV	PSA 14
9	HPEDTGQVF	PSA 78
9	HPLYDMSLL	PSA 94
9	HPQKVTKFM	PSA 184
9	GPLVCNGVL	PSA 211
9	RPSLYTKVV	PSA 235
9	FPPEGVSIW	PAP 124
9	NPILLWQPI	PAP 133
9	LPFRNCPRF	PAP 156
9	IPSYKKLIM	PAP 277
9	LPPYASCHL	PAP 307
9	SPSCPLERF	PAP 348
9	CPLERFAEL	PAP 351
9	GPTLIGANA	gp100 74
9	LPDGQVIWV	gp100 97
9	VPLAHSSSA	gp100 198
9	QPLTFALQL	gp100 236
9	DPSGYLAEA	gp100 246
9	EPGPVTAQV	gp100 282
9	MPTAESTGM	gp100 366
9	TPAEVSIVV	gp100 401
9	LPKEACMEI	gp100 520
9	LPSPACQLV	gp100 545
9	VPLIVGILL	gp100 596
9	LPHSSSHWL	gp100 630

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	CPIGENSPL	gp100 647
9	SPLLSGQQV	gp100 653
9	MPREDAHFI	MART1 1
9	APLGPQFPF	Tyrosinase 6
9	IPIGTYGQM	Tyrosinase 1
9	TPMFNDINI	Tyrosinase 1
9	LPWHRLFLL	Tyrosinase 2
9	IPYWDWRDA	Tyrosinase 2
9	SPASFFSSW	Tyrosinase 2
9	LPSSADVEF	Tyrosinase 3
9	SPLTGIADA	Tyrosinase 3
9	DPIFLLHHA	Tyrosinase 3
9	IPLYRNGDF	Tyrosinase 4
9	YPELPKPSI	CEA 141
9	LPVSPRLQL	CEA 185
9	LPVSPRLQL	CEA 363
9	NPPAQYSWL	CEA 442
9	LPVSPRLQL	CEA 541
9	IPQHTQVL	CEA 632
9	NPPAQYSWF	CEA 264
9	LPSIPVHPI	Prost.Ca PSM
9	IPVHPIGYY	Prost.Ca PSM
9	RPFYRHVIY	Prost.Ca PSM
9	TPKHNMKAF	Prost.Ca PSM
9	FPGIYDALF	Prost.Ca PSM
9	RPRWLCAGA	Prost.Ca PSM
9	DPLTPGYPA	Prost.Ca PSM

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	RPRRTILFA	Prost. Ca PSM
9	LPFDCRDYA	Prost. Ca PSM
9	LPIHTAELL	HBV POL 712
10	GPDAPTISPL	CEA 236
10	IPQQHTQVLF	CEA 632
10	QPIPVHTVPL	Prost. Ca PAP
10	HPYKDFIATL	Prost. Ca PAP
10	LPGCSPSCPL	Prost. Ca PAP
10	LPSWATEDTM	Prost. Ca PAP
10	VPLSEDQLLY	Prost. Ca PAP
10	FPHPLYDMSL	Prost. Ca PSA
10	RPGDDSSHD	Prost. Ca PSA
10	HPQKVTKFML	Prost. Ca PSA
10	LPFDCRDYAV	Prost. Ca PSM
10	YPNKTHPNYI	Prost. Ca PSM
10	SPEFSGMPRI	Prost. Ca PSM
10	RPRWLCAGAL	Prost. Ca PSM
10	TPKHNMKAFL	Prost. Ca PSM
10	RPFYRHVIYA	Prost. Ca PSM
10	HPAAMPHELLV	HBV POL 429
9	SPREGPLPA	HER2/neu 1151
9	KPDLSYMPI	HER2/neu 605
9	HPPPAFSPA	HER2/neu 1208

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	GPLPAARPA	HER2/neu 1155
9	APQPHPPPA	HER2/neu 1204
9	EPLTPSGAM	HER2/neu 698
9	LPTHDPSPPL	HER2/neu 1101
9	DPLNNTTPV	HER2/neu 121
9	SPLTSIISA	HER2/neu 649
9	SPKANKEIL	HER2/neu 760
9	LPTNASLSF	HER2/neu 65
9	CPSGVKPD L	HER2/neu 600
9	SPLAPSEGA	HER2/neu 1073
9	MPNQAQMRI	HER2/neu 706
9	LPAARPAGA	HER2/neu 1157
9	LPQPPICTI	HER2/neu 941
9	SPAFDNLVY	HER2/neu 1214

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	TPTAENPEY	HER2/neu 1240
9	LPSETDGYV	HER2/neu 1120
10	LPTNASLSFL	HER2/neu 65
10	CPAEQRASPL	HER2/neu 642
10	KPCARVCYGL	HER2/neu 336
10	APQPHPPPAF	HER2/neu 1204
10	SPGGLRELQL	HER2/neu 133
10	SPLTSIISAV	HER2/neu 649
10	MPNQAQMRIL	HER2/neu 706
10	SPYVSRLGI	HER2/neu 779
10	HPPPAFSPAF	HER2/neu 1208
10	SPREGPLPAA	HER2/neu 1151
10	NPHQALLHTA	HER2/neu 488
10	MPYGCLLDHV	HER2/neu 801

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
10	GPASPLDSTF	HER2/neu 995
9	LPTTLFQPV	HTLV-I tax 21
9	IPPSFLQAM	HTLV-I tax 10
9	FPGFGQSL	HTLV-I tax 4
9	WPLLPHVIF	HTLV-I tax 16
9	SPPITWPLL	HTLV-I tax 16
9	VPYKRIEEL	HTLV-I tax 18
9	RPQONLYTLW	HTLV-I tax 13
9	CPKDGQPSL	HTLV-I tax 26
9	RPNDEVTAV	GCDFF-15 47
9	SPATLLLV	GCDFF-15 11
9	WPYLHNRLV	HPV16 E1 576
9	QPFILYAH	HPV18 E1 263
9	SPRLKAICI	HPV16 E1 107

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A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	SPLGERLEV	HPV18 E1 97
9	SPRLQEISL	HPV18 E1 110
9	RPIVQFLRY	HPV18 E1 447
10	WPYLHNRLVV	HPV16 E1 576
10	WPYLESRITV	HPV18 E1 583
10	QPPKLRSSVA	HPV18 E1 315
10	EPPKLRSTAA	HPV16 E1 308
9	DPSRGRLGL	HBV POL 778
9	HPAAMPPLL	HBV POL 429
9	IPISSWAF	HBV ENV 313
10	TPARVTGGVF	HBV POL 354
10	FPHCLAFSYM	HBV POL 530
9	LPVCAFSSA	HBV X 58
9	YPALMPLYA	HBV POL 640
9	APLLLARA	PAP 4

A	SEQUENCE	SOURCE
A		
9	HPQWVLTA	PSA 52
9	HPSDGKCNL	Pf SSP2 206
9	RPRGDNFAV	Pf SSP2 305
9	QPRPRGDNF	Pf SSP2 303
10	TPYAGEPAPF	Pf SSP2 539
9	GPHISYPPL	MAGE3 296
9	YPPLHERAL	MAGE2 301
9	VPISHLYIL	MAGE2 170
9	EPHISYPPL	MAGE2 296
9	LPTTMNYPL	MAGE3 71
9	MPKAGLLII	MAGE3 196
10	HPRKLLMQDL	MAGE2 241

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Table 14

PEPTIDE	AA	SEQUENCE
25.0129	9	LPPLERLTL
26.0445	10	EPGPVTAQVV
26.0445	10	LPRIFCSCPI
26.0449	10	LPSPACQLVL
26.0455	10	VPLAHSSSAF
26.0458	10	VPRNQDWLGV
26.0476	10	APPAYEKLSA
26.0478	10	MPREDAHFY
26.0519	10	APAFLPWHRL
26.0522	10	GPNCTERRLL
26.0523	10	IPLYRNGDFF
26.0529	10	TPRLPSSADV
19.0101	9	TPAEVSIVV
26.0554	11	APFTQCGYPAL
26.0561	11	NPADDP SRGRL
26.0564	11	RPPNAPILSTL
26.0566	11	SPFLLAQFTSA
26.0567	11	SPHHTALRQAI
26.0568	11	TPARVTGGVFL

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A composition comprising an immunogenic peptide having an HLA binding motif, which immunogenic peptide is a peptide shown in Tables 3-14 or a peptide comprising a conservative substitution of a residue in a peptide shown in Table 3-14.
2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the immunogenic peptide is linked to a second oligopeptide.
3. The composition of claim 2, wherein the second oligopeptide is a peptide that induces a helper T response.
4. A composition comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding an immunogenic peptide as shown in Tables 3-14, or a peptide comprising a conservative substitution of a residue of a peptide shown in Table 3-14.
5. The composition of claim 4, wherein the nucleic acid further comprises a sequence encoding a second immunogenic peptide.
6. The composition of claim 4, wherein the nucleic acid further comprises a sequence encoding an oligopeptide that induces a helper T response.
7. A method of inducing a cytotoxic T cell response comprising contacting a cytotoxic T cell with a peptide of claim 1.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US98/05039

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) : A61K 39/00, 39/29; C07K 7/00, 14/02, 14/82

US CL : 424/185.1; 530/300, 328, 350

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 424/185.1; 530/300, 328, 350

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched  
 STN file=reg of first sequence in Table 3. Examiner's MHC/peptide files.

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)  
 STN file=reg sequence search of first sequence in Table 3. STN file=ca of hits on sequence search.

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
T	BRUSS, V. A short linear sequence in the pre-S domain of the large hepatitis B virus envelope protein required from virion formation. J. Virology. December 1997, Vol. 71, No. 12, pages 9350-9357. See entire document	1-3 and 7
Y	PREISLER-ADAMS, S. et al. Complete nucleotide sequence of a hepatitis B virus, subtype adw2, and identification of three types of C open reading frame. Nucleic Acids Res. 1993, Vol. 21, No. 9, page 2258. See entire document.	1-3 and 7
Y	RAMMENSEE, H. et al. Peptides naturally presented by MHC Class I molecules. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 1993, Vol. 11, pages 213-243, see entire article.	1-3 and 7

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	** later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
*A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	*X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
*B* earlier document published on or after the international filing date	*Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combinations being obvious to a person skilled in the art
*L* document which may throw doubt on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*A* document in member of the same patent family
*O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
*P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search 12 MAY 1998	Date of mailing of the international search report 17 JUL 1998
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Authorized officer THOMAS CUNNINGHAM Telephone No. (703) 308-0196 <i>Jab</i> <i>fr</i>

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US98/05039

## C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	ENGELHARD, V. et al. Structure of peptides associated with MHC Class I molecules. Curr. Opin. Immunol. 1994, Vol. 6, pages 13-23, see entire document.	1-3 and 7

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US98/05039**Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)**

This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

**Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)**

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

See attached sheet.

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos. 1-3 and 7.

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  
☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US98/05039

Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

1. This International Search Authority has found 3453 inventions claimed in the International Application covered by the claims indicated below:

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be searched, the appropriate additional search fees must be paid.

Group I, claim(s) 1-3 and 7, drawn to compositions comprising peptides and methods of inducing CTL responses using such compositions. A review of Tables 3-14 indicates there are 2764 structurally different peptides recited.

Group II, claim(s) 4-6, drawn to nucleic acids encoding peptides. Claims 4-6 recite nucleic acids encoding the 2764 different peptides of Tables 3-14.

This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack Unity of Invention because they are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. The species are as follows:

Each of the 2764 different peptides recited by Tables 3-14 and each of the 2764 different nucleic acid sequences encoding the peptides of Tables 3-14.  $2764 + 2764 = 5,528$  total species.

The claims are deemed to correspond to the species listed above in the following manner:

The following claims are generic: claims 1-7 because they encompass all of the peptides or nucleic acid sequences encoding the peptides of Tables 3-14.

The first peptide species recited in Table 3 (FTF...LSK) will be examined. Each additional peptide species requires the payment of a separate fee. To have all the recited peptide species searched requires the payment of 2763 additional fees.

Upon payment for Group II, the Office will examine the first ten (or ten that the Applicant selects) nucleic acid species at no additional cost. Each four species of nucleic acids thereafter requires the payment of a separate fee. To have all the nucleic acid species searched requires the payment of  $(2764-10)/4 = 689$  additional fees.

and it considers that the International Application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention (Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3) for the reasons indicated below:

The inventions listed as Groups I and II do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the peptides of Group I lack the corresponding technical structural and functional features of the nucleic acids of Group II.

The species listed above do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the 5528 different species of peptides recited by Tables 3-14 (or the nucleic acid sequences encoding such peptides) lack the same or corresponding special technical features of common structure and function, source of isolation and amino acid or nucleic acid identity. Each separate species would require a separate prior art search.